

The second study cycle

PROGRAMME/CURRICULUM ECTS credit system

Sarajevo, 2023.

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About the study

The study of architecture at the Faculty of Architecture in Sarajevo is conducted in accordance with the Bologna principles as a full-time general course study. The study has been accorded with the European Credit Transfer System (ECTS).

TEACHING PROCESS IS ORGANISED IN THREE CYCLES (3+2+3)

The first three-year study cycle leads to the title *Bakalaureat/bachelor Engineer of Architecture*.

The second two-year study cycle leads to the title *Master of Architecture - Graduate of Architectural Engineering.*

Engineering.

The third three-year study cycle leads to the title *Doctor of Technical Sciences in the Field of Architecture.*

The first three-year cycle confers 180 ECTS credits.

The second two-year study cycle confers **120** ECTS credits.

The third three-year study cycle confers **180** ECTS credits.

The teaching process is organised in semesters. At the end of the semester, a student receives the final grade for each subject, containing grades they earned in class for every subject, which includes grades the student earned in class, as well as grades earned at the final exam. Teaching that includes obligatory and elective subjects is conducted through lectures, practical classes, seminars and consultations.

Enrolment to each individual cycle is performed thorough a public competition, which defines the enrolment conditions and criteria.

The studying process outcome for the second study cycle is acquiring adequate knowledge, skills and competences, as well as a professional qualification that enables an individual and responsible practice of all business activities in the field of architecture and urbanism, as well as enrolment to the third cycle of architecture and urbanism study, provided that the required conditions are fulfilled.

Organisation of the faculty

Organisational units of the faculty are departments. Teaching, scientific research and professional activities of the faculty are conducted within departments. Departments contain congenial subjects in the sole competence of the specialised scientific disciplines.

Departments

Departments are organisational units for teaching, scientific-research and professional activities. Department members are professors and associates engaged in subjects of the department. The department is presided by head of the department appointed by the scientific and teaching council for the period of four years.

Main tasks of the department are:

- to organise and conduct teaching process and scientific-research activities in accordance with the curricula,
- to initiate guest lectures and study visits of both professors and associates,
- to propose measures of fulfilling vacancies,
- to provide opinion on the leave of professors and associates and to organise substitutes,
- to provide for other affairs related to teaching, scientific-research activities, as well as professional development of professors and associates.

Departments that encompass subjects in the sole competence of the Faculty of Architecture are:

01.01.00DEPARTMENT FOR SPATIAL AND GRAPHICAL VISUALISATION01.02.00DEPARTMENT FOR THEORY AND HISTORY OF ARCHITECTURE AND PROTECTION
OF ARCHITECTURAL HERITAGE01.03.00DEPARTMENT FOR ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN01.04.00DEPARTMENT FOR URBANISM AND SPATIAL PLANNING01.05.00DEPARTMENT FOR ARCHITECTURAL STRUCTURES AND BUILDING TECHNOLOGY01.07.00GENERAL STUDIES

An overview of subjects through semesters

The structure of the study of architecture at the Faculty of Architecture in Sarajevo consists of obligatory and elective subjects. Elective graduate modules are distributed in the third semester of the second study cycle of architecture.

The second study cycle – Master

1 st SEMESTE	R		
CODE OF THE SUBJECT	NAME OF THE SUBJECT	CONTACT HOURS (L+PC)	ECTS
01.03.19	INTERIORS AND DESIGN 2	1(1+0)	3
01.06.23	LOAD-BEARING STRUCTURES	4(2+2)	4
01.03.11	DESIGN 7	2(1+1)	3
01.03.13	DESIGN 9	5(2+3)	6
01.04.09	SPATIAL PLANNING	2(2+0)	2
01.04.04	URBAN DESIGN 4	2(1+1)	3
01.02.08	PRESERVATION OF ARCHITECTURAL HERITAGE	2(1+1)	3
	ELECTIVE SUBJECTS		6

1ST SEMESTER – ELECTIVE SUBJECTS

CODE OF THE SUBJECT	*ELECTIVE SUBJECTS	CONTACT HOURS (L + PC)	ECTS
01.04.10	CITY CENTRES	3(1+2)	3
01.04.15	MACRO-URBAN AREAS	3(1+2)	3
01.03.30	PRESCHOOL BUILDINGS	3(1+2)	3
01.03.47	PROBLEMS OF MODERNITY OF FAMILY HOUSES	6(2+4)	6
01.03.46	DESIGN OF TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY FACILITIES	6(2+4)	6
01.04.37	SPATIAL ORGANISATION OF THE CITY – A CONCEPT	3(1+2)	3
01.01.22	DEVELOPMENT OF ART ELEMENTS THROUGH REALISTIC AND ABSTRACT EXPRESS THROUGH DRAWINGS AND IMAGES	2(1+1)	3
01.04.21	REDESIGNING URBAN GROUND FLOOR, OPEN CITY SPACES – CITY ARCHITECTURE	3(1+2)	3
01.03.51	CONTEMPORARY SPATIAL CONCEPTS, DESIGN AND PROTOTYPE	6(3+3)	6
01.02.25	VERNACULAR ARCHITECTURE	2(1+1)	3
01.04.43	THE 21 ST CENTURY CITY	3(1+2)	3
01.03.64	ARCHITECTURE AND HEALTH 1	2(1+1)	3

CODE OF THE SUBJECT	NAME OF THE SUBJECT	CONTACT HOURS (L + PC)	ECTS
01.03.20	INTERIORS AND DESIGN 3	3(1+2)	3
01.02.10	HISTORY OF ARCHITECTURE IN BIH	2(2+0)	2
01.02.09	METHODOLOGY AND PHENOMENOLOGY OF AN ACTIVE APPROACH TO ARCHITECTURAL HERITAGE	4(2+2)	5
01.03.14	DESIGN 10 – AGRICULTURAL BUILDINGS	2(1+1)	2
01.04.07	URBAN TRANSFORMATIONS	1(1+0)	2
01.04.11	URBAN PLANNING 2	2(2+0)	1
01.04.05	URBAN DESIGN 5	4(1+3)	6
	ELECTIVE SUBJECTS		9

2ND SEMESTER – ELECTIVE SUBJECTS

CODE OF THE SUBJECTS	*ELECTIVE SUBJECTS	CONTACT HOURS (L + PC)	ECTS
01.01.16	ABSTRACT VISUAL EXPRESSION OF SHAPES, COLOURS AND MOVEMENT	2(1+1)	3
01.04.33	ARTIFICIAL LIGHTING AND URBAN ENVIRONMENT	2(1+1)	3
01.05.18	BIOCLIMATIC ARCHITECTURE	2(2+0)	3
01.05.39	MANAGEMENT AND PROGRAMMING OF ARCHITECTURAL PROJECTS	2(2+0)	3
01.03.31	SPECIAL ARCHITECTURAL PROJECTS	6(2+4)	6
01.03.29	SPECIFIC HOUSING AREAS	2(2+0)	3
01.05.21	PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION – ENGINEERING CONSULTING	3(1+2)	3
01.06.12	COMPOSITE AND PRESTRESSED STRUCTURES	2(1+1)	3
01.04.42	TRANSFORMATION OF URBAN ANSAMBLE	4(1+3)	6
01.04.14	URBAN TRANSFORMATIONS FOR THE 21st CENTURY	3(1+2)	3
01.03.58	CULTURAL FACILITIES 1	6(2+4)	6
01.03.27	HEALTH CARE FACILITIES	6(2+4)	6
01.06.18	MASONRY STRUCTURES	3(2+1)	3
01.01.25	VIRTUAL INTERACTIVE ARCHITECTURAL SPACE	3(1+2)	3
01.03.65	ARCHITECTURE AND HEALTH 2	6 (2+4)	6
01.03.69	LIGHT IN DESIGN	2(1+1)	

3RD SEMESTER

CODE OF THE SUBJECT	NAME OF THE SUBJECT	CONTACT HOURS (L + PC)	ECTS
01.05.13	ARCHITECTURAL PHYSICS 2	1(1+0)	3
01.04.40	THE CITY AND MAN	2(2+0)	2
01.04.06	URBAN DESIGN 6	4(1+3)	6
	THE ELECTIVE MODULE	6(4+2)	10
	ELECTIVE SUBJECTS		9

5 SLIVILSIL	K - ELECTIVE MODULES		
CODE OF THE SUBJECT	*ELECTIVE MODULES	CONTACT HOURS (L + PC)	ECTS
01.03.54	ARCHITECTURAL COMPOSITIONAL REDEFINITION	6(4+2)	10
01.02.34	ARCHITECTURAL INTERVENTIONS IN A HISTORICAL URBAN CONTEXT	6(4+2)	10
01.03.41	SPECIAL PURPOSE ARCHITECTURE AND HOUSING	6(4+2)	10
01.05.40	ENVIRONMENTALLY SOUND DESIGN	6(4+2)	10
01.03.35	INTERIORS AND DESIGN	6(4+2)	10
01.02.27	INTERVENTIONS IN AMBIENTAL FACILITIES – METHODS OF PROTECTION OF A BUILDING PLACE	6(4+2)	10
01.03.43	PUBLIC BUILDINGS	6(4+2)	10
01.05.34	KINETIC, INTERACTIVE ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN	6(4+2)	10
01.01.23	COMPLEX DYNAMIC FORM AND VIRTUAL SPACE IN ARCHITECTURE	6(4+2)	10
01.03.55	KONCEPTUAL OPTIMIZATION OF CONTEMPORARY HOUSING	6(4+2)	10
01.03.56	CONTEXTUAL APPROACH IN INTERIOR DESIGN	6(4+2)	10
01.04.30	SUSTAINABLE URBANISM: CHALLENGES, TRANSFORMATIONS, SYMBOLS	6(4+2)	10
01.03.36	COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS	6(4+2)	10
01.05.36	LOW-ENERGY ARCHITECTURE PROGRAMMING	6(4+2)	10
01.05.25	DESIGNING BY THE PRINCIPLES OF BIOCLIMATIC ARCHITECTURE	6(4+2)	10
01.06.20	RECONSTRUCTION OF MASONRY STRUCTURES	6(4+2)	10
01.03.39	HOUSING OBJECTS WITHIN ARCHITECTURALLY- SPECIFIC URBAN ENVIRONMENT	6(4+2)	10
01.04.34	RECULTIVATION AND RECONSTRUCTION OF DEGRADED URBAN AREAS	6(4+2)	10
01.04.16	URBAN TRANSFORMATIONS	6(4+2)	10
01.04.26	URBAN PLANNING AND DESIGN	6(4+2)	10
01.04.41	URBAN PLANNING AND DESIGN	6(4+2)	10
01.06.19	HIGH RISE BUILDINGS IN ARCHITECTURE	6/4+2)	10
01.03.60	HOUSING REGENERATION OF THE XXth CENTURY RESIDENTAL SETTLEMENTS	6(4+2)	10
01.01.26	VISUALIZATION OF ARCHITECTURE-FROM IDEA TO REALIZATION	6(4+2)	10
01.03.63	SPATIAL CONCEPTS IN ARCHITECTURE AND ART IN CONTEMPORARY CULTURAL CONTEXT	6(4+2)	10
	DESIGNING LOW ENERGY ARCHITECTURE	6(4+2)	10
01.05.47			

0 0000000	C LELCTIVE SUBJECTS		
CODE OF THE SUBJECT	*ELECTIVE SUBJECTS	CONTACT HOURS (L + PC)	ECTS
01.05.15	ARCHITECTURE AS AN ENERGY SYSTEM	2(2+0)	3
01.02.39	DEFINING AMBIENTAL UNITS – THE OLD TOWN MUNICIPALITY (OTTOMAN PERIOD)	4(1+3)	6
01.05.41	BUILDINGS FINALISATION AND DETAILS	2(1+1)	3
01.04.36	ENVIRONMENT PHENOMENOLOGY	1(1+0)	3
01.03.40	COMMERCIAL OBJECTS	6(2+4)	6
01.04.38	CONTEXTUALISM IN URBAN DESIGN – TRIAD CONSEQUENCES OF REDESIGN	3(1+2)	3
01.04.44	URBAN LANDSCAPE DESIGN	2(1+1)	3
01.03.53	PERSONS WITH PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT AND ARCHITECTURAL BARRIERS	3(1+2)	3
01.04.35	THE DEVELOPMENT AXIS – THE SPATIAL-PLANNING THEORY	3(1+2)	3
01.06.13	FIRE RESISTANCE OF STRUCTURES	2(2+0)	3
01.04.45	RECREATION AND FREE TIME	3(1+2)	3
01.03.45	FAIRGROUNDS AND EXHIBITIONS	3(1+2)	3
01.03.17	TRAFFIC BUILDINGS	6(2+4)	6
01.04.39	TRANSFORMATION AND FUTURE ORGANISATION OF RURAL SETTLEMENTS	2(1+1)	3
01.06.24	HIGH RISE BUILDINGS IN ARCHITECTURE	6(3+3)	9
01.03.59	CULTURAL FACILITIES 2	6(2+4)	6
01.02.31	ARCHITECTURAL INTERVENTIONS AT CULTURAL HERITAGE OBJECTS AND ENSEMBLES	2(1+1)	3
01.03.71	SPORT BUILDINGS	6(2+4)	6

4TH SEMESTER

CODE OF THE SUBJECT	NAME OF THE SUBJECT	CONTACT HOURS (L + PC)	ECTS
	ELECTIVE SUBJECTS		9
01.08.01	MASTER'S THESIS		21

4TH SEMESTER – ELECTIVE SUBJECTS

CODE OF THE SUBJECT	*ELECTIVE SUBJECTS	CONTACT HOURS (L + PC)	ECTS
01.02.37	DEFINING AMBIENTAL UNITS – THE AUSTRO- HUNGARIAN PERIOD IN SARAJEVO	4(1+3)	6
01.04.19	ECOLOGICAL CONSEQUENCES OF URBAN ORGANISATION AND A SUSTAINABLE URBAN DEVELOPMENT	1(1+0)	3
01.03.25	HOUSE FORM AND CULTURE	1(1+0)	3
01.05.24	CONCEPTUALISATION OF AN ARCHITECTURALLY- DEFINED SPACE	2(2+0)	3
01.06.25	RECONSTRUCTION OF MASONRY STRUCTURES	6(3+3)	
01.04.28	SPATIAL MANAGEMENT	2(2+0)	3
01.02.36	VISUAL CULTURE	2(1+1)	3
01.03.67	ARCHITECTURE OF COMMONS	6(2+4)	6
01.03.70	TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY FACILITIES WITHIN THE CONTEXT OF THE PROTECTION OF CULTURAL- HISTORICAL AND NATURAL HERITAGE	6(2+4)	6





SYLLABUS FOR THE FIRST YEAR, 1st SEMESTER

Code: 01.03.19	Title	Title of the subject: INTERIORS AND DESIGN 2		
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 1st		Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: Obligatory			Total number of hor Lectures	urs: 15
Teaching staff			nd associates elected rtment of architectur	
Prerequisites:				
Aim (aims) of the subject:		Introduction of historical development of the interior and furniture design in light of socio-economic and technical- technological background, focusing on radical transformations of the society that lead towards a metamorphosis of taste and spreading of ardents of the new artistic striving. Acquiring knowledge on the historical styles in interior and furniture design, with a special accent on the turning point of the Industrial Revolution and avant- garde movements in architecture, interior and design in the 20th century. Possibilities of designing specific interiors of residential and public buildings. Previous knowledge required: history of art, development of architecture, architectural compositions, materials and forms, other architectural design elements.		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by takin, into account the specificity of organizational units	g	Introduction: Worldview and stylistic expression; Styles of ancient civilisations: Ancient Egypt and Mesopotamia; Styles in antiquity – culture and worldview, aesthetical symbols for future civilisations; Middle Ages: Romanesque and Gothic art; Byzantine art and Islamic style; The Italian Renaissance – the return to antiquity and transition into the modern age; Interiors and furniture in the European Renaissance; Baroque – interiors in palaces, an outstanding furniture craftsmanship; Classicism – revival of ancient forms and the Empire style; The Biedermeier period and Arts and Crafts; Styles at the turn of the 20 th century; The Art Nouveau in Belgium, France, Spain and Italy; The German workshop and secession; Bauhaus and the birth of Modernism; Modernism in interior and furniture design; Introduction to the contemporary forming of interiors and design.		
Learning outcome	S:	Knowledge: Understand	ing and critical conside	eration of the significance cio-economic context on

	interior design. Acquiring the knowledge on the impact of historical architectural and design precedents on the development of contemporary design directions and doctrines. Skills: The students will be able to identify, interpret and evaluate the historical interiors and furniture, and apply the acquired knowledge in the projects of contemporary interventions within the buildings pertaining to specific historical and/or cultural contexts.
Teaching methods:	Competences: Acquiring competences related to the subject in order to apply the theoretical knowledge in the professional field of designing the residential or public interior typologies pertaining to specific historical and/or cultural contexts. Lectures – multimedia presentations associated with the
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹ :	course thematic units. Students are assessed through two tests (55-100%) during the semester or the final exam (45%).
Bibliography ² :	Obligatory: Pile John:A History of Interior Design, 2005.; Sparke Penny: A Century of Design: Design Pioneers of the 20th Century,1998.;Cerver Francisco: Interior Design Atlas, 2000.; Zevi Bruno: Povijest moderne arhitekture, 2006.; Encyclopedia of Interior Design, urednica Banham Joanna, 2015.; Watkin David, A History of Western Architecture, 2005.; Salihović Erdin: Povijest enterijera i dizajna namještaja na razmeđu manualnog i industrijskog koncepta: Od Arts and Craftsa do Art Decoa, 2016.; Abercrombie Stanley & Whiton Sherrill: Interijeri, Arhitektura, Dizajn- Povijesni pregled, 2016.

¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





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Code: 01.06.23	Title of the subject: LOAD-BEARING STRUCTURES		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st	Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 4
Status: Obligato	Status: Obligatory		urs: 60
	_	Lectures 30 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff		sociates elected in the ment of Structural Sys	e field to which the subject stems
Prerequisites:	None.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	Acquiring the basic knowledge on long span constructions and multi storey objects made of contemporary materials (concrete, steel, wood/base materials): selection of materials and structural system, bracing system formation, possibility of individual approximate verification of dimensions at cross sections, forming junction details and the correct method of foundation.		
Content: (<i>if necessary,</i> <i>the outline plan</i> <i>per week is</i> <i>determined by</i> <i>taking into</i> <i>account the</i> <i>specificity of</i> <i>organizational</i> <i>units</i>)	Structural cond development to structures and stress. Energy m materialization from different structures: class structures: class storey buildings Elements ensu foundation. Cha General charact beams; Budge materialization) Kinds of fractur arrangement of under pressure cross sections; Centrically and influence; Dim cantilevers: Ge models: Short ca short cantileve cantilever reint cantilevers; Fra	ceptual design: An rends; Loads; The high rise objects beha- nethod - application of and optimization). C materials - efficie ification, system – ma sification; The basic s; Horizontal and vert ring stiffness of bu racteristic elements of teristics; Stress and for teristics; Stress and for to model (rod sys). Dimensioning and res and the task of dim s wall beam reinforce . Walls: General charac Dimensioning and rei eccentrically loaded ensioning of intermineral characteristics antilever loaded on the er; Short cantilever ed on the upper end rei forcement, cantilever	similarities and differences. introduction; Contemporary basic concept of large span aviour; The flow of forces and rod models (principle of design, omparison of systems derived ency, cost-effectiveness. <i>Span</i> terial – applicable spans. <i>Tower</i> principles of designing multi- cical load-bearing construction; ildings; Multi-storey building <i>concrete buildings:</i> Wall beams: orces in cross sections of wall tem - examples of other reinforcement of wall beams. mensioning; Dimensioning and ement; Concrete stress control acteristics; Stress and forces at inforcement of walls. Columns: d short columns; Slenderness hediate ratio columns. Short f. Shot cantilever calculation e upper end; Indirect load of the reinforcement; Indirectly loaded r beams, Prefabricated short haracteristics, application and ed frames. Calculating and

	dimensioning uninformed and the former table of the
	dimensioning reinforced concrete frames. Joint reinforcement in cases of internal and external tension. Reinforcement of wall and floor slab joints. Details of reinforcing girder and exterior beam joints. Details of reinforcing frames prone to significant seismic events; Joints in reinforced concrete structures. Foundations: Introduction; Selection of foundation system (geotechnical conditions and interaction of structure and foundation ground); Calculation of foundations; Unreinforced foundations; Belt concrete beam foundations under walls; Spot footing under walls; Eccentrically loaded columns under foundations.
	Knowledge:
Learning outcomes: Teaching methods:	Independent design and dimensioning of structural elements of wood, steel and concrete. Skills: Ability to independently solve the concept of load-bearing construction of an architectural building in given materials. Competences: After mastering the content and after completing the seminar assignments on examples of welded objects, students should be able to understand and design a long spam contemporary construction or a multi-storey object, as well as individually select materials and structural systems in accordance with the conditions at the location and independently perform dimensioning of structural elements and structures with an adequate load analysis. Lectures and practical classes that focus on creating numerical examples, as well as additional consultations and solving issues students may have in understanding the lecture and exam preparation. Seminar assignments are performed with the help of the
	professor and the assistant in practical classes. Public presentation of
	seminar assignments.
A	Students are assessed through the presentation of seminar assignments in presence of the professor and the assistant. Candidates who do not pass are obliged to take the final, theory-based
Assessment	exam. The final grade is formed from the completed, presented and
methods	defended seminar assignment, or a successfully completed final exam.
including	Students who get the second signature in the index are eligible to take
grading structure ³ :	the final exam, meaning that they have fulfilled the obligations as
structure ³ :	prescribed by the Statute. The exam is prepared through lectures and practical classes, as well as through the use of literature
	recommended by the professor and the assistant at the beginning of the teaching.
Bibliography ⁴ :	Obligatory:

³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special

Miljanović, S. <i>Predavanja nastavnika.</i> (An unpublished set of lectures) Mešić, E., Miljanović, S. (2013). <i>Savremeni koncepti rasponskih</i> <i>konstrukcija – drvene i metalne konstrukcije</i> . Sarajevo: Građevinski fakultet.
Mešić, E., Miljanović, S. (2012). <i>Savremeni konstrukcijski koncepti višespratnih zgrada – metalne i spregnute konstrukcije</i> , Sarajevo: Građevinski fakultet.
Additional: Gojković, M., Stojić, D. (2007). <i>Drvene konstrukcije</i> . Belgrade: Grosknjiga.
Hart, F., Henn, W., & Sontag H. (1991). <i>Atlas čeličnih konstrukcija,</i> Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Herzog, T., Schweitzer, R., & Volz, M. (2003). <i>Holzbau atlas</i> . Munich:
Institut für internationale Architektur-Dokumentation. Evrokod 2: Proračun betonskih konstrukcija – Deo 1: Opšta pravila i
pravila za proračun zgrada. Belgrade: Građevinski fakultet Univerziteta u Beogradu, 1994. Tahirović, I. V. (2001). Armirani beton I,II. Sarajevo: Svjetlost.
Tomičić, I. (1984). Betonske konstrukcije. Zagreb: Školska knjiga. Zlatar, M. (2006). Lectures"Armirano-betonske arhitektonske konstrukcije 1 i 2". Sarajevo.

decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





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Code: 01.03.11	Title	of the subje	ct: DESIGN 7	
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 3
			Total number of hou	urs: 30
Status: Obligatory			Lectures: 15 Exercises:15	
Teaching staff			nd associates elected belongs – Architectu	
Prerequisites:		-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		the historica museums, li implementa organization in the design expert meth conceptual s	ll, typological and mor braries, theatre and sa tion of the course is ba	sed on functional- ontemporary tendencies Lectures provide an of architectural ums, libraries, theatre
Content: (<i>if necessary, the out</i> <i>plan per week is</i> <i>determined by taking</i> <i>into account the</i> <i>specificity of</i> <i>organizational units</i>	g	 Historical development of cultural buildings; 2. Contemporary principles of organizing cultural buildings; Spatial-functional groups and spatial configuration of cultural buildings; 4. Urbanistic, architectural and ambient aspects of the planning of cultural buildings; 5. Architectural programming of cultural buildings; 6. Analysis of architectural types and functional-spatial units of cultural buildings. 		
Learning outcomes	5:	 Knowledge: programming and architectural design of cultural buildings. Through lectures and exercises, the student will acquire knowledge about the methodology of designing spatial-functional groups by which the museums, libraries, theatre and sacral buildings develop through the context, form, function, technology and materialization. Skills: The integration of theoretical and practical knowledge through semestral work encourages individual approach to problem solving in each individual student, as well as the development, research and use of traditional and contemporary materials and technologies. Developing skills for presentation and communication of a project design solution. Competences: The student is able to create the conceptual architectural project of the cultural building of the average complexity, based on the integrated knowledge from several previous professional subjects, simultaneously 		

	mastering the design conceptual and technical- methodological basics of architectural design.
Teaching methods:	Lectures – ex-cathedra / multimedia; In-semester engagement – individual assignments/supervised work; Work in architectural design studio with presentations and discussions regarding the development of architectural design concepts.
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁵ :	Students are assessed through successfully executed practical assignments (60% of the grade); Test, Presentation and project defense (40% of the grade);
Bibliography ⁶ :	Obligatory: Current professional and theoretical literature in the field of architecture of museums and libraries Picard,Q., RIBA, The Architects Handbook, Blackwell, 2002; Neufert,E., Arhitects' Data, Blackwell Science, Third Edition, 2000 De Chiara, J., Crosbie J.M., Time-Saver Standards for Building Types, McGraw-Hill – Fourt Edition, 2001 Von Naredi-Reiner,P., Museum Buildings: A Design Manual, Birkhäuser, 2004 Hoffmann, H.W., edited by Schittich,Ch., Construction and Design Manual: Museum Buildings, DOM publishers, 2016 Lushington, N., Rudolf, W., Wong, L., Libreries: A Design Manual, Birkhäuser, 2019 Shmolke, B., Construction and Design Manual Theaters and Concert Halls, DOM publishers, secondedition, 2011 Stegers, R., Sacred Buildings, Design Manuals, Birkhäuser, 2011 Additional: Durmišević,E., Pašić,A., Çolakoğlu,B., Dynamic Architecture, University of Twente, 2015 Recent Architectural Magazines, Books about Architecture, Urban planinng, Urban design and Landscape, Architectural Design Manuals and Monographs of Architects

⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.13	Title of the s	ubject:	DESIGN 9 -	Indust	rial Buildings
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st	Ser	nester: 1st		Number of ECTS credits: 6
Status: Obligatory		30 I 42 I	z al number Lectures Exercises eld work	of hour	rs: 75
Teaching staff					n the field to which of architectural
Prerequisites:	none				
Aim (aims) of the subject:	related depend the sele of chara archited the com philoso micro s constru are ena objects	to indust ing on the ction of a acteristic ctural-for structed a phy of co urroundi cted and bled to m in practio	rial objects, e location, fu in adequate constructive mation com area. Studen nstruction o ng, as well a natural envi aster the me ce.	their ch inction, structur e system ponents ts are ir f such o s their i ironmer ethodolo	e students to the issues haracteristics technological process, re through application ns, emphasis of s and humanisation of ntroduced to the objects in macro and nteraction with the nt. Finally, candidates ogy of designing such
Content:	2. 1 2. 1 3. 1 4. (5. 7 1 6. 4 7. V 8. 1 9. (10. 1 11. (construct ndustria riteria; ndustria ndustria Classifica Traffic or nalls. Analysis o Workplac Supply, character Equipping safety; Character ndustrial Material s	ion of indust l object and l zones, complexes tion of indus ganization w of technologi e (dimens static-dyn istics, lightir g and treatm ristic types a buildings; selection crit	trial obj the con indus and pro strial bu vithin in ical dem sions, amic ng, etc.); nent of v and con teria for eristics o	nplex location selection etrial neighborhoods, eduction halls ildings adustrial complexes and nands; organization, energy and microclimatic

UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO – FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE SUBJECT description

	 13. Constructive characteristics of wooden structures; 14. Auxiliary services in an industrial complex (entrance facility, surgery, wardrobe, kitchen, restaurant, buffet); 15. Study visit (visiting a representative object).
Learning outcomes:	 Knowledge: Acquiring specific knowledge of industrial buildings and their design. Skills: Mastering skills of practical application of specific knowledge of designing industrial building. Competences: Designing industrial buildings in practice
Teaching methods:	Ex-cathedra lectures; practical classes – project; visiting representative building
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁷ :	Partial exams, two during semester 16% + 16%, 64% graphical assignment, Lecture Activity and attendance 4% and / or integral/final exam 32% (For those who were not satisfied with the grades on partial exams during the semester). The final grade of the course is based on the lecture regularity of attendance, engagement on them, the quality of graphical assignment and the results of partial and / or integral/final exam. For the final grade to be positive, each exam segment must be evaluated positively.
Bibliography ⁸ :	 Obligatory: 1. Alikalfić, Vera: <i>Industrijski objekti i industrijski kompleksi</i>, Sarajevo, Arhitektonski fakultet u Sarajevu, 2004 2. Damjanović, Vojislav: <i>Industrijski kompleksi i ugrade</i>, Beograd, Građevinska knjiga, različite godine izdanja 3. Fejzić Emir, Bilalić Sabrija: <i>Projektovanje_9, industrujski objekti</i>, skripta Additional: 1. Kurent, Tine: <i>Razvoj industrije in tovarn</i>, Ljubljana, VTOZD Arhitektura - Univerza Edvarda Kardelja, 1980 2. Dančević, Desimir: <i>Industrijski objekti</i>, Niš, Zajednica zavoda za zaštitu na radu, 1967

⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO – FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE SUBJECT description

3. Nestorović, Miodrag: Konstruktivni sistemi -
principi konstruisanja i oblikovanja , Beograd,
Arhitektonski fakultet Univerziteta u Beogradu, 2000
 Popović, Žorž: Zgradarstvo, Beograd, Izdavač autor, 2000
 Georgijevski, Vladimir: <i>Lake metalne konstrukcije</i>, Beograd, Građevinska knjiga, 1990
6. Dančević, Desimir: <i>Konstruktivni sistemi u</i>
<i>visokogradnji</i> , Niš, Institut za dokumentaciju zaštite na radu, 1978
7. Rile, Herman i dr.: Prostorne krovne konstrukcije ,
Beograd, Građevinska knjiga, 1977.
3. Adam, Jürgen; Hausmann, Katharina; Jüttner Frank:
Industrial buildings - a design manual, Birkhäuser
- Publishers for architecture, Basel.Berlin.Boston, 2004
9. Henn, W: <i>Industriebau (Band I, II, III I IV)</i> , Verlag
Georg D.W.Callwey, München, 1966.
10. Sommer, D: Industriebau - Radikale
Umstrukturierung - Praxisreport , Birkhauser,
Basel, 1995.
11. Wustlich, R: <i>Industriarchitektur in Europa</i> , Verlag
Das Beispiel GmbH, Darmstadt, 1996.
 12. Sommer, D. i J. Uh: Industriebau - Markt Macht
<i>Stadt</i> - Praxisreport, Vincenzt Verlag, Hannover, 1997.
13. Edited by Julian Weyer & Sergio Baragano:
<i>Industrial building planning and design</i> , Design
Media Publishing Limited, Hong Kong, 2013
14. Chris van Uffelen: <i>Faktory Design</i> , Braun Publishing
AG, Berlin, 2009.





Code: 01.04.09	Title of the subj	ect: SPATIAL PLANN	ING	
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st	Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 2	
Status: obligatory		Total number of ho	Total number of hours: 30	
		Lectures: 22 Exercises: 8		
Teaching staff	Teachers and spatial	nd associates elected in planning	the field of urbanism	
Prerequisites:	none			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	morpholog area; Affirn multidiscip quality con Bosnia and	Herzegovina; Global a	ons of the constructed ng methodology as a spatial development ng theory and practice in	
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	scales (from explanation (2) the state periphery an Herzegovin (goals, publ sustainable/ (data collect components consensus), methods and (spatial plan (data process (classification poles and ax) protection), (spatial plan EFBiH, ER presentation and obligati <i>red octopus</i> development exercises: res spatial plan	Bosnia and Herzegovina; Global and European trends in spatial planning. (1) spatial planning terminology, definitions and theories, scales (from Agenda 21 to spatial city plan); subject explanation and semester research work methodologies (2) the state of space (population, urbanization, center and periphery and ecological footprint), (3) Bosnia and Herzegovina spatial planning theory; spatial planning goals (goals, public and private interests, societal infrastructure and sustainable/just development), (4) exercises: research work (data collection methodology), (5) economy (sectors, components and ethics – from the Washington to the Beijing consensus), (6) spatial planning methodology (methodology, methods and forecast), (7) spatial planning methodology (spatial planning and politics), (8) exercises: research work (data processing methodology), (9) spatial systems (classification, settlement network and system; development poles and axes; conurbations, interurbations, environment protection), (10) special planning in Bosnia and Herzegovina (spatial plans of SRBiH, peace agreements, spatial plans EFBiH, ERS i DBBiH), (11) exercises: research work (results presentation), (12) planning of Europe: profession regulation and obligations, spatial-functional formations (from Hanse to <i>red octopus</i>) and development perspectives (ESDP – uniform development, competitiveness and future scenarios), (13) exercises: research work (results discussion), (14) ethics and spatial planning practice (deregulation) and (15) discussion (students' experiences and open questions, answers) and		

	Knowledge: Knowledge of spatial planning, methodology and skills included in the planning process; awareness of views originating from other national and cultural
	environments and respect for them
Learning outcomes:	Skills: Capability of developing transdisciplinary
C	understanding of an architect-spatial planner; capability of
	preparing, processing, interpretation and presenting data
	using relevant qualitative and quantitative techniques
	Competences: spatial systems analysis and interpretation
	Lectures and discussion
	Seminar assignment – spatial analysis; an individual and
Teaching methods:	group assignment related to the topic of defining
	metropolitan areas, settlement network and system of
	settlements, social infrastructure, city centres system.
Assessment methods	Semestral assignement (40%) , activity (10%) and final
including grading	exemine (oral and graphical presentation of
structure ⁹ :	individual/group assignment and a critical analysis of
	research results) (0–50 %).
	Obligatory bibliography:
	Bogunović, S. (1984). Metodološke osnove za izradu
	prostornih planova. Sarajevo: Institut za arhitekturu,
	urbanizam i prostorno planiranje Arhitektonskog fakulteta Sarajevo.
	European Commission (1999). ESDP – European spatial
	development perspective: Towards balanced and
	sustainable development of the territory of the European
	Union. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the
	European Communities.
Bibliography ¹⁰ :	Komisija za urbanizam i prostorno uređenje Savezne skupštine (1971).
	Osnove politike urbanizma i prostornog uređenja.
	Pravilnik o načinu izrade, sadržaju i formiranju dokumenata
	prostornog uređenja (2013). Službeni glasnik RS, broj
	69/13.
	Pravilnik o sadržaju, načinu izrade i donošenja dokumenata prostornog uređenja (2011). <i>Službeni glasnik RS</i> , broj
	59/11.
	Prostorni plan Bosne i Hercegovine (1982). <i>Službeni list</i>
	<i>SRBiH</i> , broj 18/82, prečišćeni tekst: 33/88, 15/89.
	Prostorni plan FBiH za period 2008–2028. godina (2012).
	Prijedlog Plana.

⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

Prostorni plan Republike Srpske do 2025. godine (2015).
Službeni glasnik RS, broj 15/15.
Uredba o jedinstvenoj metodologiji za izradu planskih
dokumenata (2004). Službene novine FBiH, broj: 63/04,
50/07, 84/10.
Zakon o prostornom planiranju i korištenju zemljišta na nivou
Federacije Bosne i Hercegovine (2006). Službene novine
FBiH, broj: 2/06, 72/07, 32/08, 4/10, 13/10, 45/10.
Zakon o uređenju prostora i građenju (2013). Službeni glasnik
<i>RS</i> , broj 40/13.
Dopunska literature:
Berry, B.J.L. (1970). Geographic perspectives on urban
systems. London: Prentice Hall, International, INC.
Dühr, S. Colombo, C. i Nadin, V. (2010). European Spatial
Planning and Territorial Cooperation. Oxon: Routledge.
Glasson, J. (1978). Regional planning. London: Hutchinson of
London.
Johnson, A. H. (1970). Urban geography. London: Pergamon
Press.
Krešić, I. (1977). Prostorna ekonomija. Zagreb: Informator.
Marinović-Uzelac, A. (1985). Teorija namjene površina.
Zagreb: Liber.
Marinović-Uzelac, A. (2001). Prostorno planiranje. Zagreb:
Dom svijet.
Žuljić, V-J. (2003). Funkcije centraliteta glavnog grada države
– Sarajevo: Faza I. Studija za potrebe izrade Prostornog
plana Kantona Sarajevo, 2003–2023. Sarajevo:
Ministarstvo prostornog uređenja i zaštite okoliša Kantona
Sarajevo.
Žuljić, V-J., Čengić, N. i Čakarić, J. (2015). Sarajevo
metropola – Koncept razvoja. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski
fakultet Sarajevo.





Code: 01.04.04	Title	e of the subject: URBAN DESIGN 4		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: Obligatory		_	Total number of hou Lectures 15 Exercises 15	urs: 30
Teaching staff		Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs Field – Urbanism and spatial planning		
Prerequisites:		None.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		The goal is to introduce students to the definition, elements, and the essence of urban design, as well as to the kinds and ways of transformation of the constructed area; as well as to provide an insight into the urban structure and city architecture changing processes; Clarification of the role of an urbanist-designer in relation to the kinds and levels of transformations of (a part of) the city, as well as in relation to the relevant spatial-planning regulation.		
Content: (if necessary, the outline plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units)Introduc Archaism models) archetyp Urban an growth o megalop space m Urban m silhouet characte characte residence Introduc transfor projects meaning role of a		Archaism of models); Ty archetypes a Urban and a growth of th megalopolis space morph Urban morp silhouette); character – to character – to residence ar Introduction transformat projects of u meaning of to	pes and concepts of cit and symbols to the city rchetypal matrix, Topo e city – agglomeration , City shape, City plan, nology (urban morpho hology structure – stre Genius loci – the spirit orientation and recogn the natural and the cre ad gathering, Architect to theory and techniq ions (Phases of creatin ions, Importance and r urban transformations, design projects of urba banist – designer in th	e and the symbol, Mental cy construction (from r; Interpretation of terms: os, Development and a, conurbation, Urban form); Urban logy determinants, eet, square, block, city of a place (Place and attion, Identification and eated place; Identity – cure and genius loci); ques of urban ag design projects of meaning of design
Learning outcomes:		the city and as an active	the essence of urban t	ues related to changes of ransformation processes of human surrounding, context;

Teaching methods:	Skills: Defining the urban (re)design in relation to morphological, historical, generative, social, functionalistic, ideological, economical, technical-technological, perceptive and contemporary incentives; Competences: Forming a glossary of terms and introduction to the urban transformation methodology; Theoretical part (lectures and individual consultations and practical part (practical classes – development of a detailed urban design of transformations at a selected complex, entailing a graphical and conceptual solution); Field work (surveying users of a space, an insight onto the work of the relevant institutions).
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹¹ :	Partial evaluation (two tests during the semester which consist of a graphical conceptual design of the transformation - I: 12,5-20% and II: 7,5-10%), graphical conceptual design of the transformation (20-30%) and the final exam which focuses on testing knowledge acquired in the theoretical section (15-30%); The final grade consists of students activities in the classroom (5/10%), grades achieved at the graphical part and at the final exam. A positive grade in the conceptual design of a transformation which is a precondition for the final written exam.
Bibliography ¹² :	Obligatory: Čakarić, J, Urbanističko projektovanje 4 – Skripta, Arhitektonski fakultet u Sarajevu, 2013 Cullen, G, Gradski pejzaž, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1971 Čakarić, J, Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012 Čakarić, J, Doktorska disertacija: Voda u "ideji" grada. Poseban osvrt na transformaciju i kontekst, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2010 Čakarić, J, Magistarski rad: Grad i voda, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2008 Kostof, S, A History of Architecture. Settings and Rituals, Oxford University Press, Inc, Oxford, New York, 1995 Kostof, S, The City Shaped. Urban Patterns and Meanings Trough History, Thames&Hudson, Ltd, London, 2001 Krier, R, Gradski prostor u teoriji i praksi, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1999

¹¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO -	- FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE
SUBJECT	description

Lynch, K, Slika jednog grada, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1974
Norber-Schulz, C, Genius loci, AE, London, 1979
Radović, R, Forma grada, Stylos, Novi Sad i Orion Art,
Beograd, 2003
Additional:
Marinović-Uzelac, A, Prostorno planiranje, Dom i Svijet,
Zagreb, 2001
Mumford, L, Kultura gradova, Mediterran Publishing, Novi
Sad, 2010
Norber-Schulz, C, Intencije u arhitekturi, Naklada Jesenski i
Turk, Zagreb, 2009





Code of subject: 01.02.08.	Name of subject: PRESERVATION OF ARCHITECTURAL HERITAGE			
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 1st		Semester: 1st	Number of ETCS credits: 3
			Total number of hou	ırs: 30
Status: OBLIGATORY			Optional distribution of he Lectures 15 Exeminiation 15	ours by type:
				in the domain to which
Participants		-	belongs Field of theor	
Day and such that for a		architecture	and preservation of cu	iltural heritage
Pre-requisite for enrollment		-		
Goal (objectives) o the course:	of	 Historical Concept: Considering the architectural heritage, the historical framework is defined by the boundaries of the Middle Ages from one and the socialist period on the other. Theoretical concept: Acquiring knowledge on methods of research, analysis, valorization, and protection and reconstruction - conservation and restoration. Practical concept: Getting acquainted with numerous tools that appear as methods in the teaching process, enable students to develop complete projects, aligning the interdisciplinary and specificity of the ZGN. Economic tools such as the sustainability and SWOT analysis are used, to the extent necessary for the elaboration of the protection or 		
Thematic units: (if necessary, the performance plan pe week is determined talking into account specificities of the organizational units	by the	 protection and reconstruction project. 1. Information, literature, mode 2. Methods of protection: RESTAURATION AND CONSERVATION - Renovation and protection of the architectural heritage 3. Methodological approach (research, analysis, valorization, determination of protection boundaries and contact zones) 4. Choice of methodological procedure 5. Active protection of the architectural heritage 6. Use of the architectural heritage 7. Feasibility studies / sustainability studies 8. Determination of degradation and methodologies 9. Determination of degradation and methodologies 10. Defining the level of intervention 11. Preventive protection methods before restoration of guidelines for the active protection of the active pro		

	the architectural heritage	
	-	
	13. Methods of protection and economics of the cultural	
	property	
	1. Assign tasks to each candidate individually	
	2. Exploring historical location data	
	3. Urban situation of the situation	
	4. Historical urban transformation	
	5. Historical urban transformation	
	6. Records cards	
Exercises - practical	7. Records cards	
work (weekend	8. Evidence cards	
exercise plan)	9. Clausura	
	10. Ambition cards	
	11. Reference example	
	12. Analysis according to ambient parameters	
	13. Management plan	
	14. Feasibility studies	
	15. Project program + reference examples	
	Knowledge: Through this course, students gain knowledge	
	of the entire process of protection of the architectural	
	heritage, using all the complex tools available and applying	
	the methodological procedure of the original and existing	
	state, this time on a wider scope, which is treated as an	
	ambience and which through numerous parameters	
	confirms the uniformity or diversity in style. sense.	
	communs the uniformity of diversity in style. sense.	
	Skills: Ability to define and solve problems in ambient	
Learning outcomes:	units and in valorized objects, making it possible to make	
	certain decisions based on valorisation.	
	certain decisions based on valorisation.	
	Compatances: Through this course, students gain	
	Competences: Through this course, students gain competencies to make independent judgments within	
	established ambient values and to make a decision on site	
	intervention using all the learned tools, ie methods, through	
	learning about ambient values through the development of	
	ambient maps in practice and on specific tasks.	
	Lectures with projections and comparison with different	
Methods of teaching:	methods and techniques.	
	Work under supervision - a project.	
	Work on exercises.	
Knowledge testing	Exercises - semester assignment - 25-40%	
methods with a rating		
structure ¹³ :	Final exam - 30-50%	

¹³ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

	Partial knowledge assessment after the 6th and 13th lectures.		
LiteraturE ¹⁴ :	Required: Brock, Guiliani, Moisescu, Il centro antico di Capua, Marsilio Editore, Padova, 1972. Carbonarra, G., Iole Pietrafitta Franca, Dieci Tesi di Restauro (1970-1981), Universita degli studi di Roma "La Sapienza", Roma, 1986. Chabbouh Akšamija L., Arhitektura svrhe, . Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2004. Chabbouh Akšamija L., Šabić L., Tradicionalna travnička kuća, Zavičajni muzej u Travniku, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2018. Chabbouh Akšamija L., Tradicija između autentičnosti i falsifikata, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2015. Hrasnica, M., Arhitekt: Josip Pospišil - život i djelo, Sarajevo, Arhitektonski fakultet, 2003. Husedžinović, S, Valorizacija islamske sakralne arhiekture Banja Luke s analizom njenog rušenja kroz povijest (neobjavljena doktorska disertacija), Zagreb, 1997. Krzović, I. Arhitektura BiH 1878-1918, Sarajevo, Umjetnička galerija BiH, 1987. Kurto, N., BiH, razvoj bosanskog sloga, Sarajevo, Međunarodni centar za mir, 1998. Marasović, T., Aktivni pristup graditeljskom nasljeđu, Sveučilište u Splitu, Split, 1985. Marasović, T., graditeljskog nasljeđa, Društvo konzervatora Hrvatske, Zagreb, 1983. Redžić, H., Islamska umjetnost (Umjetnost na tlu Jugoslavije), Beograd, Zagreb, Mostar, IZJ, 1975. Redžić, H., Studije o islamskoj arhiektonskoj baštini, Sarajevo, Svjetlost, 1983. Sanković Simičić V., Revitalizacija graditeljske baštine, NNP naša riječ d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2000. Schuller, M., Building Archaeology, München, ICOMOS, 2002. Zevi, B., Znati gledati arhitekturu, Zagreb, Naklada Lukom, 2000. Zevi, L., Il Manuale del Resauro Architettonico, Mancosu editore, Roma, 2002. Supplementary: In consultation with the subject professor individually in relation to the specificity of the topic of each		
	individual candidate.		

¹⁴The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo





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Form SP2

ELECTIVE SUBJECTS IN 1st SEMESTER

Code: 01.04.10	Title of the subje	le of the subject: CITY CENTRES		
Cycle: 2nd Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 3	
Status: ELECTIVE		Total number of ho	urs: 45	
		Lectures: 15 Exercises: 30		
Teaching staff		and associates elected in the field to which ect belongs [field – urbanism and spatial planning]		
Prerequisites:	none			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	distribution types of city urban groun (Engagemen	The aim of the subject is to elaborate the phenomena, distribution, hierarchy and functional organisation of all types of city centres. Their relationship as opposed to the urban grounds and parking spaces and vehicular traffic. (Engagement on an urban project in urban development and architectural companies)		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	centres (gra of influence centres fro Centrality, consequence Ways and c intraurban of city cen central area determinan central zone Themes cov inherited ce medieval, re centre); urb	 (Engagement on an urban project in urban development and architectural companies.) City centres – functions of centrality; Classification of city centres (gravitational classification and gravitational sphere of influence; functional classification, classification of centres from the aspect of urban form and shapes); Centrality, nodality and local use; Urban system as a consequence of gravitational classification of city centres; Ways and concepts of organisation of central areas of the city; Functional atractivity as a method of measuring intraurban systems of city centres; Compositional elements of city centre spatial organisation; Urban equipment of central areas of the city; Pedestrian zones as a conceptual determinant of city centres; Traffic and its specificities in the central zone of the city; Themes covered in practical classes: analysis of the inherited central city zones from different periods (a medieval, renaissance, baroque contemporary city and its centre); urban morphology analysis – elements that shape city centres; accents as recognisable reference points within centrality functions and open areas of the city. 		
Learning outcomes: Knowiedge: from differe Knowing spa planning pro present the		: Ability to receive and ent sources (textual, nu atial planning and skil	react to information meric, verbal, graphical); Is that are a part of the re, process, interpret and	

	Skills:		
	Competences:		
Teaching methods:	Lectures and comments – between the theory and applied practice. Measuring city centre systems.		
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁵ :	Semestral assignement (40%), activity (10%) and final exemine (oral and written/graphical presentation of individual/group assignment and a critical analysis of city centre system measurements) (0–50 %).		
Bibliography ¹⁶ :	Obligatory: Bacon, E. N. (1969). <i>Design of Cities</i> . London: Thames & Hudson. Ćuković, M. (1985). <i>Gradski centri</i> . Sarajevo: Svjetlost. Gosling, M. (1984). <i>Urban design</i> . New York: St. Martin's Press. Krier, R. (1980). <i>Urban space</i> . London: Academy editions. Maretić, M. (1966). <i>Gradski centri</i> . Zagreb: Školska knjiga. Martinović, T. (1977). <i>Slobodno vrijeme i suvremeno društvo</i> . Zagreb: Informator. Samuels, I., Panerai, P., & Castex, J. (1989). <i>Urbane forme</i> . Beograd: Građevinska knjiga. Taylor, L. (Ed.). (1988). <i>Urban open space</i> . London: Academy editions. Zite, K. (1967). <i>Umjetničko oblikovanje gradova</i> . Beograd: Građevinska knjiga. Žuljić, V-J. (1981/1998). <i>Gradski centri; Stanovanje –</i> <i>stambena naselja; Makrourbani centri; Rekreacija - Separati</i> . Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet Sarajevo. Additional:		

¹⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.04.15	Title of the subje	le of the subject: MACRO-URBAN AREAS		
Cycle: 2nd Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 3	
Status: elective	Status: elective		urs: 45	
		Lectures: 15 Exercises: 30		
Teaching staff		nd associates elected belongs [field – urbanist	l in the field to which m and spatial planning]	
Prerequisites:	none			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	developmen	Studying the basic urban indicators in the phase of development of certain macro-urban areas for specific purposes. Ways of internal organisation and goals of their construction		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	organisation basic chara pertaining to between the internal tra between the formation co areas; an a practical cl premises, eo Topics treat urban areas in a certain for concepto	Macro-urban areas as a need of the contemporary organisational forms in urban and also wider areas; the basic characteristics of macro-urban areas and functions pertaining to this form of urban solution; the relationship between the city – an urban area and a macro-urban centre; internal traffic of the macro-urban centre and connections between the centre and the city traffic system; spatial and formation characteristics and specificities of macro-urban areas; an analysis of three to four macro-urban areas at practical classes (traffic terminals, fair and exhibition premises, eco-techno parks, large shopping centres, etc.). Topics treated at practical classes: an analysis of a macro- urban areas and finding an adequate location of the centre, in a certain city, that is, its widest surrounding; a proposal for conceptual organisational scheme of a centre – a		
Learning outcomes	location sele area; Under macro-urba this field. Skills:			
Teaching methods	Ex-cathedra	Ex-cathedra lectures with adequate analyses and programme criteria		

Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁷ :	Semestral assignement (40%), activity (10%) and final exemine (oral and graphical presentation of the individual/group work and a critical analysis of the results) (0–50 %).		
Bibliography ¹⁸ :	 Obligatory: Bacon, E. N. (1969). Design of Cities. London: Thames & Hudson. Ćuković, M. (1985). Gradski centri. Sarajevo: Svjetlost. Gosling, M. (1984). Urban design. New York: St. Martin's Press. Krier, R. (1980). Urban space. London: Academy editions. Maretić, M. (1966). Gradski centri. Zagreb: Školska knjiga. Norberg-Schulz, C. (1975). Egzistencija, prostor i arhitektura (M. J. Maksimović, Transl.). Beograd: Građevinska knjiga. Samuels, I., Panerai, P., & Castex, J. (1989). Urbane forme. Beograd: Građevinska knjiga. Taylor, L. (Ed.). (1988). Urban open space. London: Academy editions. Žuljić, V-J. (1984/1990/2000). Gradski centri; Stanovanje - stambena naselja; Makrourbani centri; Rekreacija, Separati. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet Sarajevo. 		

