

Web of Science (WoS) REGISTRACIJA I PRETRAŽIVANJE - TUTORIJAL

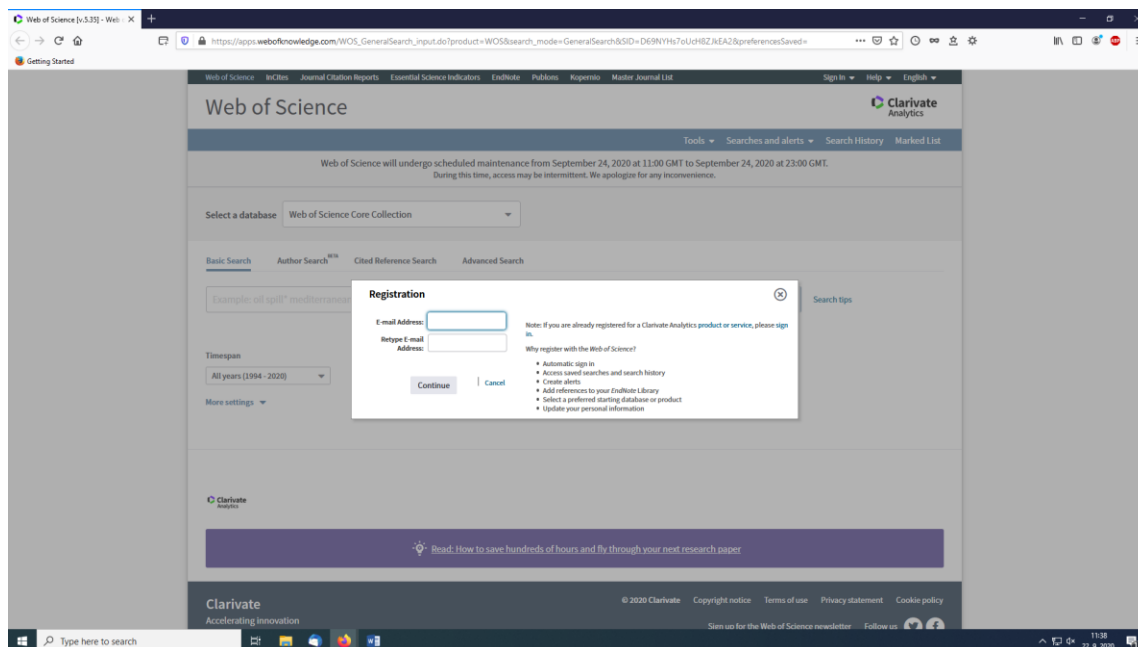
Način pristupanja: putem web stranice <https://webofknowledge.com> na bazi IP adrese korisnika.

Prilikom prvog prijavljivanja potrebno se registrovati sa ličnom e mail adresom.

Za svako naredno prijavljivanje korisnik koristi opciju **Sign in**.

Za početak korisnik odlazi na web stranicu putem navedenog linka i u gornjem desnom uglu glavne stranice klika na opciju **Sign In**. Otvara se padajući meni i odabiremo opciju **Register**.

Otvara se formular za unos e mail adrese putem koje korisnik želi pristupati WoS bazi.



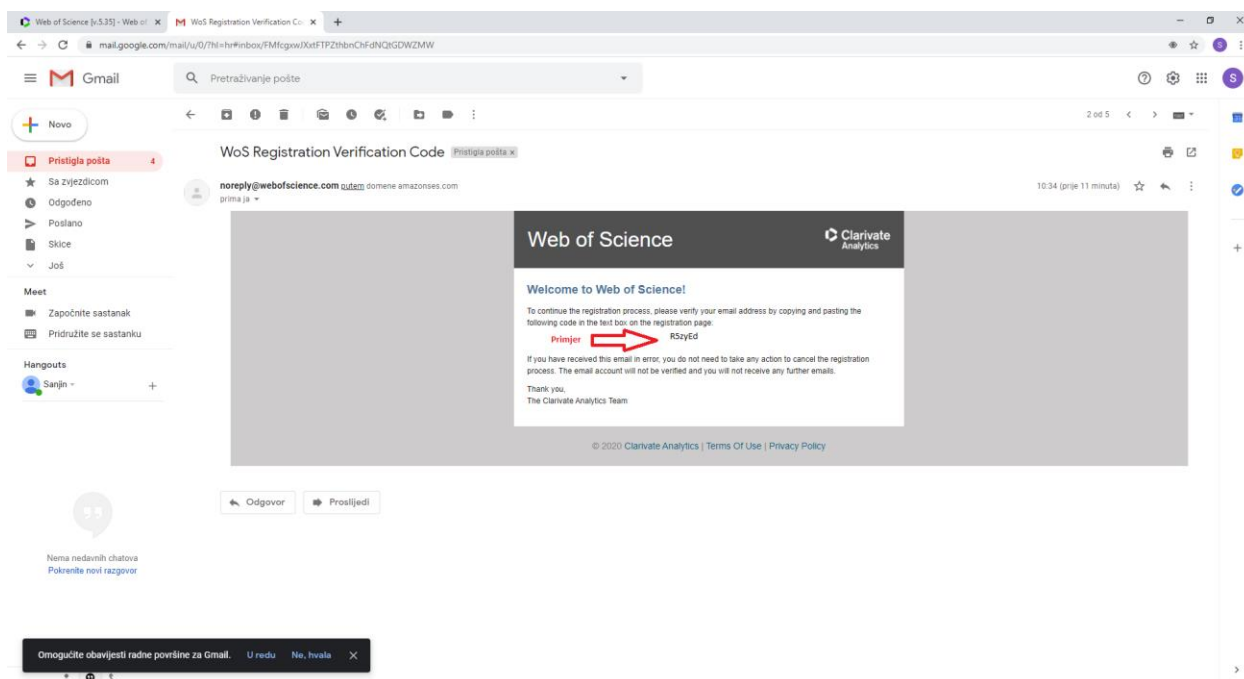
Nakon verifikacije i potvrde e mail adrese sistem WoS-a šalje generičku poruku na navedenu e mail adresu.

Isti princip važi za zaboravljenu ili izgubljenu lozinku.

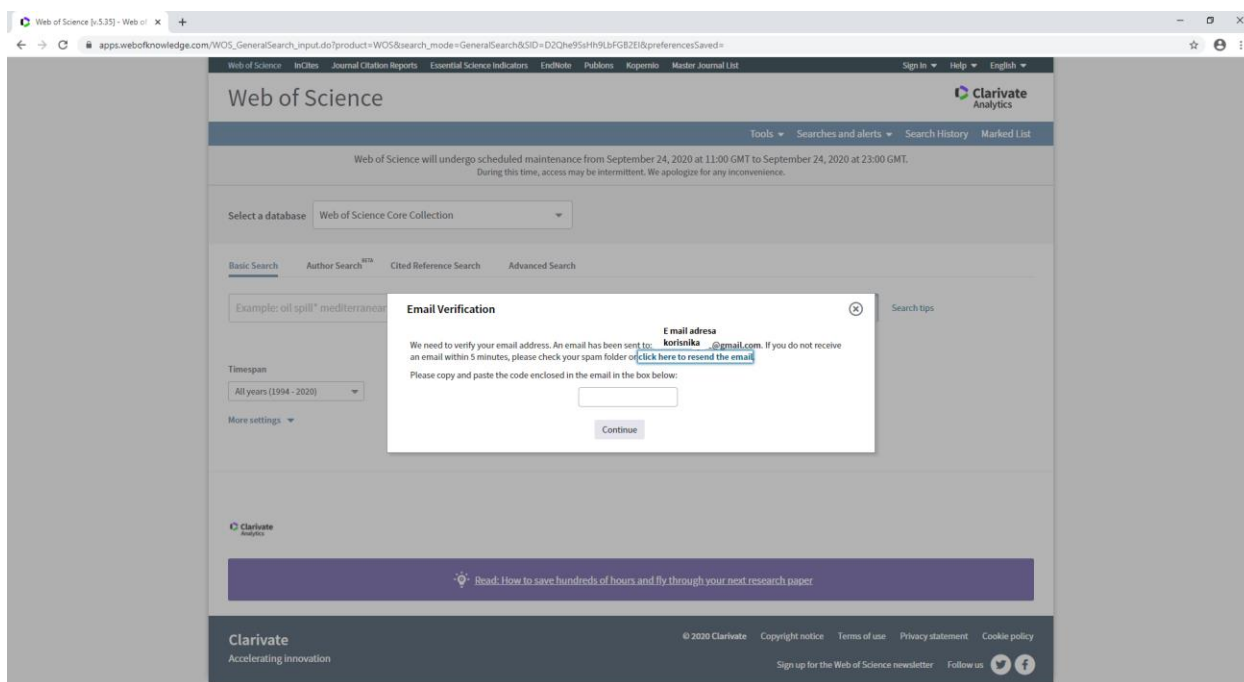
Šifra mora imati najmanje 8 karaktera bez razmaka, kombinaciju veliko malo slovo, sadržati barem jedan broj i jedan simbol.

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Kod za verifikaciju primjer:



Korisnik potvrđuje svoj identitet tako što **kopira i zalijepi generički kod u tekstualni okvir na stranici za registraciju** da aktivira WoS.



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Nakon što sistem prihvati kod otvara se formular za registraciju.

Napomena: polja označena crvenom zvjezdicom su obavezna kao i čekiranje kućice za prihvatanje uslova korištenja platforme.

Primjer formulara za registraciju:

The screenshot shows the registration form on the Web of Science platform. The form is titled "Registration" and includes the following fields and options:

- E-mail Address:** e mail adrese@gmail.com
- First Name:** [Redacted]
- Last Name:** [Redacted]
- Middle Initial:** [Redacted] (optional)
- Password:** [Redacted]
- Password Guidelines:** Must be 8 or more characters (no spaces) and contain:
 - at least 1 numeral, 0 - 9
 - at least 1 alpha character, case-sensitive
 - at least 1 symbol: ! @ # \$ % ^ * () - ' [] | & _Example: 3sun1moon
- Retype New Password:** [Redacted]
- Primary Role:** Select a Primary Role
- Subject Area:** Select a Subject Area
- Bibliographic Software Used:** Select Bibliographic Software Used
- Opt In/Opt Out:** Receive training materials, notifications, announcements, and other materials by e-mail. Do not receive training materials, notifications, announcements, and other materials by e-mail.
- Automatic Sign In:** Sign me in automatically. (Select this if you want to be signed in automatically each time you access Web of Science. This feature uses cookie technology.) I am using a public computer or do not wish to be signed in automatically. (Users of public computers should select this option.)
- Terms and Conditions:** WEB OF SCIENCE TERMS OF USE: You are entitled to access the product, download or extract reasonable amounts of data from the product that are required for the activities you carry out individually or as part of your employment, and include insubstantial portions of extracted data in your work documents and reports, provided that such documents or reports are for the benefit of (and belong to) your organization, or where such documents or reports are intended for the benefit of third parties (not your organization), extracted data is immaterial in the context of such documents or reports and used only for illustrative/demo purposes. I have read and agree to these terms and conditions.