¹⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.30	Title of the subj	itle of the subject: PRESCHOOL BUILDINGS		
Cycle: 2nd Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 3	
Status: ELECTIVE		Total number of ho	Total number of hours: 45	
		Lectures 15 Exercises 30		
Teaching staff		Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs – Department of Arhchitektural Design		
Prerequisites:	-			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	buildings for as per specif introduction architectura architectura	Introducing students to issues in the process of designing buildings for preschool children and development of awareness as per specific needs of preschool children, as well as introduction to variety of approaches and contemporary architectural trends for the purpose of finding adequate architectural solutions that need to be an optimal framework for the realisation of needs of preschool children.		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	line subject, and more than 2 children is tr comprehens that concern experience - experience a practical class	Since the teaching process is conducted within an elective subject, and keeping in mind the limited number of students (not more than 21), the content related to buildings for preschool children is treated. For the purpose of introducing students more comprehensively to the matter related to such spaces, themes that concern children, their perception, and symbolic spatial experience – imagination, sensory and motoric spatial experience and participation in space are treated in lectures and practical classes. Apart from that, different preschool pedagogical systems directly influencing the spatial organisation		
Learning outcome	Knowledge: students acc space they s influence of that promot Skills: Stude organization Competence	 Knowledge: By successfully mastering content of the subject, students acquire knowledge on the needs of children, nature of space they spend time in, as well as on both direct and indirect influence of space to a possibility of stimulation of imagination that promotes creativity development. Skills: Students adopt project design skills, project planning and organization, presentation and communication skills. Competences: Students master the design and planning skills regarding pre-school buildings. 		
Teaching methods	Lectures and as a combina the students week). Stude and practica Contact hou tests are org	Lectures and practical classes are obligatory and are organis as a combination of informative and interactive classes for we the students need to pre-prepare during the week (cca. 4 ho week). Students are obliged to actively participate at lecture and practical classes in a minimum of 80% of the total numb Contact hours. Apart from participation at lectures during we tests are organised, in practical classes each student needs to participate in a group consisting of three students, and prepare		

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	thematic project of a smaller preschool institution/kindergarten at a fictitious or real location with previous consultations with the professor in charge of the subject. Students orally present the assignment that consists of an analytical part, as well as creation and presentation of an architectural project. The scope of the assignment within practical classes is dimensioned with respect to the number of guided learning planned for the subject, which the student should use for preparation of the work.
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁹ :	In the classes described above, students are assessed during the semester (lectures and practical classes) and if they prove successful in all requirements of the subject, they are assessed and awarded a certain number of points and do not take the final presentation.
Bibliography ²⁰ :	Obligatory: Došen-Dobud, A. (1977). Odgoj i obrazovanje u dječijem vrtiću. Zagreb: Pedagoško-knjževni zbor. Dudek, M. (2000). Kindergarten Architecture. London: Spon Press. Kara Pešić, Ž. (1986). Dorasti za bravu. Belgrade: Zavod za izdavačku delatnost "Filip Višnjić". , Additional: Korać, Ž. (1985). Razvoj psihologije opažanja. Belgrade: Nolit. Mandić, R. (2002). Prostori imaginacije. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Mandić, R. (2010/2011). Skripte iz predmeta Objekti za djecu predškolskog uzrasta. Izbor tekstova raznih autora. (An ubpublished manuscript). Piaget, J. (1983). Poreklo saznanja (M. Nikolić, Transl.). Belgrade: Nolit. Valon, A. (1985). Psihički razvoj deteta. Belgrade: Zavod za udžbenike i nastavna sredstva.

¹⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

²⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.47	Title of the subject: PROBLEMS OF MODERNITY OF FAMILY HOUSES		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st	Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 6
Status: ELECTIVE		Total number of ho Lectures 30 Exercises 54 Field work / site visit	
Teaching staff	field/Depa	tural construction an	in the al design / Department d building technology /
Prerequisites:			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	housing, both traditional w present. The elements of c teach them a architecture complexity o technological materializati ambience, en place of collis existential hu social and na	Contemporary lifestyle influences the change in the concept of housing, both functionally and aesthetically. However, the traditional way of experiencing housing spaces is still highly present. The goal is to introduce students to the relevant elements of contemporary understanding of living spaces, and to teach them a free and creative approach to forming modernity in architecture of such objects. To emphasise the significance and complexity of building envelopes through technical- technological principles, constructive solutions and materialization, for the purpose of advancing architectural ambience, energy balance and building modernity. They are the place of collision between internal parameters defined by existential human needs, and external parameters, defined by social and natural surrounding.	
Content: (if necessary, the outline plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units)	important ele formation of At the same t differentiatin modernity) in concrete assi Through a sy aided by the contemporar solutions for congruent wit Concrete city and the proce institutions, cultural idem After the intr new contemp introduced, t	Through a series of lectures, students will be introduced to all important elements and circumstances that influence the formation of awareness on the contemporary residential space. At the same time, they will understand the importance of differentiating the key terms (modern, modernisation, modernity) in architectural theory and their application in a concrete assignment. Through a synchronised work at lectures and practical classes, aided by the relevant examples, students will analyse the contemporary architectural realisations and will offer their own solutions for "new modernity" of family houses that are congruent with the needs of the society and the environment. Concrete city location is selected for the topic of the assignment, and the process itself is unfolded in cooperation with relevant institutions, with full respect of objective characteristics and cultural identity. After the introductory lectures of the essence and importance of new contemporary living concepts, students will be further introduced, through lectures, practical and research work, to the principles of materialization, systems, components and passive	

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SUBJECT description

	strategies in architectural design (atrial concept, transparent		
	envelopes designed to meet building physics requirements and		
	EE, natural materials - contemporary solutions).		
Learning outcomes:	Knowledge: Understanding the essence and importance of new concepts of contemporary housing, conditioned by an "accelerated evolution", that is, accelerated changes in all segments of life. Considering architectural issues of the family house as an important part of the present and future constructed space, as well as accepting the contemporary architectural expressions for the purpose of increasing the quality of life and constructing the system of values that supports humanisation and democratisation of architecture as art, which is socially and ethically responsible. Skills: Students acquire skills of analytical approach to the particular design problem, by using the synthesis of theoretical and practical approach. They, also, acquire skills to guide and realise specific design process, from initial designing idea into the concrete conceptual project. Competences: It is expected that the students will, in cooperation with the relevant institutions, offer guidelines (presented in the form of a study) for designing family houses at specific urban locations, for the purpose of further advancing construction and redesign. Students will be introduced to the contemporary concepts of transparent envelope materialization and the use of natural materials in terms of sustainable design, better quality of life and		
Teaching methods:	EE (traditional experience - contemporary solutions). The teaching process includes a theoretical part, delivered at lectures, as well as a practical part, implemented at practical classes at which sketches, analysis and models are developed, resulting in a new proposal (project), adequately presented. Students work in two phases – group work, where they determine the basis and guidelines for the entire locality, as well as individual work, where every student develops a detailed conceptual design of an object on a selected parcel, with accompanying construction details. An important segment of work is continual engagement on the model in all phases of the designing process.		
Assessment methods including grading structure ²¹ :	The grade is assigned through the in-semester project development of the assignment in three phases (50%), final project delivery + presentations (40%) and student participation (up to 10%).		
Bibliography ²² :	Obligatory: Colquhoun, A. (1989). Modernity and Classical Tradition – Architectural Essays 1980-1987. Cambridge, Massachusetts: MIT Press.		

²¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

²² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special

h	
	Ibelings, H. (2002). Supermodernism Architecture in the Age of
	Globalization. Rotterdam: NAi Publishers.
	Jencks, C. J. (1986). Moderni pokreti u arhitekturi (S. Litvinović,
	S. Maksimović, Transl.). Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga.
	Ugljen-Ademović, N. (2007). Dvojnost pristupa problemu
	integriranja novog u postojeće u arhitektonskom oblikovanju
	(Doctoral dissertation)
	Baylon, M. (1980) Stanovanje - Tema 6: Stan - kuća. Beograd:
	Arhitektonski fakultet.
	Blum, HJ., Compagno, A., Fitzner, K., Heusler, W., Hortmanns, M.,
	Hosser, D., Sedlacek, G. (2001). Doppelfassaden. Berlin: Ernst
	& Sohn
	Compagno, A. (2002). Intelligent Glass Façades: Material, Practice, Design. Basel: Birkhäuser.
	Duran, S. C. (Ed.). (2011). Energieeffiziente Häuser. Barcelona : FKG
	Fajardo, J. (Ed.). (2008). Skin. Architecture & Volume. Kerkdriel:
	Librero.
	Hadrović, A. (2010). Arhitektonska fizika (2. izd.). Sarajevo:
	Arhitektonski fakultet.
	Additional: Ghirardo, D. (1996). Architecture After Modernism.
	London: Thames & Hudson.
	Jencks, C. J. (2000). Architecture 2000 and Beyond. Chichester:
	Wiley-Academy.
	Jodidio, P. (2001). New Forms – Architecture in the 1990s.
	Cologne: Taschen
	Le Corbusier, C-E. J. (1976). Towards a New Architecture.
	London: The Architectural Press.
	Radović, R. (1998). Savremena arhitektura – između stalnosti i
	promena ideja i oblika. Novi sad: Stylos.
	Ugljen-Ademović, N. (2012). Kritika - stimulans arhitektonskoj
	ideji. Sarajevo: Dobra knjiga.
	Kaltenbach, F. (Ed.). (2004). Translucent Materials: Glass,
	Plastics, Metals. Basel: Birkhäuser Edition Detail.
	Knaack, U., Klein, T., Bilow, M., & Auer, T. (2007). Façades.
	Principles of Construction. Basel: Birkhäuser.
	Phillips, D. (1971). Osvetljenje u arhitektonskom projektovanju.
	Beograd: Građevinska knjiga.
	beograa, araacviniska kiijiga.

decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.46	Title	e of the subject: DESIGN OF TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY FACILITIES			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 6	
Status: ELH	ECTOR	IAL	Total number of hou	ırs: 90	
		Lectures 30 Exercises 60			
Teaching s	taff		sociates elected in the ngs – Department of A		
Prerequisi	tes:	-			
Aim (aims) the subject	-	and national inco destinations. In the infrastructure and expanding. This c and build on the lef first cycle of studie 4, where they beck and its impact on their understandie to hospitality and students' awarene understanding of tourists, hoteliers characteristics and locality. This will and solve the task tourism and caterene Herzegovina, both environments. The development of to knowledge in the Critical con hospitality, Functional Design me Graphic pr projects. The course aims t Graphic pr	me of countries that ar ne twenty-first century d facilities is becoming ourse offers students t knowledge they gained des, specifically in the c ame familiar with the p the field of construction ng through work on a s hotel management. The ess of new trends in the the general and specific and investors of these d needs of the local po enable them to choose a creatively. The need for ing facilities is increas in in urban, and rural ar the course aims to promourism by helping stud areas of: insideration of the archite	, the construction of tourist increasingly relevant and he opportunity to apply in the VI semester of the ompulsory course Design phenomenon of tourism on. Students will verify specific design task related he course aims to raise is field and to develop an ic needs of potential users - e facilities - as well as the pulation and the selected an appropriate typology or new construction of ing in Bosnia and reas, and natural ote the sustainable ents to acquire new itecture of tourism and m and hospitality facilities, tion of architectural op the following skills: tion of architectural	

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Content: (<i>if necessary, the</i> <i>outline plan per</i> <i>week is</i> <i>determined by</i> <i>taking into</i> <i>account the</i> <i>specificity of</i> <i>organizational</i> <i>units</i>)	Thematic units cover a range of tourist and hospitality facilities and specific tourism and hospitality formations that can be found in urban and natural environments, intended for the accommodation of guests and tourists, such as: City hotels: City Passenger-Transit, Sports, Congress; Tourist hotels; Combined-Integrated hotels: City-Tourist Hotel; Golf hotels; Aparthotels; Concept hotels: Small Luxury Hotel, Art Hotel, Boutique Hotel, Spa Hotel; Spa and Health hotels: Balneological, Thalassotherapy, Climate; Youth hostels; Motels: Transit motel, Combined-Integrated Touristic-Transit motel; Tourist resorts: Apartment complexes, Hotel complexes, Resorts; Marinas; Camps.
Learning outcomes:	 (Knowledge) After the course, students will: Be able to apply the theoretical and professional knowledge acquired in the first cycle of studies, especially from the material that the student mastered through the mandatory course DESIGN 4. Distinguish between different types of facilities for tourism and hospitality that occur within city urban areas and natural environments. (Skills) Students will be able to, in a given urban and/or naturally valuable environment, depending on specific conditions: Evaluate which type of hotel is appropriate to design in the given environment. Apply principles of architectural design to the design of tourism and hospitality facilities. Apply theoretical knowledge in the field of tourism and hospitality to specific tasks. Deliver public presentations of architectural projects. Critically analyze projects in the field of tourism and hospitality.
Teaching methods:	Attendance at lectures and exercises, as well as preparation for the exercises, is mandatory. Lectures are organized as a combination of informative and interactive teaching. Students are required to continuously prepare for lectures and work on the exercises themselves, which include reading literature, analyzing examples from practice, and working on practical graphic projects. Throughout the semester, field trips are organized to visit locations relevant to the course. Work on the exercises is done through analysis and completion of a semester assignment that is partly supervised and partly independent. The method of work for teachers and associates with students is individualized and immediate, working with students either individually or in groups. During the semester, two phases of practical work in the form of graphic projects are taught, which students present publicly and are evaluated. In the last week of classes, final presentations of student work are organized. Students are expected to actively

	participate in lectures, exercises, and discussions during	
	presentations of student work.	
Assessment methods including grading structure ²³ :	 Grading for the subject will follow this structure: Graphical/analytical works during the semester and presentations - 45% Activity - 10% Final graphic work - 45% The criteria for evaluating graphic works will be as follows: Correct application of theoretical knowledge in the fields of designing tourism and hospitality facilities - 60% of the graphic work grade. Complexity of the task - 20% of the graphic work grade. Level of graphic presentation (use of appropriate graphic culture and techniques in practical work) - 20% of the graphic work grade. 	
Bibliography ²⁴ :	Obligatory: Frey, T., & Ronstedt, M. (2014). Hotelbauten: Handbuch und Planungshilfe. Dom Publishers. Lawson, F.L. (2007). Hotels & Resorts: Planning, Design and Refurbishment. Butterworth Architecture. Penner, R.H., Adams, L., & Rutes, W. (2012). Hotel Design, Planning and Development (2nd ed.). Routledge. Skorup, J. (2020). Atomizirani hotel. Zagreb: ArTresor naklada. Laws Federal Ministry of Environment and Tourism - Bosnia and Herzegovina (fmoit.gov.ba) Tourism and hospitality (Categorization, Legal framework/BiH). Additional: Magazines dealing with tourism and hospitality issues: The Architectural Review - AR, L'Architecture d'Aujourd'hui - AA, Techniques et Architecture - TA, Deutsche BauZeitschrift – DBZ, Deutsche Bauzeitung - DB, ORIS, ČIP, itd. Relevantne arhitektonske web stranice: ArchDaily, Dezeen, DesignBoom, Architectural Digest, Architects' Journal, etc.	