Buttons: Submit Changes, Cancel

Primjer uspješno završene registracije:

The screenshot shows the Web of Science homepage after successful registration. A "Registration" pop-up window is displayed in the center, containing the following text:

Thank you for registering, Sanjin. You are now signed in to Web of Science.

Note: Your "Signed In" status is indicated at the top of every page. To protect your privacy, remember to log out each time you finish your session.

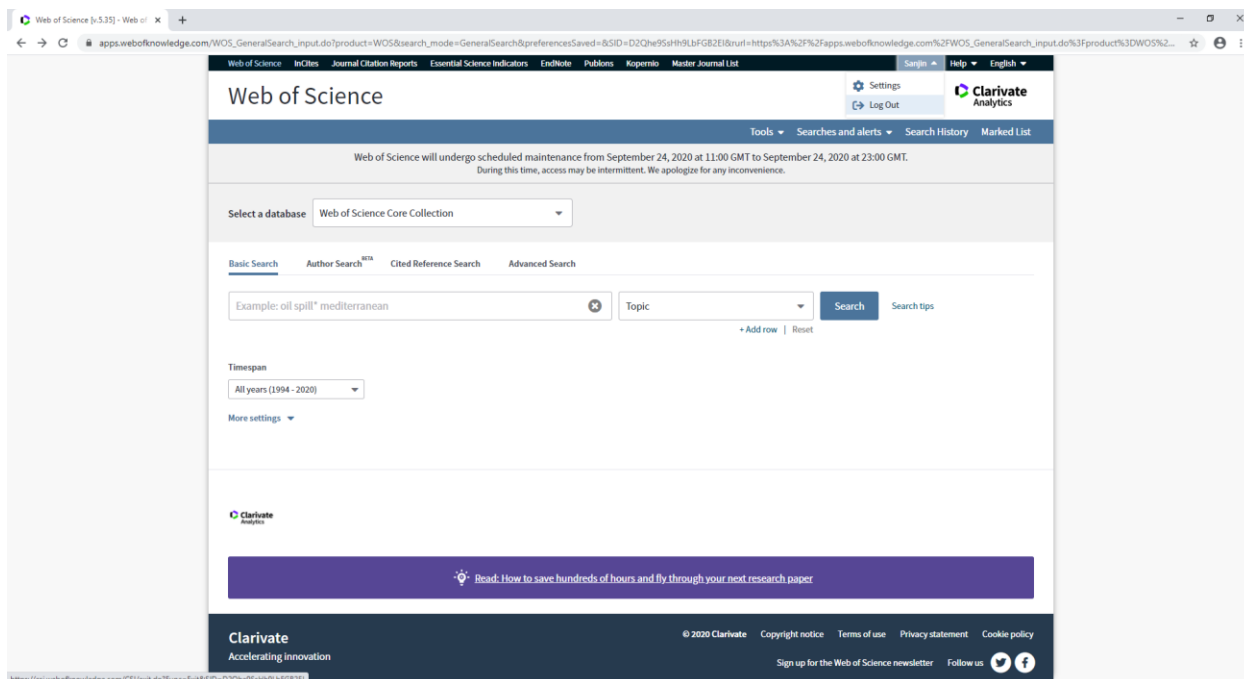
Your sign in e-mail address is: **Vaša e mail adresa**

Close

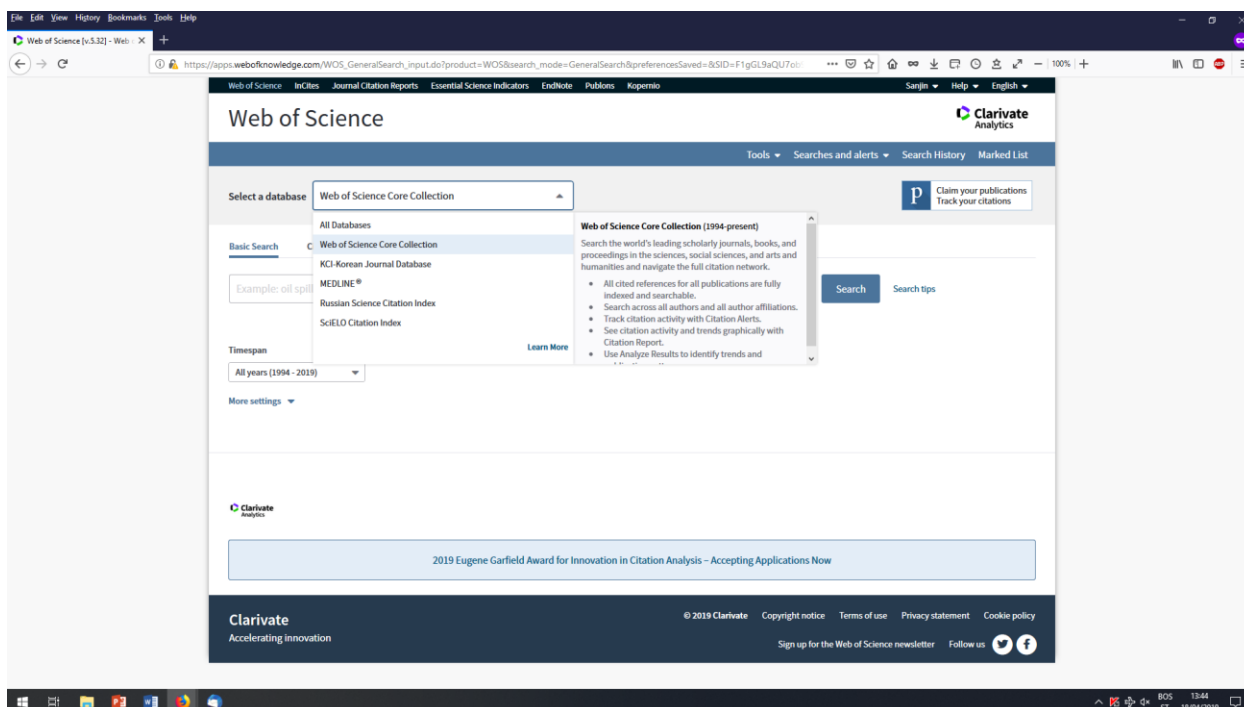
The background shows the Web of Science interface with a navigation menu, search bar, and a banner for "Road: How to save hundreds of hours and fly through your next research paper".

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Korisnik je prijavljen u sistem.

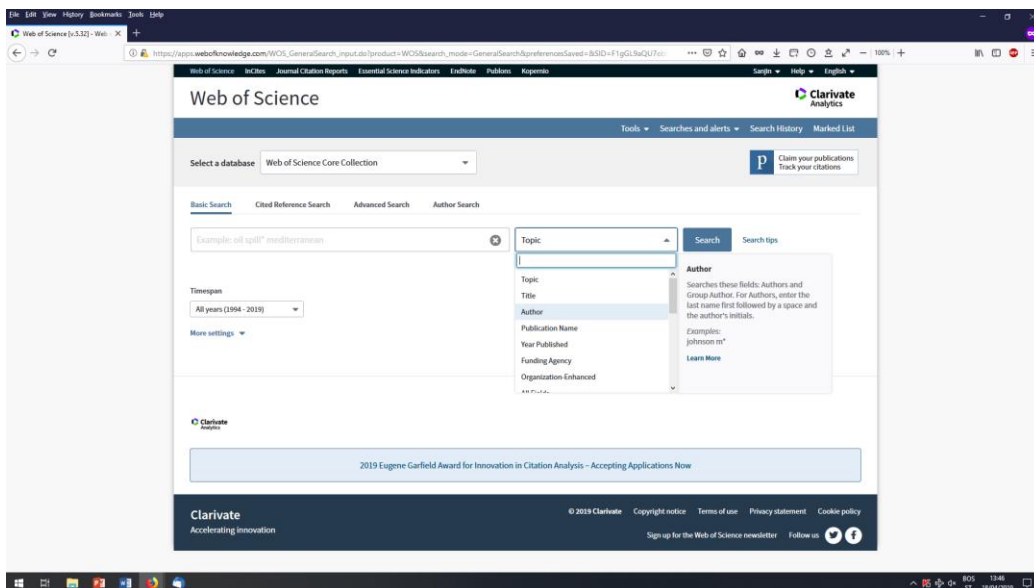


U padajućem meniju se nalaze baze kojima Univerzitet u Sarajevu ima dozvoljen pristup.



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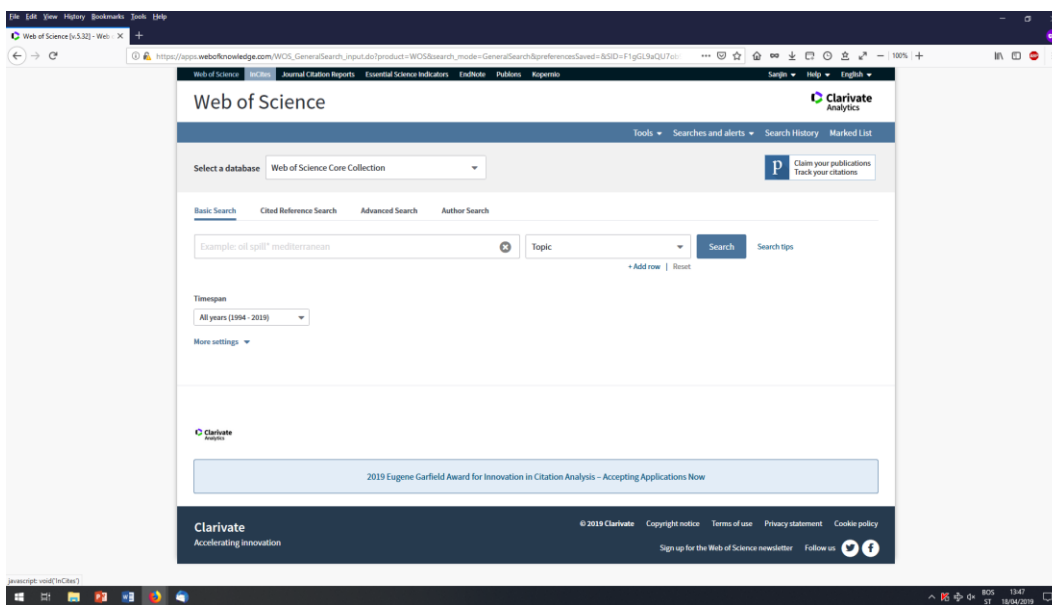
WoS nudi različite načine pretraživanja baze: moguće je pretraživati po temi, naslovu, autoru itd...