²³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

²⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.04.37	Title of the subject: SPATIAL ORGANISATION OF THE CITY – A CONCEPT			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of study: 1		Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: elective			Total number of h	ours: 45
			Lectures: 15 Exercises: 30	
Teaching staff				ed in the field to which ism and spatial planning]
Prerequisites:	nc	one		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	he the city with is for a stu complex urb		n emphasis on planni Ident to understand	es to spatial organisation of ng of urban units. The goal spatial components of a them to the conceptual plan ce.
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by takin into account the specificity of organizational units	king relationship. Specific characteristics of a city; Spate infrastructure as a bedrock of an urban space. Topics covered in practical classes: Analysis of general plans; Analysis and proposal of a spatial development		rban functions and their ristics of a city; Spatial urban space. es: Analysis of general	
Learning outcome	Knowledge: Building awareness on the cause and ex- relationship between nature, human activity and state in society; Ability to understand the system and its eleme		nan activity and state in the e system and its elements, cion; Ability to transmit	
Teaching methods	e pr ap	Intellectual unveiling of spatial organisation and practical presentation by an inductive-deductive method in the approach to the theoretical problematizing of this complex task of urban planning.		
Assessment methods including grading exemine (or		al and graphical pres	ctivity (10%) and final centation of the cical analysis of the results)	

²⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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Additional:	Bibliography ²⁶ :	 Obligatory: Perišić, D. (1985). <i>O prostornom planiranju</i>. Beograd: Institut za arhitekturu i urbanizam Srbije. Piha, B. (1973). <i>Prostorno planiranje</i>. Belgrade: Službeni list SFRJ. "Planiranje i uređenje prostora" – Metodološki pristup primjeni zakona. (1977). Beograd: Zavod za urbanizam i komunalne djelatnosti Srbije. Marinović-Uzelac, A. (2001). <i>Prostorno planiranje</i>. Zagreb: Dom svijet. Marinović-Uzelac, A. (1985). <i>Teorija namjene površina</i>. Zagreb: Liber. Johnson, A. H. (1970). <i>Urban geography</i>. London: Pergamon Press. Krešić, I. (1977). <i>Prostorna ekonomija</i>. Zagreb: Informator.
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²⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.01.22.	Title of the subject: DEVELOPMENT OF ART ELEMENTS THROUGH REALISTIC AND ABSTRACT EXPRESS THROUGH DRAWINGS AND IMAGES			
Cycle: 2	Year stud	of the	Semester: 1	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: Elective		Total number of hou Lectures 1, Exercises 1, (+ Field work); Classes are integral – lectu conducted simultaneously	ures and practical lessons are	
Teaching staff				the field to which the SPATIAL AND GRAPHICAL
Prerequisites:	requisites: Successful c Freehand D The course i course Free		rawing. s intended for students <i>hand Drawing 4</i> from 8 tudents per course is 1	5.
Aim (aims) of the subject:	10			evelopment of already of Freehand Drawing 1,
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by takin into account the specificity of organizational units	g	 proje Photo Work Study Study Intro proje Photo work Work Work Work (e.g. a Work (e.g. a Work (e.g. a Work (e.g. a Photo 	on the sketches; drawing; drawing; ductory lecture: "Color ctions and visual analy	vsis); of the selected building, "" (lecture with vsis); in the selected building, vchromatic approach vchromatic approach vchromatic approach vchromatic approach e selected space

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	 Work with the color - a polychromatic approach (e.g. aquarelle/acrylic); An introductory lecture followed by presenting images and adequate examples from the history of art; Work on the sketches; A selection of sketches and work on the final task - a polychromatic approach. 		
Learning outcomes:	Knowledge: Raising a higher level of artistic quality of works and creative approach; Skills: Working on new materials and techniques and upgrading the quality of work; Competences: Possibility of critical review in the context of artistic issue of architectural work.		
Teaching methods:	Classes are integral – lectures and practical lessons are conducted simultaneously. A certain number of classes are held on site as needed. Lectures are followed by a practical demonstration in accordance with the individual approach of the professor.		
Assessment methods including grading structure ²⁷ :	Attendance at lectures and workshops, activities that include engagement in discussions, assembling of materials and work on the sketches. The grade is assigned on the basis of practical classes and the final work. The distribution is as follows: in-class participation 30% practical classes 70%		
Bibliography ²⁸ :	 Obligatory: Arnheim, R. (1971) Umjetnost i vizuelno zapažanje (psihologija stvaralačkog gledanja), Beograd: Umetnička akademija Arnheim, R. (1981) Umjetnost i vizuelno zapažanje (psihologija stvaralačkog gledanja) (V. Stojić, Transl.), Beograd: Univerzitet umjetnosti Arnheim, R. (1985) Vizuelno mišljenje (jedinstvo slike i pojma) (V. Stojić, Transl.), Beograd: Univerzitet umjetnosti 		
	Additional:		

²⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

²⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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 Bangal, B. (1999) Priručnik "Falken": Crtanje i slikanje, Beograd: Jugoslovenska knjiga D'Amelio, J. (1964) Perspective drawing handbook, New York Leon Amiel, Dodson, B. (1990) Keys to Drawing, Cincinnati, NorhtLight Books Ilatovskaya, T. (1996) Master Drawings Rediscovered - Treasures from prewar German Collections, New York
- Harry N. Abrams, Nicodemi, G. B. (1983) Come
Disegnare Natura Morta – Paesaggio – Figurh,
Milano, Ottawa: Il Ccastello





Code: 01.04.21	Title of the subj	ject: REDESIGNING	URBAN GROUND FLOOR	
Coue: 01.04.21		Open city spaces – City architecture		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st	Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 3	
Status: ELECTIVE		Total number of l Lectures 15 Exercises 30	hours: 45	
Teaching staff	the subjec	Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs Field – Urbanism and spatial planning		
Prerequisites:	None.	None.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	space, with componen Today, rece model in a	Understanding the direct process of design of the city space, with a careful selection of materialisation components. Approaches to designing an open space. Today, reconstructing the city space seems like a behaviour model in an interspace between the constructed and the defined urban ensembles.		
defined urIntroductionmorphologsquare, blapromenadaunconstructparks, fofunctionali(if necessary, the outlineplan per week isof selectivedetermined by takinginto account thespecificity ofof the recespecificity oforganizational units)culture ofpsychologiVisual comurban spaceof the curr		gy of the city space ock, crossroads, spe- es, nodal points, spec cted cultural and hist untains, monument ity of urban street fu he pedestrian level; A re construction mate and environmental); construction of urba n of aesthetical com f line, traditional m ical components in nmunications and the and floor; Spatial and ce perception phenor	ace design; Typology and and the open space: street, scial areas (social activities, cial forms of recreation, open torical complexes of the city, tal places); Design and irniture – an introduction to A critical overview to the use erials (functional, aesthetic, ; Constructive consequences an ground floor in objects; nponents (composition, the matrix); Technological and designing urban furniture; eir micro correlation in the d morphological sequences – mena; Comparative analysis practice, in accordance with	
Learning outcomes:Knowledge: A critical overview to the assigned spatia scope; Skills: Designing a detail of an unconstructed area in city (square, piazzetta, city space, open space); Competences: City space visualisation – details.		inconstructed area in the ce, open space);		
Teaching methods:Theoretical part (lectures and individual practical part (practical classes – elabor		ndividual consultations) and		

	reshaping the selected spatial scope of the urban ground floor);		
Assessment methods including grading structure ²⁹ :	Individual work at practical classes, discussion upon presentation of the assignment, final written exam for students who fail to achieve the required minimum of points during the semester.		
Bibliography ³⁰ :	Obligatory: Čakarić, J, Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012 Gehl, J. i Gemzoe, L, New city spaces, Danish Architectural Press, Copenhagen, 2001 Halprin, L, Gradovi, Agora, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1973 Kahn, H, Slijedećih 200 godina, (1776-1976-2076), Stvarnost, Zagreb, 1976 Rossi, A, Arhitektura grada, Agora, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1996 Rossi, A, The Architecture of the City, MIT, Boston, Massachusetts, 1997 Taylor, L, Urban Open Space, Academy Edition, London, 1981 Uhlig K, Pedestrian Areas - from Malls to Complete Networks, Academy Edition, London, 1979 Venturi, R, Braun, D. S. i Ajzenur S, Pouke Las Vegasa, Agora, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988 Zite, K, Umjetničko oblikovanje gradova, Agora, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1967 Additional: Other literature recommended in accordance with the narrow thematic determinants of the elective group.		

²⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

³⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.51	Title of the subject: CONTEMPORARY SPATIAL CONCEPTS, DESIGN AND PROTOTYPE		
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 1st	Semester: 1st	Number of ECTS credits: 6
Status: Elective		Total number of ho Lectures 45 Exercises 45 Field work / site visits	urs: 90
Teaching staff	field/Depa of archited	Teachers and associates elected in the field/Department of architectural design / Department of architectural construction and building technology / Guest lecturers	
Prerequisites:	-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	connecting products, a Introducin modular a "smart" teo ecological recycled r objects, int and techn individual, Structural principles o Designing purpose sustainabil long chang	 Promoting a comprehensive approach to design through connecting levels of architectural design, interior design and products, and creating models and prototypes. Introducing students to a conceptual approach in designing modular and prefabricated units with the incorporated "smart" technology and focus on energy efficiency; Raising ecological awareness through the use of ecological and recycled materials and components in construction of objects, interiors and design; Low-energy housing objects and technological monitoring; The concept of creating individual, polyvalent and standardized small-scale spaces; Structural aspect of design of modular objects; Composition principles of modular architectural design and urban layout; Designing furniture elements and different products for the purpose of achieving smart housing and energy sustainability; Modular design and serial production – a lifelong changeability of the living space; Raising awareness on energy efficiency in architecture, interior and furniture 	
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	<i>cline</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i> <i>factories</i>	Introductory lecture; Historical overview on the prefabrication in architecture, interior and furniture design; A visiting lecture – industrial sector; Field trips (visits to the factories for production of prefab housing and prototype production workshops); Functional, economic and technological factors of designing modular prefabricated objects; Types of modular prefabricated objects according to construction and materialisation; Technology: modular systems and prefabrication levels; The process: project, production, installation; Structural analysis of modular objects: systems, modules, elements; Typical details of construction; Flexibility and lifelong changeability of spatial	

Learning outcomes:	functions; Energy efficiency of modular objects; Integration of "smart" technology systems into space and interior equipment; Digital tools (BIM) application in designing modular objects; An integrated approach to architecture, interior and furniture design. Knowledge: Introduction of the EE and "low-carbon" approach in polyvalent modular buildings design; Understanding the significance of creating a model/prototype of sustainable, accessible and adaptable spaces; Research, critical assessment and evaluation of the possibilities of application of the typology of modular buildings – both as permanent and temporal installations with regards to the urgency of their use (natural disasters, earthquakes, floods, landslides, etc.); Skills: Understanding the potentials of multifunctional use and positioning of modular units, as well as their integration into different urban and rural surroundings (unused flat roofs in urban centres, etc.); In practical classes, the students plan, prepare and develop their own projects, with a possibility of constructing a full-scale prototype of modular buildings on a selected location. Competences: The students will demonstrate the ability to understand and interpret the design brief as well as to assess the
	and interpret the design brief as well as to assess the functional, structural and design aspects of modular, prefabricated buildings, in order to ultimately develop their own design projects.
Teaching methods:	Lectures – multimedia presentations and practical classes, associated with the course thematic units. The practical section that consists of studio work and project development of sustainable multifunctional modular buildings, study visits, construction of a model and, possibly, a full scale prototype.
Assessment methods including grading structure ³¹ :	The grade is assigned through the in-semester project development of the assignment in three phases (50%), final project delivery (40%) and student participation (up to 10%).
Bibliography ³² :	Obligatory:

³¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

³² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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Schneiderman Deborah, Inside Prefab: The Ready-Made
Interior,2012;Bell Jonathan, 21 Century Houses, 2006;
Vidiella Alex, Green Living: Sustainable Housing, 2009;
Smith Ryan, Prefab Architecture – a guide to modular design
and construction, 2010;
Additional:
Davies Colin: The Prefabricated Home, 2005;
Minguet María Josep: Contemporary Green Prefab:
Industrialized & Kit Architecture,2012; Julie Torres
Moskovit, The Greenest Home: Superinsulated and Passive
House Design, 2013.





Code of subject: 01.02.25.	Name	e of subject:	VERNACULAR ARCH	IITECTURE
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 1st		Semester: 1st	Number of ETCS credits: 3
· · · · ·			Total number of hou	ırs: 30
Status: ELECTIVE			Lectures 15 Exeminiation 15	
				in the domain to which
Participants		the subject belongs Field of theory and history of		
Pre-requisite for		architecture and preservation of cultural heritage		
enrollment		-		
Goal (objectives) o the course:	f	 Historical context: The area of vernacular architecture is specific because it moves within a historical framework that covers the space from the period of the prehistory to the present. Theoretical context: acquiring knowledge about methods of research, analysis, valorization, and protection and restoration - conservation and restoration around the world on examples of architectural heritage. Practical Context: Students are introduced to the architecture that has responded to numerous questions of nature that "people built for themselves", writing a seminar paper that deals with materialization, construction, details, of course, the scale, the proportion I volume, which is the analysis of ambient I its values. 		
Thematic units: (if necessary, the performance plan pe week is determined i talking into account specificities of the organizational units	by the)	 Writing scientific work and quoting 3 weeks presenting world examples of vernacular architecture Selection of tasks Methodological approach (research, analysis, valorization of historical structures, determination of protection boundaries and contact zones; Determining the causes of degradation; Analysis and valorization of specific world and domestic changes; Defining the level of intervention and determining the guidelines for preservation and optimal presentation and revitalization of heritage; Methods of protection and economics of the cultural property; Preventive protection methods before restoration. Individual work with students Presentation of completed research before final exam. 		

Learning outcomes:	 Knowledge: Understanding the phenomenon of vernacularity allows students to connect specific points that are tradition, bioclimatic, ecology and sustainability. All this is sublimated in the veracity of one object, and that level of knowledge in all fields is integrated in the acquisition of knowledge in this subject. They also gain knowledge of numerous world traditions. Skills: Reasoning and valorizing as well as adopting an analytical method. Observation of vernacular architecture and bioclimatic architecture, to the extent that it is possible to perceive and evaluate an individual phenomenon or phenomenon on the basis of individual tasks. Competences: Students develop the ability to perceive stylistic characteristics already learned, but through scientific and research work they are enabled to identify and reason, which will later be used for all other and different analyzes of heritage that we consider as tradition. 		
Methods of teaching:	Lectures with projections and comparison with different		
Knowledge testing methods with a rating structure ³³ :	Seminar papers / presentations + 45-90% Activity - 0-10% Final exam - 45-90%		
Literature ³⁴ :	Required: Brock, Guiliani, Moisescu, Il centro antico di Capua, Marsilio Editore, Padova, 1972. Carbonarra, G., Iole Pietrafitta Franca, Dieci Tesi di Restauro (1970-1981), Universita degli studi di Roma "La Sapienza", Roma, 1986. Chabbouh Akšamija L., Arhitektura svrhe, . Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2004. Chabbouh Akšamija L., Šabić L., Tradicionalna travnička kuća, Zavičajni muzej u Travniku, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2018. Chabbouh Akšamija L., Tradicija između autentičnosti i falsifikata, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2015. Hrasnica, M., Arhitekt: Josip Pospišil - život i djelo, Sarajevo, Arhitektonski fakultet, 2003.		

³³ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

³⁴The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo

Husedžinović , S, Valorizacija islamske sakralne arhiekture Banja Luke s analizom njenog rušenja kroz povijest
(neobjavljena doktorska disertacija), Zagreb, 1997.
Krzović, I., Arhitektura BiH 1878-1918, Sarajevo,
Umjetnička galerija BiH, 1987.
Kurto, N., BiH, razvoj bosanskog sloga, Sarajevo,
Međunarodni centar za mir, 1998.
Marasović, T., Aktivni pristup graditeljskom nasljeđu,
Sveučilište u Splitu, Split, 1985.
Marasović, T., graditeljskog nasljeđa, Društvo konzervatora
Hrvatske, Zagreb, 1983.
Redžić, H., Islamska umjetnost (Umjetnost na tlu
Jugoslavije), Beograd, Zagreb, Mostar, IZJ, 1975.
Redžić, H., Studije o islamskoj arhiektonskoj baštini,
Sarajevo, Svjetlost, 1983.
Sanković Simičić V., Revitalizacija graditeljske baštine, NNP
naša riječ d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2000.
Schuller, M., Building Archaeology, München, ICOMOS,
2002.
Zevi, B., Znati gledati arhitekturu, Zagreb, Naklada Lukom,
2000.
Zevi, L., Il Manuale del Resauro Architettonico, Mancosu
editore, Roma, 2002.
Supplementary : In consultation with the subject professor
individually in relation to the specificity of the topic of each
individual candidate.