InCites

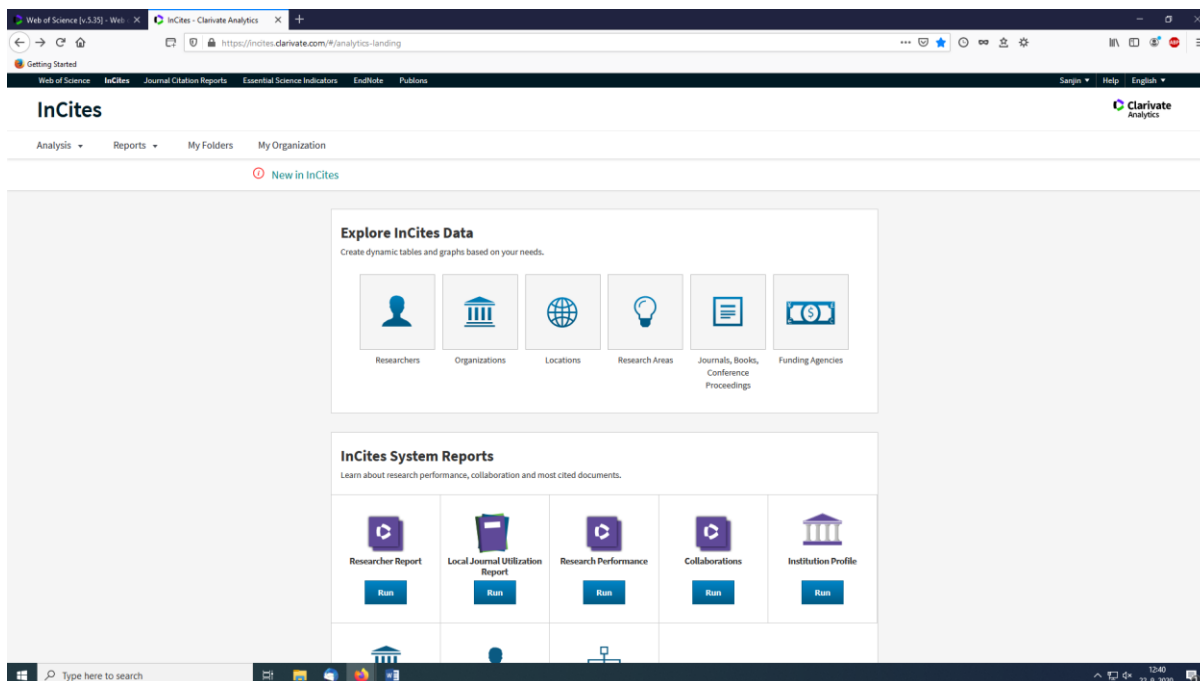
U gornjem lijevom uglu nalazi se alat **InCites**. **InCites** je alat za evaluaciju zasnovan na citatima za akademske i državne administratore za analizu institucionalne produktivnosti i referentnih rezultata u odnosu na konkurenciju i težnje kolega u nacionalnom ili međunarodnom kontekstu.

On također zahtjeva prijavljivanje putem e mail adrese i šifre. Trebalo bi da šifra kojom se pristupa WoS-u bude dovoljna za prijavljivanje.



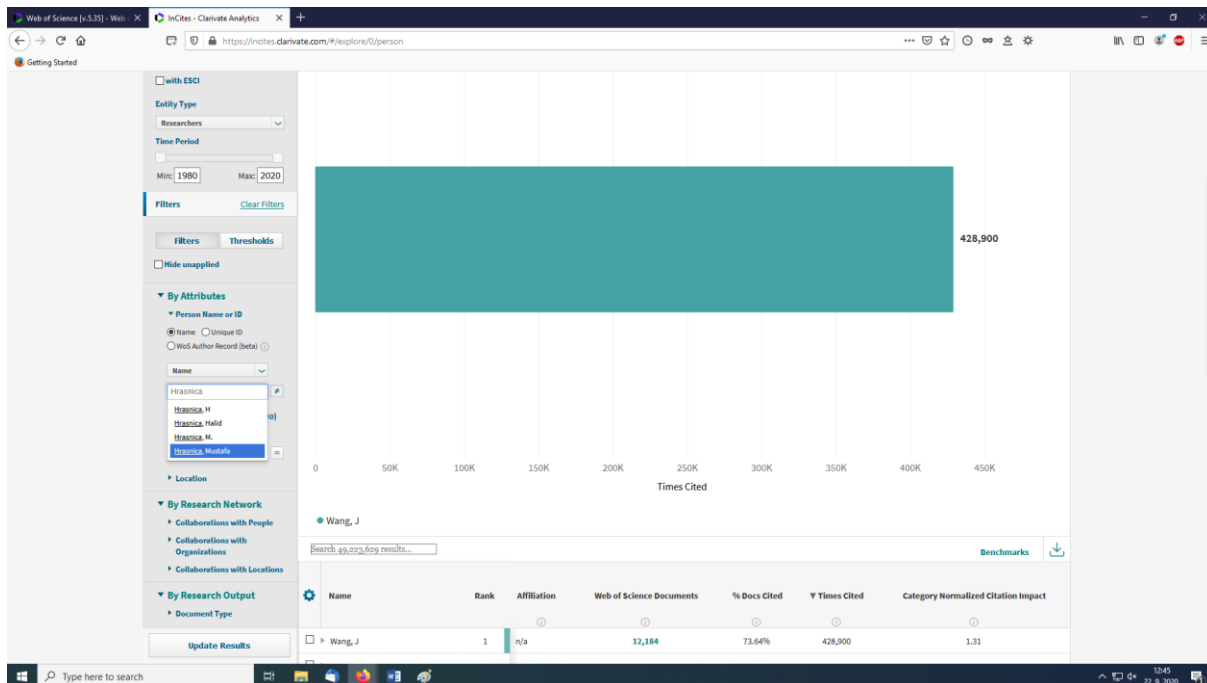
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Nakon prijavljivanja možemo pretraživati po više opcija kao na narednoj slici.



Ako odaberemo **Researchers** tražimo autore.

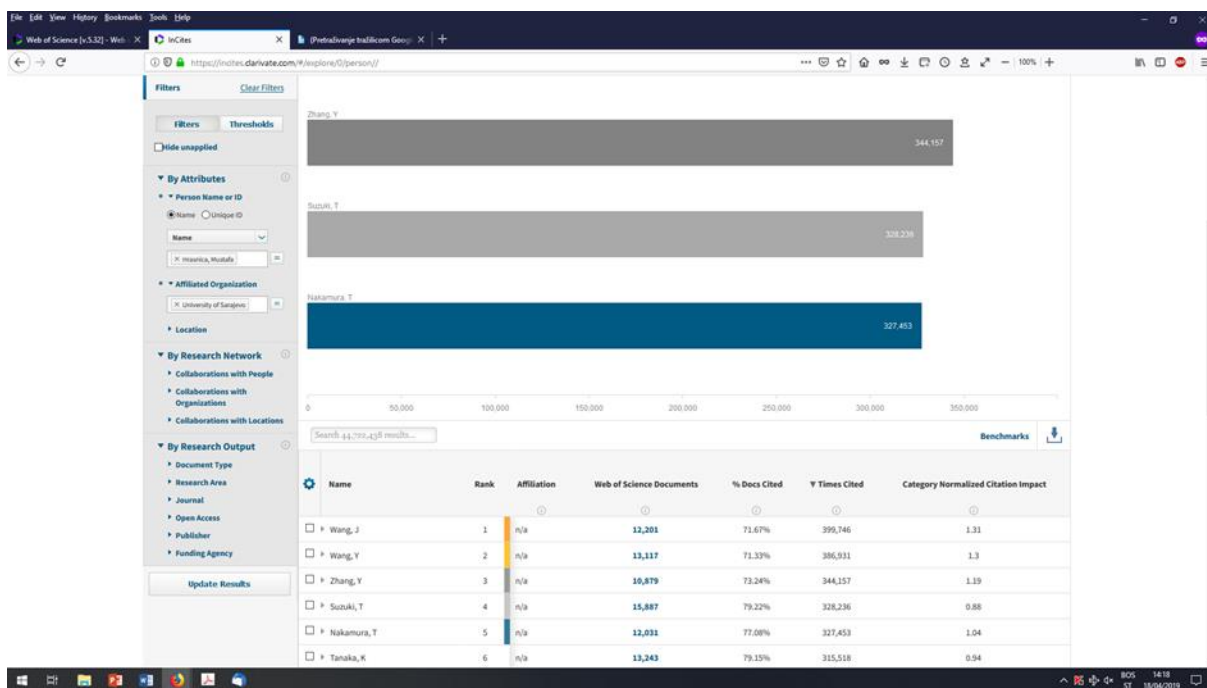
Ukoliko autor postoji u WoS-u, sistem će sam automatski dopunjavati prezime i ime autora kojeg želimo potražiti (ukoliko ima više istih prezimena itd.) i pomoći da se suzi područje pretraživanja.



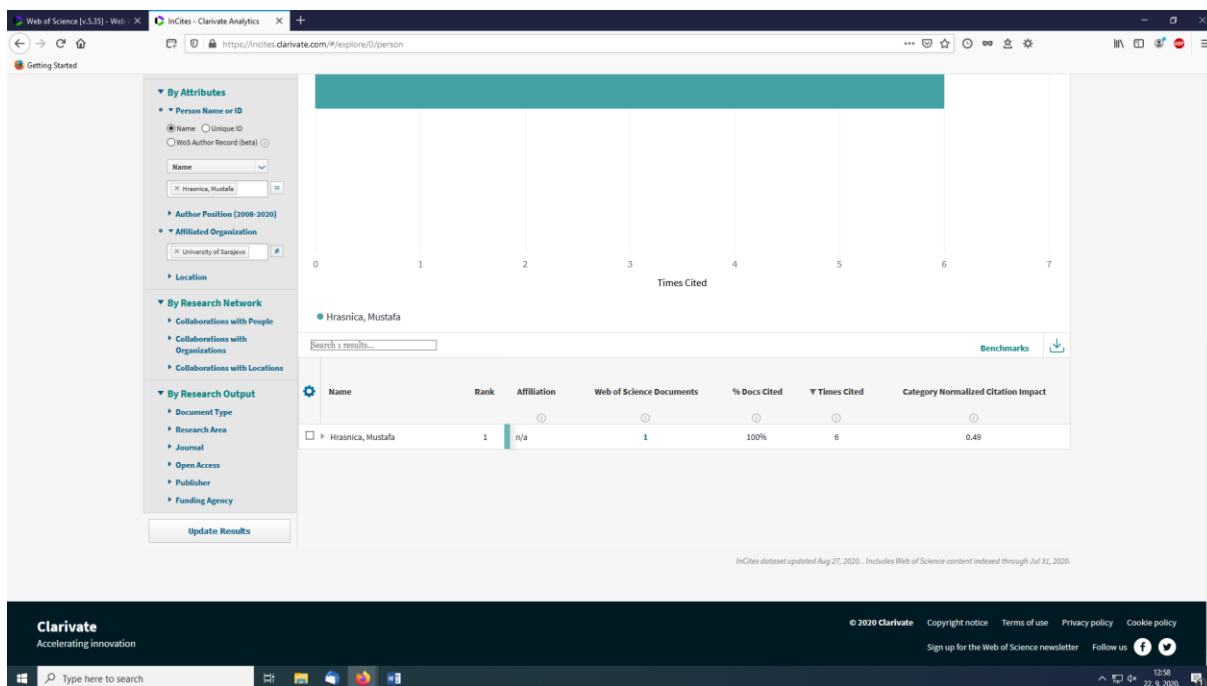
Odabire se **Name** i u okvir za pretraživanje upisuje prezime i ime autora. Zatim se odabire opcija **Affiliated Organization** – institucija kojoj pripada autor.

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Klikom na **Update results** dugme sistem će izlistati rezultate za članke datog autora u WoS bazi.