Code: 01.04.43	Title	e of the subject: THE 21ST CENTURY CITY		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study:1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: Elective		-	Total number of hou	ırs: 45
			Lectures: 15 Exercises: 30	
Teaching staff		Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs		
Prerequisites:		Results achieved at the department subjects, readiness for additional engagement		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		Understanding principles of post-industrial era city functioning, with all spatial, sociological and economical burden inherited through the period from the formation of the city until today. Understanding the terms such as the "resilient city", "smart city", "green/blue city", etc., as well as contemporary approaches in solving of the accumulated problems of the European cities.		
Content: (if necessary, the outline plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units)		1-3 City and its planned development; 4-6 The issues related to functioning of a city in the 21st century; 7-10 contemporary trends in city management; 11-15 Strategies of the European cities' development		
Learning outcomes:		Knowledge: Adoption of theoretical knowledge of the relationship between man and the city in the modern age Skills: Understanding space / economy / ecology / technology relationships and the importance of properly planning and using these resources and tools in terms of the proper functioning of the city in relation to man, ie the acceptance of social infrastructure as a tool for achieving a balanced development of the city.		
		-	es: Involving in the tea e from different segme	

	functioning and use of the city, an introdisciplinary approach in the thinking of the city		
Teaching methods:	Lectures and practical classes are obligatory and are organised as a combination of informative and interactive teaching. Apart from active participation in the teaching process, each student should partake in a team, preparing the thematic assignment. Students present their results in the pptx format in the form of discussion.		
Assessment methods including grading structure ³⁵ :	Semestral assignement (40%), activity (10%) and final exemine (oral and graphical presentation of the individual/group work and a critical analysis of the results) (0–50 %)		
Bibliography ³⁶ :	 Obligatory: Benevolo, L. (2004). Grad u istoriji Evrope. Belgrade: Clio. Berelowitz, L. (2005). Dream City – Vancuver and the Global Imagination. Vancuver: Douglas & McIntyre Ltd. Elin, N. (2006). Integral urbanism. New York, London: Routledge Taylor & Francis group. Elin, N. (2004). Postmoderni urbanizam. Beograd: Orion art. Jenks, M. (2000). The Compact City, a Sustainable Urban Form? London-NY: E&FN Spoon Press. Radović, R. (1976). Forma grada. Beograd: Agora - Građevinska knjiga. Rudlin, D., & Falk, N. (1999). Building the 21th century home – The sustainable urban neighbourhood. Oxford: Architectural Press. Stupar, A. (2009). Grad globalizacije – izazovi, transformacije, simboli. Beograd: Orion art. Vaništa Lazarević, E. (2003). Obnova gradova u novom milenijumu (Vol. I). Beograd: Classic map studio. Vresk, M. (2002). Grad i urbanizacija. Zagreb: Školska knjiga. Additional: Development strategies of the city and municipalities, Literature in accordance with the selected theme of semester work 		

³⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

³⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





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Course code: 01.03.64	Course title: AR	urse title: ARCHITECTURE AND HEALTH 1		
Cycle: 2	Year: 1	Semester: 1	ECTS points: 3	
		Total number of hours: 30h		
Course type: Elect	ive	Lectures: 15 h Exercises: 15 h		
Teaching participa	nts study/subj	nd associates selecte ect; relevant teachers upon invitation)	ed in the field of the from other faculties and /	
Enrolment requirements:	/			
Course objective(s	wide range areas (scale buildings). The pace of context that	The objective of the course is to familiarize students with a wide range of factors that affect public health in urban areas (scale of city, community / neighbourhood and buildings). The pace of urbanization results in a built and social context that adversely affects humans, increasing exposure to various urban toxins.		
Thematic units: (if necessary, the we performance plan ca be determined by takir into account the specific of the organizationa units)	eekly an analysis of t environmer buildings), a these increa 1. Overview 2. Social and 3. Identifyir 4. Methodol systems 5. Examples 6. Collectior and interna interventior	 Overview and context of architecture and health Social and ethical responsibility of architects Identifying and evaluating architectural principles Methodology for solving problems in managing complex 		
Learning outcome	Knowledge overview ar environmer built enviro a condition in this area, process of d contempora	 Knowledge: Students will be familiarizes with the overview and context of health, architecture and the environment. General knowledge of the actual state of the built environment, ie. the causes and consequences of such a condition for human health. Review of legal frameworks in this area, recommendations and guidelines in the process of designing and constructing buildings; and contemporary tendencies in creating quality living spaces. Skills: Understanding the concepts of health, architecture 		

	and the environment in a social and built environment. Understanding the value of an interdisciplinary and multidisciplinary approach to problem solving to achieve a healthy urban environment. Competences: Ability to manage information through critical thinking, analysis and presentation of own conclusions.		
Teaching methods:	Lectures & Multimedia; Seminar work - essay writing;		
Knowledge assessment methods with grading structure ³⁷ :	Students' knowledge is assessed on the basis of a successfully completed semester assignment - essay (60% of the total grade); oral presentation (30% of the total grade) and reports of visits to different stakeholders (10% of the total grade)		
Literature ³⁸ :	 Obligatory: Barton, H., Thompson, S., Burgess, S., & Grant, M. (Eds.). (2015). <i>The Routledge Handbook of Planning</i> <i>for Health and Well-Being.</i> New York, NY: Routledge Burdett, R., & Rode, P. (2018). (Eds). <i>Shaping cities in</i> <i>an urban age</i>. Berlin: Phaidon. Leeuw, E. de., & Simos, J. (Eds.). (2017). <i>Healthy</i> <i>cities: the theory, policy, and practice of value-based</i> <i>urban planning</i>. New York, NY: Springer New York. Additional: Barton, H., Mitcham, C., & Tsourou, C. (2003). <i>Healthy urban planning in practice:</i> <i>experience of European cities: report of the Who City</i> <i>Action Group on Healthy Urban Planning.</i> Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe. Bijedić, Dž. (2012). <i>Arhitektura, Holizam umjesto</i> <i>optimalizacije, Integralni pristup u arhitektonskom</i> <i>stvaralaštvu.</i> Sarajevo: Univerzitet u Sarajevu 		

³⁷ The points structure and the scoring criterion for each subject are determined by the organizational unit council before the beginning of the academic year in which the subject is taught in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

³⁸ The Senate of the higher education institution as an institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals, as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and passes the exam by a special decision, which is obligatory to publish on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Sarajevo Canton





SYLLABUS FOR THE FIRST YEAR, 2nd SEMESTER

Code: 01.03.20	Title	e of the subject: INTERIORS AND DESIGN 3			
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 3	
Status: Obligatory			Total number of ho Lectures 15 Exercises 30 Field work	urs: 45	
Teaching staff			achers and associates elected in the field/Department of chitectural design		
Prerequisites:		-			
Aim (aims) of the subject:		Introduction to the field of furniture design, placing a special emphasis to the modern movement of the 20 th century and design tendencies the early 21 st century. Furniture case studies include analysis from the initial sketch to a prototype- Detailed guidelines of the complex design process are presented, accompanied with practical explanations of the production process.			
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	Roots of design; Elements of form; Role of the designer; Designing process and research procedure; from an idea to a prototype; Field work; Material application and construction of furniture elements; Ergonomics and anthropometrics in design; Production process and design; Modern movement and the furniture design; Structural and technological perspective in furniture design; New- Decorative approach to furniture design; Modern styles and			
Learning outcomes	s:	contemporary movements. Knowledge: Acquiring theoretical knowledge on the most important achievements in the industrial production of furniture, its basic classification, as well as positive and negative aspects of this field. Skills: Practical classes encompass the introduction to ergonomics, anthropometrics, material selection and application in the design process through a direct engagement of students in practical development of certain furniture elements. In the practical classes, the students will learn to plan, prepare and perform all the processes, procedures and techniques of designing public interior spaces, adaptive reuse and remodelling of the existing spaces for the original or new public functions. Competences:			

Teaching methods:	The course focuses on collaboration with the real sector and wood industry professionals, enabling the students to obtain practical experience in planning, preparing and performing all the processes, procedures and techniques of designing public interior spaces and furniture design. Lectures – multimedia presentations and practical classes that lean on the thematic units. Practical classes entail a comprehensive task of designing furniture elements and a project of an existing public space remodelling. The curriculum also entails active interaction with furniture industry.
Assessment methods including grading structure ³⁹ :	Grade is obtained from an in-semester project assignment (60%), evaluation of theoretical knowledge through one in-semester test or a final exam (30%), as well as participation of students (up to 10%). In order to obtain a passing grade, the students are obliged to fulfil the minimum requirements in the assessment of both theoretical knowledge assessment and in-semester assignment.
Bibliography ⁴⁰ :	Obligatory: De Chiara Joseph, Panero Julius, Zelnik Martin, <i>Time-Saver</i> <i>Standards for Interior Design and Space Planning</i> , 2001; Dorfles Gillo, <i>Uvod u dizajn</i> , 1994; Salihović Erdin, <i>Interakcija dizajna</i> <i>namještaja i potreba stvaranja bosanskohercegovačkog branda-</i> <i>imena</i> , 2012; Salihović Erdin, <i>Povijest enterijera i dizajna</i> <i>namještaja na razmeđu manualnog i industrijskog koncepta: Od</i> <i>Arts and Craftsa do Art Decoa</i> , 2016; Noblet de Jocelyn, <i>Dizajn</i> , <i>Pokret i šestar</i> , 1999.; Raizman David, <i>History of Modern Design:</i> <i>Graphics and Products Since the Industrial Revolution</i> , 2003; Additional: Sparke Penny, <i>A Century of Design: Design Pioneers of the 20th</i> <i>Century</i> , 1998; Fiell Charlotte & Peter, <i>Designing the 21-st</i> <i>century</i> ;Dormer Peter, <i>Design since 1945</i> , 2005; Abercrombie Stanley & Whiton Sherrill, <i>Interijeri, Arhitektura, Dizajn-Povijesni</i> <i>pregled</i> , 2016;

³⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁴⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.02.10	Title	e of the subject: HISTORY OF ARCHITECTURE IN BIH			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 2	
Status: OBLIGATO	RY	-	Total number of hou	urs: 30	
			Lectures 30		
Teaching staff		Teachers and associates elected at Department for Theory and History of Architecture and Protection of Architectural Heritage			
Prerequisites:		-			
Aim (aims) of the subject:		 Introduction of students with the development of BiH architecture from prehistory to modern architecture. Essential knowledge of the layers and interactions of urban and architectural forms within the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Connecting architectural expressions with determinants of the natural, cultural and material context and heritage. 			
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by takin into account the specificity of organizational units	g	 expressions with determinants of the natural, cultural and material context and heritage. Introduction; Prehistory, the Butmir Culture; The Ancient period (Mogorjelo, Ilidža); Medieval towns, The stećak monument (Bobovac, Vranduk, Tešanj, Travnik, Jajce); The Ottoman period – public architecture (the Ottoman hans, hamams and mosques); The Ottoman period – housing architecture (regional characteristics); Bridges (Višegrad, Mostar, the Arslanagić Family Bridge in Trebinje, Sarajevo – Kozja Ćuprija, the Žepa River Bridge, etc.); Austro-Hungarian period (Neo-Renaissance, Neo-Gothic, Neo-Baroque, Secession); Austro-Hungarian Bosnian style of architecture, orientalism (mixing of styles, local and oriental); The 1918 – 1929 period; Architecture between two world wars; Modern, socialist housing architecture, Olympic Games objects; Notable architects of Bosnia and Herzegovina: J. Neidhart, I. Štraus, N. Ugljen; The Yugoslav People's Liberation War monuments (Sutjeska, Kozara, architects Bogdanović, Džamonja); Reconstruction of BiH after the war; Monuments; Contemporary architecture: 1995 – 2020 – urbanism and architecture, concluding remarks. 			
Learning outcomes:Knowledge: Knowledge of the historical periods at development of architecture in Bosnia and Herzeg well as the connection between phenomena, cause material manifestations in architecture.		snia and Herzegovina, as enomena, causes and			

	Skills: Understanding, identifying, analysing the encountered spatial situations, articulation of the problem of action within the multi-layer urban heritage in Bosnia and Herzegovina			
	Competencies: Knowledge of the development of BiH architecture, the possibility of researching and sublimating new information, and the use of knowledge in designing objects in the future. With the understanding of the context, space and time in which the structure is created, students acquire the key competences for designing projects in Bosnia and Herzegovina. This is further elaborated through obligatory and elective courses.			
Teaching methods:	Comparative lectures with projections and theoretical presentations of the flows of architectural creation in contemporary expression and regional characteristics, as well as certain representatives of architecture.			
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁴¹ :	Gradestructure:Exam: 2 theoretical exams 90% of points (2 x 45) Theminimumnumberofpointsis25.Activity: (discussions, presentations) 5 -10% (points).Students must earn a minimum of points from each segment.			
Bibliography ⁴² :	Obligatory: Andrejević, A, Islamska monumentalna umjetnost XVI vijeka, Beograd, 1984 Benac-Basler Kulturna istorija BiH. Sarajevo, 1984 Becirbegovic, M, Džamije sa drvenom munarom, Sarajevo, 1974 Chabbouh Lemja A, Šabić L Tradicionalna travnička kuća, AFS, Travnik/Sarajevo 2018 Čelić, Dz, Jadric, R, Redžić, H, Restauracija i revitalizacija sarajevske čarsije, Naše starine 12. Sarajevo, 1978 Eren, Pašić A, Idrizbegović A, Restoration of Mosques, IRCICA, Istanbul,2013 Grabrijan, D, Neidhardt, J, Arhitektura Bosne i put u sauremeno. Ljubljana 1957 Krzović, I, Arhitektura BiH 1878-1918, Sarajevo, Umjetnička galerija BiH, 1987 Kurto, N., BiH, razvoj bosanskog sloga, Sarajevo, Međunarodni centar za mir, 1998			

⁴¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁴² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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Pašić, A, Islamska Arhitektura BiH, IRCICA, Istanbul, 1994. Redžić, H., Islamska umjetnost (Umjetnost na tlu Jugoslavije), Beograd, Zagreb, Mostar, IZJ, 1975 Redžić, H., Studije o islamskoj arhitektonskoj baštini,
Sarajevo, Svjetlost, 1983 + prezentacije i skripta dostavljena od strane nastavnika Additional:
Prelog, M, Povijest Bosne u doba Osmanlijske vlade 1464- 1739, Sarajevo, 1910
Vego M, Naselja srednjovjekovne bosanske države, Svjetlost, Sarajevo, 1959





Code of subject: 01.02.09.		ame of subject: METHODOLOGY AND PHENOMENOLOGY OF AN ACTIVE APPROACH TO ARCHITECTURAL HERITAGE			
Cycle : 2nd Year of study: 1nd		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 5		
		Total number of hours:	60		
Status: OBLİGATORY Exercises 30 Seminar work					
Participants		eory and history of architec	field to which the subject ture and preservation of		
Pre-requisit for enrollment:	Approved gra	phic work from the subject	protection of architectural		
Goal (objectives) the course:	heritage of Bo from the Midd Theoretical co cultural and h physical interv of Practical conte By the end of t enables furthe Getting acquai aesthetics and	Historical Context: Topics of work moving within the architectural heritage of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and therefore handle the period from the Middle Ages to the socialist period. Theoretical context: Acquiring knowledge on the active protection of cultural and historical heritage, and the most appropriate method of physical intervention on the architectural heritage. Practical context: By the end of this paper, a wide area of ZGN is perceived, which enables further work on this scientific area. Getting acquainted with the basic elements of the science of aesthetics and its component in architecture makes it possible to build an attitude, along with the category of architectural criticism,			
Thematic units: (if necessary, the performance plan per wee is determined by talking int account the specificities of the organization units)	 2. Ambient pa 3. Continuity - 4. Application review of exist of architectura 5. Phenomeno heritage: origi 6. Phenomeno heritage: origi 7. Space parar 8. Restoration 9. Conceptuali 	Information, literature, mode Ambient parameters + Authenticity Continuity - discontinuity Application of protection methods from the aspect of critical view of existing + Aesthetics as a scientific discipline, valorization architectural work Phenomenology relevant for the preservation of the architectural ritage: originality, authenticity, authenticity and identity + amining architectural objects or entities, comparison of old-new Phenomenology relevant for the preservation of the architectural ritage: originality, authenticity, indigenity and identity Space parameters + Defining the context through space and time Restoration as a creative act? + making seminar work Conceptualism . Reversibility and revaluation			

11. Total reconstruction					
12. Integration old-new					
13. Methodological approach to future construction					
1. Management plan I feasibility studies					
2. Project program					
3. Variant solutions of brand and volume					
4. Development of the concept of functional zoning					
5. Three variant solutions of the concept					
Exercises - 6. Three variant facade solutions					
r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
work 8. Elaboration of the adopted variant solution					
(weekend 9. Characteristic basics					
exercise plan) 10. Cut off					
11. Various facade solutions					
12. 3D object model					
13. 3D model of the building in the ambient					
14. Aesthetics and criticism					
15. Aesthetics and criticism					
Knowledge: Students use their already acquired kno	wledge to				
design the last phase of the methodological process o	-				
protection. Expanding knowledge refers to phenomer					
which the student learns the methods of physicality s	U I				
analysis, as well as the intervention of the new in the	-				
analysis, as well as the intervention of the new in the	olu.				
Strille. Ability to get in ambient units and on objects t	hat have been				
Skills: Ability to act in ambient units and on objects the treated as treatitional architectural baritage. Use of m					
-	treated as traditional architectural heritage. Use of methods of				
security profession and way of understanding and fin	aing in				
Learning ambient units.					
outcomes					
Competences: Ability to work on the protection of the	e architectural				
heritage					
Training the student for methodologically correct and					
within all segments of the concept of architectural here	ritage				
(individual objects, architectural units, archaeologica	l sites, integral				
heritage. Possibility of independent analysis and valo	risation of				
architectural work and creation of objective architect	ural criticism.				
,	ticiam in				
In this course, students learn about aesthetics and cri					
In this course, students learn about aesthetics and cri					
In this course, students learn about aesthetics and cri architecture, where they are introduced to a methodo					
In this course, students learn about aesthetics and cri architecture, where they are introduced to a methodo procedure for the analysis of aesthetic values.	ological				
In this course, students learn about aesthetics and cri architecture, where they are introduced to a methodo procedure for the analysis of aesthetic values.Methods ofLectures with projections and comparison with differ and techniques	ological				
In this course, students learn about aesthetics and cri architecture, where they are introduced to a methodo procedure for the analysis of aesthetic values.Methods of teachingLectures with projections and comparison with differ and techniques.	ological ent methods				
In this course, students learn about aesthetics and cri architecture, where they are introduced to a methodo procedure for the analysis of aesthetic values.Methods of teachingLectures with projections and comparison with differ 	ological ent methods				
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In this course, students learn about aesthetics and cri architecture, where they are introduced to a methodo procedure for the analysis of aesthetic values.Methods of teachingLectures with projections and comparison with differ 	ological ent methods				
In this course, students learn about aesthetics and cri architecture, where they are introduced to a methodo procedure for the analysis of aesthetic values.Methods of teachingLectures with projections and comparison with differ 	ological rent methods ne				
In this course, students learn about aesthetics and cri architecture, where they are introduced to a methodo procedure for the analysis of aesthetic values.Methods of teachingLectures with projections and comparison with differ and techniques. Work on exercises with an appropriately chosen then Semesteral work - 45-90% 	ological rent methods ne				

⁴³ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

⁴⁴The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo

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Supplementary: In consultation with the subject professor individually in relation to the specificity of the topic of each individual candidate.





Code: 01.03.14	Title of the subje	ect: DESIGN 10 - AGR	ICULTURAL BUILDINGS	
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st	Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 2	
Status: Obligatory		Total number of hou 15 Lectures 14 Exercises 1 Field work	urs: 30 (15+15)	
		nd associates elected belongs, Department		
Prerequisites:	none			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	that concer characterist technologic systems, en component constructed architectura objects of t with the p macro and with the con also enable	The aim of the subject is to introduce students to the issues that concern studying agricultural objects, as well as their characteristics with regards to the location, function and technological process. By applying certain constructive systems, emphasizing characteristic architectural-design components and elements, and humanization of the constructed area, emphasis on the characteristic architectural selection of spatial structures applicable to objects of this kind is clarified. Candidates are presented with the philosophy of construction of these objects in macro and micro surrounding, as well as their interactions with the constructed and natural environment. Students are also enabled to master the methodology of designing the objects if this kind in practice		
Content:	 2. Agricul solutions 3. Division 4. Tie stall 5. Kinds o 6. Free stall 7. Stalls for 8. Automa 9. Stationa 10. Silage 11. Feed transportat 12. Manur 13. Materi 14. Acc warehouses 	objects if this kind in practice.1. Division of agricultural objects;2. Agricultural complexes – principles and examples ofsolutions3. Division of objects for housing of cattle4. Tie stalls;5. Kinds of stall bedding and tethers6. Free stalls;7. Stalls for calves and other juvenile cattle8. Automatic milking systems and dairy storerooms9. Stationaries10. Silage and silos11. Feeding of cows (kinds of feeders, ways of feeding; transportation of food)12. Manure management of stalls13. Materialization of stalls;14. Accompanying objects (mechanization canopies; warehouses, weighbridge,)		

i					
	Knowledge: Acquiring specific knowledge of agricultural buildings and their design.				
Learning outcomes:	Skills: Mastering skills of practical application of specific				
8	knowledge of designing agricultural building.				
	Competences: Designing agricultural buildings in practice				
	Ex-cathedra lectures;				
Teaching methods:	practical classes – graphical presentation.				
reaching methous.	visiting representative building				
	Partial exams, two during semester 16% + 16%, 64%				
	graphical assignment, Lecture Activity and attendance 4%				
	and / or integral/final exam 32% (For those who were not				
A seesan out wethods	satisfied with the grades on partial exams during the				
Assessment methods	semester).				
including grading structure ⁴⁵ :	The final grade of the course is based on the lecture				
structure "":	The final grade of the course is based on the lecture				
	regularity of attendance, engagement on them, the quality				
	of graphical assignment and the results of partial and / or				
	integral/final exam. For the final grade to be positive, each				
	exam segment must be evaluated positively.				
	Obligatory:				
	1. Simonović, Đorđe: Poljoprivredne zgrade i kompleksi ,				
	Beograd, Građevinska knjiga, 1986;				
	2. Bilalić, Sabrija: Poljoprivredni objekti, skripta Additional:				
	3. Zeremski, Damjan i Milan Tošić: <i>Siliranje i silaža u</i>				
	stolarstvu, Sarajevo, -, 1989;				
	4. Dozet, Natalija: <i>Proizvodnja i primarna obrada</i>				
	<i>mlijeka</i> , Sarajevo, NIRO Zadrugar, 1983;				
	5. Amon, Marko i Srečko Koritnik: <i>Gradnja i</i>				
Bibliography ⁴⁶ :	<i>preureditev hlevovo</i> , Ljubljana, -, 1978;				
	 6. Zarić, Jovan: <i>Silosi za stočnu krmu</i>, Sarajevo, 				
	Arhitektonsk-urbanistički fakultet u Sarajevu i				
	Institut za arhitekturu i urbanizam u Sarajevu, 1968;				
	7. Kojić, Branislav i Đorđe Simonović: <i>Poljoprivredna</i>				
	<i>arhitektura,</i> Beograd, Građevinska knjiga, 1964;				
	 8. Simonović, R. Đorđe: <i>Staje za hladno slobodno</i> 				
	odgajivanje, Beograd, Zadružna knjiga, 1959;				
	9. Kojić, Đ. Branislav: <i>Poljoprivredne zgrade</i> ,				
	Beograd, Građevinska knjiga, 1962;				
	Deugrau, uraueviliska Kiljiga, 1702,				

⁴⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁴⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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	 10. Kreger, Rado: <i>Hiša na vasi</i>, Beogr dom – Gradbena strokovna založb 1946; 11. Bartussek, Helmut; Lens Vitus; <i>Ofi</i> <i>Rinderstallbau</i>, Graz-Stuttgart, Leng 	a v Ljubljani, ner-Schrőck i dr:
	Verlag, 2008.	





Code: 01.04.07	e: 01.04.07 Title of the subject: URBAN TRANSFORMATIONS			
Cycle: 2nd		of the y: 1st	Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 2
Status: Obligatory			Total number of hou	urs: 15
			Lectures 15	
Teaching staff		the subject		in the field to which
Prerequisites:		None.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		transformat structures, e period; Obse and aestheti possibilities	erving the possibilities ical transformations of	n matrices of physical and for an expected time of functional, structural
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	Interpreting architectura city architectura city architectura treatment of framework of transformat structural tr redesign dev mental imag redesign); T Limits of the bonification interview); S contempora causes and of design; Frag transformat Recommence	g the terms; Urban more e transformation indicated al practice with regards eture; Approaches to un f the urban context); U of transformations; Ur ion – Redesign of the cor- cansformation?; A shore velopmental periods; F ge; Shapes of urban tra the location theory (An e urban space transform ; People's mental point Social and spatial fragment (the contemport consequences; Fragment (the city a ion; Future role of an u lation); Temporality of	ator; The current urban- s to the transformation of rban-architectural rban context – Spatial ban environment system city; What is the urban- t overview of urban Right to preserve a nsformations (of city talysis of the function; mational span and ts; Surveying – sample – mentation of a rary city fragmentation: ntation and urban and public area urbanist/designer – a f urban transformations –
Learning outcomes: tr		transformat Skills: Unde	rstanding issues of soc	-

	integral and functional changes in the city, aesthetical
	needs; Competences: Understanding the limits and context of transformations and learning about the ways of development and implementation of adequate spatial-plan regulation;
Teaching methods:	Lectures and individual consultations; Theoretical elaboration and comments of the inherited and the current template of the urban matrix concepts, observed in light of real needs for urban transformations for the purpose of improving the quality of living;
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁴⁷ :	Students are evaluated through in-semester tests (two tests during the semester - each svaki 27,5-47,5%) and/or final exam (55-95%); The final grade consists of students activities in the classroom (5%), grades achieved at the insemestral tests or final exam and the essay grade.
Bibliography ⁴⁸ :	Obligatory: Čakarić, J, Urbane transformacije – Skripta, Arhitektonski fakultet u Sarajevu, 2013 Bečić, E, Urbani fenomeni kontekstualizacije, Blicdruk, Sarajevo, 2010 Brolin, C. B, Arhitektura u kontekstu, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988 Castex, J, Depaule, J. C. i Panerai, P, Urbane forme, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 2002 Cook, P, The City, Seen as a Garden of Ideas, Peter Cook and The Monacelli Press, Inc., New York, 2003 Čakarić, J, Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012 Čaldarović, O, Urbano društvo na početku 21. stoljeća, Naklada Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb, 2011 Elin, N, Postmoderni urbanizam, Orion art, Beograd, 2002 Norber-Schulz, C, Stanovanje. Stanište, urbani prostor, kuća, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1990 Rossi, A, Arhitektura grada, DIP "Građevinska knjiga" i PP "Premis", Beograd, 2002 Vujović, S i Petrović, M, Urbana sociologija, Zavod za udžbenike i nastavna sredstva, Beograd, 2005 Additional: Horvat, S, Znakovi postmodernog grada, Naklada Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb, 2007

⁴⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁴⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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Krier, R, Gradski prostor u teoriji i praksi, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1999
Fyfe, R. N, Prizori ulice, Clio, Beograd, 2002
Kolešnik, Lj, Umjetničko djelo kao društvena činjenica,
Institut za povijest umjetnosti, Zagreb, 2005
Low, M. S, Promišljanje grada, Naklada Jesenski i Turk,
Zagreb, 2006
Mumford, L, Kultura gradova, Mediterran Publishing, Novi
Sad, 2010
Norber-Schulz, C, Intencije u arhitekturi, Naklada Jesenski i
Turk, Zagreb, 2009





Code: 01.04.11	Title of the	Fitle of the subject: URBAN PLANNING 2				
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 1		
Status: OBLIGATOR	Y		Total number of hou	urs: 30		
			Lectures. 15 Exercises: 15			
Teaching staff	Teache planni		id associates n the field	d associates n the field urbanism and spatial		
Prerequisites:	none					
Aim (aims) of the subject:	conten definit manife city au decisio relativ (2) de	 (1) transdisciplinary approach in urban planning; contemporary appearances and processes in the city; definition and identification of urban conflicts and its manifestation on physical and social structure; the role of city authorities, planners and community in the process of decision making, and its consequences on building or relativization of urban meaning; (2) development of critical notion and scientific-research knowledge of urban analyze and synthesis. 		processes in the city; urban conflicts and its cial structure; the role of nunity in the process of quences on building or n and scientific-research		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	urban task, m theory dynam form ((4) urb and so and sh urban of urba social (12) le and in plannin ethics;	 (1) terminology, urban form, appearances and processes in urban planning; research assignment (explanation of the task, method, and literature review writing style), (2) urban theory in Bosnia and Herzegovina; city as complex and dynamic system - whose is the city?, (3) measuring urban form (measurable, hard to measure and non measurable), (4) urban interests and conflicts), (5) ideal city of capitalism and socialism, (6) urbanization cycles; urban sprawl, growth and shrinking, (7) urban decay and renewal; compact city; urban renaissance; urban decau in BiH and third generation of urban plans, (8) urban charters, (9) assignment (progress evaluation), (10) urban charters (II part), (11) spatial and social fragmentation (gentrification, gated communities), (12) legislation, documents and deregulation, (13) visible and invisible consequences of urban processes; changes of planning documents, land-use change, (14) urban planning ethics; property rights, changes and perceptions, (15) privatization of construction land; illegal developments. 				
Learning outcomes	genera	itors a ation	ship between the curre	es; Critical awareness on		

	Skills: Ability to proactively adjust or resist the changing situations; decision-making skills; Ability to recognize and appropriately use urban and architectural theories, concepts, paradigms and principles; Ability to critically use the Internet as means of communication and sources of information; Personal and social skills of expression and communication in oral and written form, as well as by a short presentation/description; Ability to abstract and present key elements and relations; Ability to write in one's native language, correctly using literature related to urbanism; Ability to cite sources correctly. Competences: critical analysis of the goals and urban development practice; interpretation of urban processes and solutions proposal.
Teaching methods:	Lectures and discussion, group work aimed at producing a literature review on a given/selected topic.
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁴⁹ :	Semestral assignment (40%), activity (10%) and final examine (oral and written/graphical presentation of individual/group assignment and a critical analysis of a subjest) (0–50 %).
Bibliography ⁵⁰ :	 Obligatory: Castells, M. (2003). The Process of Urban Social Change. U: A.R. Cuthbert (ur), <i>Designing Cities: Critical Readings in</i> <i>Urban Design</i> (str. 23–27). London: Wiley-Blackwell. Čengić, N. (2011). Remodelling Urban Meaning – Sarajevo Case. <i>The Importance of Place, Conference Proceedings</i>, str. 1214–1225. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet Sarajevo. Čengić, N. (ur) (2008). Rječnik savremenih pojavnosti i procesa u gradu – knjiga 1, 2 i 3 (server AFS). Additional: Fainstein, S. (2010). <i>The just city</i>. Ithaca and New York: Cornell University Press. Harvey, D. (2012). <i>Rebel cities: from the right to the city to</i> <i>the urban revolution</i>. London; New York: Verso. Komisija za urbanizam i prostorno uređenje Savezne skupštine (1971). <i>Osnove politike urbanizma i prostornog uređenja</i>. Palast, G. (2001, april 29). IMF's four steps to damnation. The Guardian. Zakonodavna materija iz oblasti urbanog planiranja.

⁴⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁵⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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Code: 01.04.05	Title of the subject: URBAN DESIGN 5			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 6
Status: OBLIGATOF	RY		Total number of hou	urs: 60
			Lectures: 15 Exercises: 45	
Teaching staff		Teachers an planning	d associates n the field	urbanism and spatial
Prerequisites:		none		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		regulation p understandi structure, ac the purpose tasks and re Building sen	ained knowledge in the lanning, and building t ng of the knowledge of esthetics, functionality, of constructing a hum sponsibilities of an arc sitivity of an architect l social context.	he concept. Critical n the city, urban society and humans, for an-oriented city. The hitect-urbanist.
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	inhabitants, Housing in a authentic, to standards fo Design meth Laws and by	for the needs of prima a natural and culturolo o international and g or planning and desig ods and methodology.	ace. Topics can be: city
Learning outcomes	5:	to creatively apply the sp skills; Know that have ac Awareness of influence to and financia developmen within a con Skills: Ability fulfils ethica to work in a Ability to ap	generate new ideas an irit of synthesis and sh ving the contemporary hieved the highest star of the potentials of the the future city; Critical l motifs of clients and t of an ethical framework structed environment; y to create an urban pr l, aesthetical and techr	apes; Decision-making and historical works ndards of urbanism; new technologies and l awareness on political urban regulations for the ork for decision-making ; roject/design which nical conditions; Ability my and in cooperation; rate with various

	Competences: building the settlement concept, with		
	qualitative and quantitative data review.		
Teaching methods:	Lectures and discussion; Practical classes.		
Assessment methods	Semestral project (40%), activity (10%) and final exemine		
including grading	(oral and written/graphical presentation – guidelines,		
structure ⁵¹ :	concept and their implementation into a project) $(0-50 \%)$.		
	Obligatory:		
	Bacon, E. (1969). <i>Design of Cities</i> . London: Thames and		
	Hudson.		
	Gosling, M. (1984). <i>Urban design</i> . New York: Academy		
	editions, St. Martins Press.		
	Krier, R. (1979). <i>Urban space</i> . London: Academy editions.		
	Krier, R. (1982). <i>An Architecture</i> . London: Academy editions, St. Martin's Press.		
	Krippendorf, J. (1986). <i>Putujuće čovječanstvo</i> . Zagreb: SNL,		
	Zavod za istraživanje turizma.		
	Linč, K. (1974). Slika jednog grada. Beograd: Građevinska		
	knjiga.		
Bibliography ⁵² :	Sitte, C. (1967). Umjetničko oblikovanje gradova (Đ.		
Bibliography ⁵² :	Tabaković, Transl.). Beograd: Građevinska knjiga.		
	Vlada Federacije Bosne i Hercegovine (2005). Uredba o		
	jedinstvenoj metodologiji za izradu dokumenata		
	prostornog uređenja. <i>Službene novine Federacije BiH</i> , br. 63/04 i 50/07.		
	Worskett, R. (2000). <i>The character of towns</i> . London: The		
	Architectural Press.		
	Additional:		
	Maretić, M. (1966). <i>Gradski centri</i> . Zagreb: Školska knjiga.		
	Samuels, I., Panerai, P. i Castex, J. (1989). Urbane forme.		
	Beograd: Građevinska knjiga Agora.		
	Žuljić, V-J. (1984/1990/2000). Gradski centri; Stanovanje -		
	stambena naselja; Makrourbani centri. Rekreacija -		
	Separati. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet Sarajevo.		

⁵¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁵² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





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Form SP2

ELECTIVE SUBJECTS IN 2nd SEMESTER

Code: 01.01.16.	Title of the subject: ABSTRACT VISUAL EXPRESSION OF			
	SHAPES, COLOURS AND MOVEM			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: Elective			Total number of hou	irs: 30
			conducted simultaneously	
Teaching staff				the field to which the SPATIAL AND GRAPHICAL
Prerequisites:			ompletion of the obliga rawing. Student load –	atory two-year courses in 15.
Aim (aims) of the subject:		beginnings a painting in s The intentio creative and classical visu order to creat	on is for students to ent l research work, having ual (theoretical and pra	act art, focusing on in architectural design. ter a new phase of g acquired the necessary
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	 Cubis (the vinto a 4. techrigroug Black /ul>	sm as an artistic mover work of P. Cezanne as a abstract art) Constructing a visua nique (the use of eleme ps), and white collage I, te and white collage I, te and white collage II, te and white collage II, te and white collage II, t	ents, components, echnique: paper; echnique: paper; echnique: paper; echnique: paper; echnique: paper; echnique: paper; echnique: paper; es Cubism as an artistic ism (P. Picasso, G. ainters) Cubism in of Cubism to l whole Collage

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	 Colour collage I, technique of combining materials; Colour collage I, technique of combining materials; Colour collage I, technique of combining materials; Black and white or colour collage, collage in space; Black and white or colour collage, collage in space; Black and white or colour collage, collage in space; Completion of works, discussion about the works and their final part. 	
Learning outcomes:	Knowledge: Understanding Cubism and its legitimacy and its reflection on the art and architecture of the twentieth century; Skills: Work on new materials and collage techniques; Competences: Possibility of analyzing space and developing an idea by collage techniques through polyperspective.	
Teaching methods:	Theoretical part: Lectures with projections and visual analysis, discussion. Practical classes: Workshops: Work on sketches (combined techniques), assembling materials for the collage technique, which is the focus of the practical classes.	
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁵³ :	Attendance at lectures and workshops, activities that include engagement in discussions, assembling of materials necessary for the work on collages, work on the sketches. The grade is assigned on the basis of practical classes and the final work. The distribution is as follows: in-class participation 30% practical classes 70%	
Bibliography ⁵⁴ :	 Obligatory: Bogdanović, K. (2009) Uvod u vizuelnu kulturu, Beograd: Zavod za udžbenike i nastavna sredstva, Dora, V. (2006) Apstraktna umetnost, Beograd: METAPHYSICA Additional: Read, H. (1967) Istorija modernog slikarstva (od Sezana do Pikasa), Beograd: Jugoslavija. 	