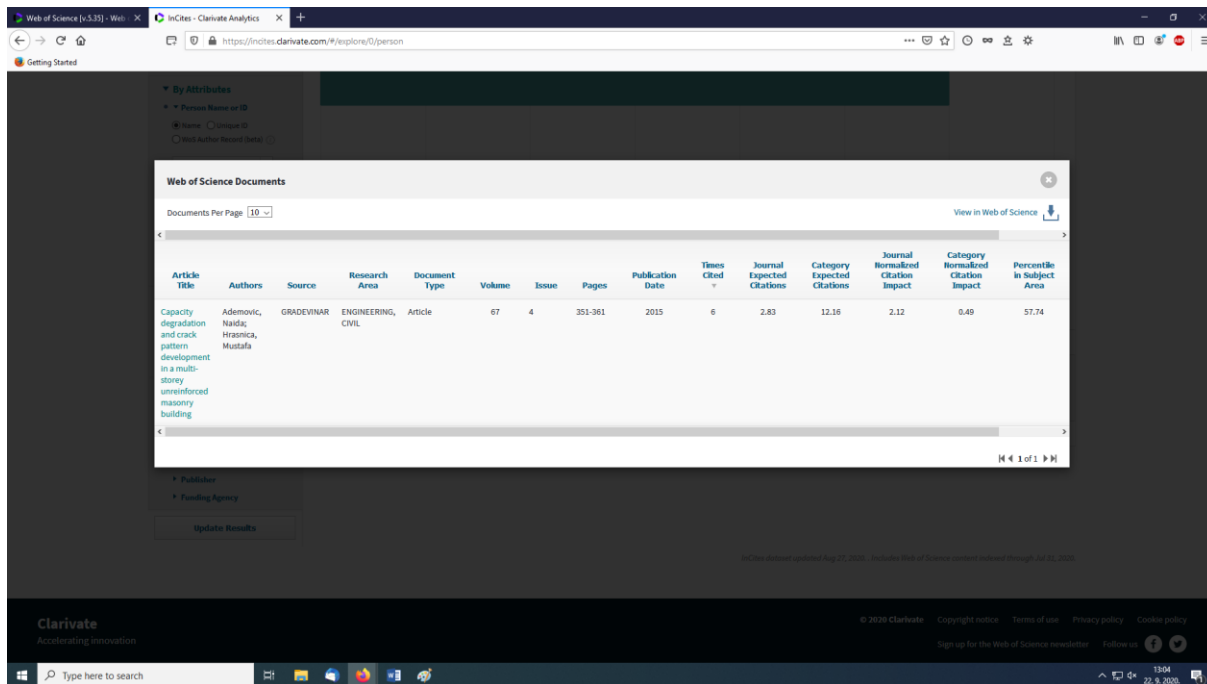
Klikom na broj ispod naslova **Web of Science documents** otvaraju se podaci o naslovu, autoru, godini objavljivanja, citiranosti, faktoru uticaja časopisa itd.



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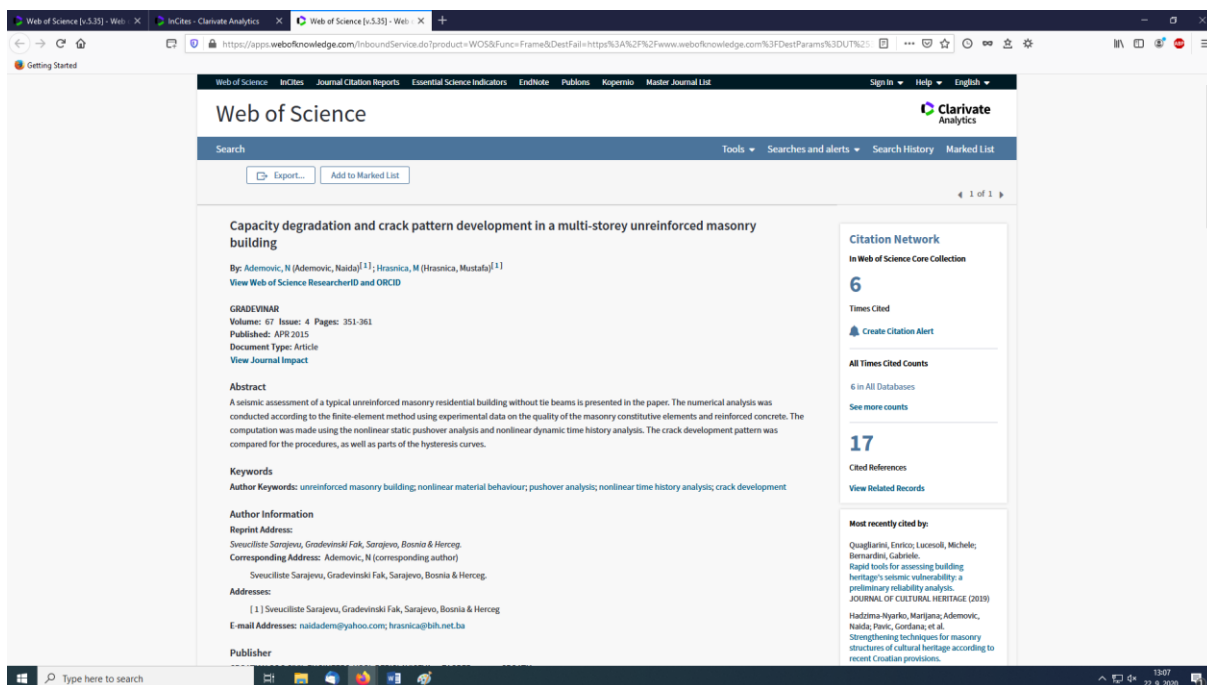
Klikom na tekst ispod naslova **Article Title** otvara se stranica sa mnoštvom metapodataka gdje se može vidjeti citiranost, faktor uticaja časopisa, baza gdje je članak objavljen.



The screenshot shows the Web of Science interface with a table of documents. The table has the following columns: Article Title, Authors, Source, Research Area, Document Type, Volume, Issue, Pages, Publication Date, Times Cited, Journal Expected Citations, Category Expected Citations, Journal Normalized Citation Impact, Category Normalized Citation Impact, and Percentile in Subject Area. The first row of data is as follows:

Article Title	Authors	Source	Research Area	Document Type	Volume	Issue	Pages	Publication Date	Times Cited	Journal Expected Citations	Category Expected Citations	Journal Normalized Citation Impact	Category Normalized Citation Impact	Percentile in Subject Area
Capacity degradation and crack pattern development in a multi-storey unreinforced masonry building	Ademovic, Naida; Hrasnica, Mustafa	GRADEVINAR	ENGINEERING, CIVIL	Article	67	4	351-361	2015	6	2.83	12.16	2.12	0.49	57.74

Ovaj časopis daje samo pristup bibliografskim podacima u članku ne i punom tekstu.



The screenshot shows the details of the article "Capacity degradation and crack pattern development in a multi-storey unreinforced masonry building". The article is by Ademovic, N (Ademovic, Naida)¹; Hrasnica, M (Hrasnica, Mustafa)¹. It is published in GRADEVINAR, Volume: 67, Issue: 4, Pages: 351-361, Published: APR 2015, Document Type: Article. The abstract states: "A seismic assessment of a typical unreinforced masonry residential building without tie beams is presented in the paper. The numerical analysis was conducted according to the finite element method using experimental data on the quality of the masonry constitutive elements and reinforced concrete. The computation was made using the nonlinear static pushover analysis and nonlinear dynamic time history analysis. The crack development pattern was compared for the procedures, as well as parts of the hysteresis curves." The keywords are: unreinforced masonry building; nonlinear material behaviour; pushover analysis; nonlinear time history analysis; crack development. The author information includes: Reprint Address: Sveučilište Sarajeva, Građevinski fak, Sarajevo, Bosnia & Hercegovina; Corresponding Address: Ademovic, N (corresponding author); Sveučilište Sarajeva, Građevinski fak, Sarajevo, Bosnia & Hercegovina; Address: [1] Sveučilište Sarajeva, Građevinski fak, Sarajevo, Bosnia & Hercegovina; E-mail Addresses: naidadem@yahoo.com; hrasnicag@bih.net.ba; Publisher: Sveučilište Sarajeva.

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Ukoliko se nudi članak u punom tekstu kliknemo na dugme **Full text from Publisher**.

Klikom na dugme **Full text from Publisher** odlazi se na stranicu naučne baze podataka koja sadrži članak autora u punom tekstu dostupan u slobodnom pristupu ili uz plaćanje u zavisnosti od pretplate na bazu.

Primjer:

The screenshot displays the Web of Science interface for the article "Pushover analysis and failure pattern of a typical masonry residential building in Bosnia and Herzegovina". The article is by Ademovic, N (Ademovic, Naida)^[1]; Hrasnica, M (Hrasnica, Mustafa)^[1]; Oliveira, DV (Oliveira, Daniel VJ)^[2]. It is published in *ENGINEERING STRUCTURES*, Volume 50, Pages 13-29, Special Issue: SI, DOI: 10.1016/j.engstruct.2012.11.031, published in MAY 2013. The abstract discusses the behavior of a typical masonry building in Bosnia and Herzegovina built in the 1950s without any seismic guidelines. The paper discusses the behavior of a typical masonry building in Bosnia and Herzegovina built in the 1950s without any seismic guidelines. A global numerical model of the building has been built and masonry material has been simulated as nonlinear. Additionally, calculations done with a "less" sophisticated model are in a good correlation with the finite element method (FEM) calculations. It was able to "grasp" the damage pattern; not as detailed as in the FEM calculations, but still quite good. On the basis of this it may be concluded that in this case calculation with Frame by Macro Elements (FME) program could be recommended for future analysis of this type of structures, having quite good results with a less computation time. However, in the need for more precise results FEM should be utilized. (C) 2012 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

U ovom slučaju riječ je o Elsevierovoj naučnoj online bazi podataka Science Direct:

The screenshot displays the ScienceDirect interface for the article "Pushover analysis and failure pattern of a typical masonry residential building in Bosnia and Herzegovina". The article is published in *Engineering Structures*, Volume 50, May 2013, Pages 13-29. The abstract discusses the behavior of a typical masonry building in Bosnia and Herzegovina built in the 1950s without any seismic guidelines. The paper discusses the behavior of a typical masonry building in Bosnia and Herzegovina built in the 1950s without any seismic guidelines. A global numerical model of the building has been built and masonry material has been simulated as nonlinear. Additionally, calculations done with a "less" sophisticated model are in a good correlation with the finite element method (FEM) calculations. It was able to "grasp" the damage pattern; not as detailed as in the FEM calculations, but still quite good. On the basis of this it may be concluded that in this case calculation with Frame by Macro Elements (FME) program could be recommended for future analysis of this type of structures, having quite good results with a less computation time. However, in the need for more precise results FEM should be utilized.

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Napomena:

Remote Access za naš Univerzitet nije aktiviran tako da se morate logovati putem raspona IP adresa Arhitektonskog fakulteta.

Zaštita ličnih podataka

Ukoliko se prijavljujete sa fakultetskog računara, korisnik treba voditi računa da se nakon obavljenog pretraživanja odjavi iz baze. Odjavljivanje se obavlja klikom na ime korisnika u gornjem desnom uglu i iz padajućeg menija koji se pojavi odabete opciju **Log Out**.