⁵³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁵⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





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	А			
Code: 01.04.33	Title of the subject: ARTIFICIAL LIGHTING AND URBAN ENVIRONMENT			
Cycle: II	Year of the study: I	Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 3	
Status: ELECTIVE	· · · ·	Total number of h	ours: 30	
		Lectures 15 Exercises 15		
Teaching staff	the subject	Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs [Do not enter names in this section. Leave the formulation as indicated in this section]		
Prerequisites:	-			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	of urban ligh	Mastering terminology and methodology of planning and design of urban lighting in the complex relationship between the city functions and their organisation in space.		
Content:basis of(if necessary, the outlineartificialplan per week islighting;determined by takingbasics ofinto account themethodespecificity ofselected		lay/night image of the ting; Perceptive-psycho ological aspects of arti- ting design; Urban ligh r; Case study task / Ligl	ment; Theoretical-analytical city; Environmental aspect of ological basis of artificial ficial lighting; Technical ting planning and design hting design concept for a ation and discussion in front , professor).	
Learning outcome	understandin Perceiving sp unveiling of a emphasis to s: Skills: Application of aspects in pla Competence Ability to pro	 Knowledge: Development of analytical and critical understanding of the entire image of the city, both day an Perceiving space as a scenography framework for approprunveiling of all city functions in the day/night continuity, emphasis to the urban nightscape aspect. Skills: Application of visually perceptual, technical and environmaspects in planning and designing the urban nightscape. Competences: Ability to produce urban lighting masterplans and urban nightscape designs. 		
Teaching methods	Lectures – or	Lectures – oral, visual and comparative lecturing about the design issues; Individual engagement on the case study		
Assessment metho including grading structure ⁵⁵ :			(design proposal nester), discussion upon	

⁵⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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	Final exam in case a student fails to gain the required minimum of points.
Bibliography ⁵⁶ :	 Obligatory: Alihodžić, R. R. (2007). Definisanje primarnih aspekata psihološkog doživljaja arhitektonskog prostora i forme. Ulcinj: Prima. Andreić, Ž. (2009). Problematika svjetlosnog onečišćenja. Zagreb: Rudarsko-geološko-naftni fakultet. Halprin, L. (1971). Gradovi. Belgrade: Gradjevinska knjiga. Krier, R. (1975). Urban space. London: Academy editions. Linch, K. (1974). Slika jednog grada. Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Norberg-Schulz. (1975). Egzistencija, prostor i arhitektura. Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Žuljić, V. J. (1988). Determinante urbane morfologije grada sa posebnim osvrtom na morfologiju Sarajeva. (Doctoral thesis defended at the University of Belgrade).
	Additional: Vresk, M. (1980). Osnove urbane geografije. Zagreb: Školska knjiga. Sitte, C. (1967). <i>Umjetničko oblikovanje gradova</i> (Đ. Tabaković, Transl.). Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga.

⁵⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.05.18	Title of the subject: BIOCLIMATIC ARCHITECTURE			
Cycle: II	Year: I		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: ELECTIVE			Total number of hou	ırs: 30
			Lectures Exercises Field work	
Teaching staff				
Prerequisites:				
Aim (aims) of the subject:		energy system a		le, architectural building) as an ance of the relationship between architectural tasks.
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	Hadrović, A. (2 Sarajevo. Facult WEEKS 1-2: De climatic archited WEEKS 3-5: En character of the WEEKS 6-9: the Autonomous are conditions with contemporary so WEEKS 10-12: factor). Heat los	y of Architecture of the Univer efinition of bio-climatic archi cture through storytelling. Sust ergy. Sources of energy and system; coexistence of architecture (ma chitecture ("primitive" dwellin a authentic disposition and a olutions to insisted fit into a na	re-seeking the way to paradise. sity of Sarajevo. tecture. Understanding the bio- tainability; their perspectives. The size and an) with the natural environment. ngs - human response to natural materialization solutions). Make atural environment; e boundary relationship (shape its and materialization).
Learning outcomes	5:	Knowledge: Students should understand the understanding climatic architecture" through history, to this day. Skills: The student should be enabled to create bio-climatic the conditions of a concrete natural and social environment Competencies: Students should be able to see architectur artistic and exemplary-empirical components in the ligh agenda.		nderstanding and practice of "bio- day. e bio-climatic architecture under environment. e architecture as the unity of its
Teaching methods	:	Lectures with pr	rojections that follow the subje	ect matter.
Assessment metho including grading structure ⁵⁷ :	ods		g 5% inary) workshop 95%	
Bibliography ⁵⁸ :		North Charlesto Supplementary: Balcomb, J.D. (19	n: Booksurge.	

⁵⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁵⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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Granjean, E. (1972). <i>Vohnpysiologee</i> . London: Artemis. Hadrović, A. (2010). <i>Arhitektonska fizika, drugo izdanje</i> . Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Larson, R. W. (1996). <i>Implementation of Solar Thermal Tehnology</i> . Cambridge, MA: MIT Press. Moritz, K. (1975). <i>Pravilno i pogrešno</i> . Belgrade: Gradjevinska knjiga.
Matić, M. (1988). <i>Energija i arhitekura</i> . Zagreb: Školska knjiga. Rudolfski, B (1976). <i>Arhitektura</i> . Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Journal: Techniques et Architecture (special editions: 291/73, 315/77) Journal: The Japan Architecture, DBZ





Code: 01.05.39.	Subj	Subject title: MANAGEMENT AND PROGRAMMING OF ARCHITECTURAL PROJECTS			
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of credits: 3 (according to ECTS)	
Status: ELECTIVE		_	Total hours: 30 (2/week)	
Teaching staff:		Teachers and a Spatial plannir	d associates engaged in the scientific field "Urbanism and ning"		
Enrolment requirements:	Q.	2			
Subject objective(s	s):	To train students for an integrated approach to the management, conceptualization, construction and materialization of architectural projects, with the intent to gain competence in the realization of architectural objects by mastering the relevant principles of project management as a scientific discipline.			
Content: (if necessary, the weekly performance plan can be determined by consideri specificities of organizat units)	e ng the	 Nineth week: Architectural programming; Tenth, eleventh and twelvth week: Architectural design; Constructi Maintenance and usage; Thirteenth and fourteenth week: Managing the implementation of to construction project; 		ement principles; al meaning of the concepts ciples and processes of project an architecturally defined space; ming; rchitectural design; Construction;	
Learning outcomes: Knowledge: context of pro Skills: Constr task, preparin necessary for building const Competenci management a		 ge: mastering basic managerial knowledge and skills in the rojects in the domain of building construction. structing a cost-analysis study, project programing, project ring tender documents and managing the managerial skills or project management (venture) from the domain of astruction. accies: Ultimately, students would integrate the principles of and the principle of architectural profession and science he competencies required by current architectural practice. 			
Teaching methods	eaching methods: Lectures and i		nteractive discussion, w	orking on concrete examples.	
Knowledge assessment metho with grading structure ⁵⁹ :	ods	The grade from the course is based on teaching activities (attendan lectures and participation in the discussion 49%), preparation and defence of seminar work - 51%.			
Literature ⁶⁰ :	Literature ⁶⁰ : Obligatory:				

¹ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

⁶⁰ The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher

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 Bijedić, DŽ. (2000). Aplikacija principa projekt menadženta u realizaciji projekata visokogradnje Magistarski rad (Mr.sc.), Sarajevo: Aritektonski fakultet Univerziteta u Sarajevu.
Additional:
 Dingle, J. (1997). Project Management–Orientation for Decision Makers. London: Arnold Publishing.
 Federalno ministarstvo prostornog uređenja i zaštite okoliša & IMG (1999). Priručnik o tehničkim i obligacionim uvjetima za
projektovanje i izvođenje radova na izgradnji, rekonstrukciji, sanaciji adaptaciji građevina visokogradnje. Sarajevo. Rabic.
 Lewis, J.P. (1997). Fundamentals of Project Management. New York: AMACOM - American Management Association.
• PMI Standards Committee (1996). A Guide to Project Management
Body of Knowledge. Upper Darby, PA: Project Management Institute.

education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo





Code: 01.03.52	Title of the subject: Special Architectural Projects			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st	Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 6	
		Total number of hou	ırs: 90	
Status: Elective		Lectures: 30 Exercises: 60		
Teaching staff		nd associates elected t belongs – Architectu		
Prerequisites:	-			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	experiment of working conceptual architectura	Introduction to current methods of research and experimentation in architectural design through simulation of working conditions, design and presentation of conceptual architectural studies and conceptual architectural solutions of special architectural programs in international architectural project studios.		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units,	1. Historica programs; 2linearchitectura spatial conf Urbanistic, planning of programmi	1. Historical development of special architectural programs; 2. Contemporary principles of designing special architectural programs 3. Spatial-functional groups and spatial configuration of special architectural programs; 4. Urbanistic, architectural and ambient aspects of the planning of special architectural programs; 5. Architectural programming of special architectural projects; 6. Analysis of architectural types and functional-spatial units of special		
Learning outcomes	Knowledge buildings w lectures and about the m groups by v program de technologySkills:Th knowledge approach te well as the e contempora for present solution.Competend architectura the integrat	 architectural programs. Knowledge: Programming and architectural design of buildings with special architectural programs. Through lectures and exercises, the student will acquire knowledge about the methodology of designing spatial-functional groups by which the building with special architectural program develops through the context, form, function, technology and materialization. Skills: The integration of theoretical and practical knowledge through semestral work encourages individual approach to problem solving in each individual student, as well as the development, research and use of traditional and contemporary materials and technologies. Developing skills for presentation and communication of a project design solution. Competences: The student is able to create the conceptual architectural program of the average complexity, based on the integrated knowledge from several previous professional subjects, simultaneously mastering the design 		

	conceptual and technical-methodological basics of architectural design.		
Teaching methods:	Lectures – ex-cathedra / multimedia; In-semester engagement – individual assignments/supervised work; Work in architectural design studio with presentations and discussions regarding the development of architectural design concepts.		
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁶¹ :	ethods Students are assessed through successfully executed practical assignments (60% of the grade): Presentations		
Bibliography ⁶² :	Obligatory: Current professional and theoretical literature in the field of architecture and urban planning. Picard,Q., RIBA The Architects Handbook, Blackwell, 2002; Neufert,Q., Arhitects' Data, Blackwell Science, Third Edition, 2000 De Chiara, J., Crosbie J.M., Time-Saver Standards for Building Types, McGraw-Hill, Fourt Edition, 2001 Additional: Durmišević,E., Pašić,A., Çolakoğlu,B., Dynamic Architecture, University of Twente, 2015 Durmišević,E., Pašić,A., Urban Strategies for Green Kadiköy Istanbul, International Design Studio 2013, University of Twente, 2013 Durmišević,E., International Design Studio 2011 Green Transformable Building Center, University of Twente, 2011 Recent Architectural Magazines, Books about Architecture, Urban planing, Urban design and Landscape, Architectural Design Manuals and Monographs of Architects		

⁶¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁶² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.29	Title	itle of the subject: SPECIFIC HOUSING AREAS		
Cycle: 2nd Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 3	
Status: ELECTIVE		Total number of hou	ırs: 30	
			Lectures 30	
		Teachers a	nd associates elected	in the field -
Teaching staff		Departmen	t of Architectural Des	sign
Prerequisites:		-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		The goal is to introduce students to a diverse typology of the specific housing space and temporary residence area, where social participation plays a significant role. Through theory, terms, presentation of possible typologies and functions of objects for social standards, the goal is to make students, future creators of spaces for problematic and specific purposes, sensitive for the issues and specific purposes (material, social, physical and physiological, psychological, spiritual, age-oriented, etc.) of individuals, groups and the society in general, in a search for an adequate architectural solution that would be an optimal framework for the realisation of those needs.		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	 framework for the realisation of those needs. An overview of typological nomenclature of specific housing spaces; Retirement home and other forms of housing of the elderly, relatively independent persons; Shelters, homes for accommodating the elderly and the weak; Hospices; Homeless shelters; Student homes, apartments and campuses; Homes and dormitories for pupils; Monasteries and seminaries – Madrassahs and tekke – Orthodox monasteries; Objects for children and young people without parental care (orphanages, children's settlements, "a half-way home" – apartments] Homes for children and young people without parental care (orphanages, children's settlements, "a half-way home" – apartments] Homes for children and young people with special needs - supported housing (for the visually impaired, for the physically disabled; for the intellectually disabled); Safe homes – a temporary housing for the people exposed to family violence; A temporary shelter for the people affected by a natural or other catastrophe; Resocialisation facilities for junior delinquents (correctional facilities); the "communes" for rehabilitation and resocialisation of addicts; Penitentiaries: Correctional facilities of different security level for adults – prisons. 		and other forms of dependent persons; g the elderly and the s; Student homes, and dormitories for s – Madrassahs and jects for children and e (orphanages, home" – apartments); ple with special needs – y impaired, for the ctually disabled); Safe he people exposed to er for the people affected Resocialisation facilities al facilities); the resocialisation of
Learning outcome	rning outcomes: Knowledge: Acquiring theoretical knowledge on the n of the specific categories that are reflected to the chara of the designed spaces in several levels. Acquiring		eflected to the character	

	professional competences through introduction to the methods and instruments, elements and standards, by which a quality interaction between special needs of users and spaces designed for them can be simulated and achieved, as well as an insight into the contemporary tendencies, which is a precondition for a possible continuation of work in this field in the 3rd and 4th semester of the studies. Skills: Students adopt design skills, project planning and organization, and presentation and communication skills. Competences: By successfully mastering these issues, students acquire some general (instrumental, interprersonal, system) and partly professional competences, which require mastering the basic understanding of the field of housing by critical thinking and creative, independent activity, as well as creating awareness of the social responsibility, keeping in touch with the most recent achievements of architectural profession, etc.
Teaching methods:	Lectures and activities at the seminar. A combination of informative and interactive lectures supported by multimedia presentations containing comparative analysis of the specific examples – projects, realisations, as well as successful final diploma thesis in this field. Participation at the seminar with involvement of experts that deal with the themes stated in the content of the subject, as well as two announced tests. Through activities at the seminar, students widen their knowledge, explore, analyse and publically present their findings. Initiating students to undertake research activities in the studio, where they choose one of the topics offered in this field as their final thesis. They are thus introduced to the methodology of writing the theoretical part of the thesis, its application to the practical, designing section, as well as public presentation of the thesis.
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁶³ :	Through the aforementioned teaching process, students are assessed during the semester and if they meet all the requirements, they are assigned the final grade without being obliged to take the final exam. Students who attended 80% of the classes and failed to achieve the required minimum of positive grades during the semester have to take the final written exam. The following components are considered for the final grade: attendance: 10%, tests 20%, seminar assignment 70% of the total grade.

⁶³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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	Obligatory: Allen, P., Mullins, W. (1975). Ein Platz fur
	Studenten. Berlin: Bauverlage.
	Cekić, N. (2001). Razvoj stambenih jedinica kod
	studentskih domova. Niš: Građevinski i Arhitektonski
	fakultet. Fairweather, L., McConville, S. (2006). Prison
	Architecture – Policy, Design and Experience. London:
	RIBA.
	Additional: Fejzić, E. (2001). Osobe umanjenih tjelesnih
	sposobnosti i arhitektonske barijere. Sarajevo:
	Arhitektonski fakultet. Finci, O. (2009). Koncepcije i oblici
	stanovanja starih osoba – skripta. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski
	fakultet.
	Mostaedi, A. (2003). Homes for Senior Citizens. Barcelona:
	Broto & Minquet.
	Perkins, B., Hoglund, J.D., King, D., & Cohen, E. (2004).
Bibliography ⁶⁴ :	Building Type Basic for Senior Living, New Jersey: John
	Wiley & Sons. Redstone, G. L. (1986). Institutional
	Buildings, An Architectural Record Book.
	Schittch, C. (2007). Housing for People of All Ages. Munich:
	Edition DETAIL.
	Thomson, N., Dendy, E. (1984). Sports and Recreation
	Provision for Disabled People. London: Architectural Press
	Ltd.
	Magazines / thematic journals treating the issue of specific
	housing areas and temporary housing: TA,AW, DB,AA,
	Baumeister, B+W, Detail, ORIS
	Note: The professor shall recommend literature in the
	related – adjacent fields, as well as the relevant web
	sources, all depending
	on the topic for the seminar assignment.

⁶⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.05.21	Title	e of the subject: PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION – ENGINEERING CONSULTING		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: ELECTIVE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Total number of hours: 3 hours per week / 45 hours per semester	
			Lectures 1 per week / 15 Exercises 2 per week / 30	
Teaching staff subject belo		ongs:	in the field to which the struction and building	
Prerequisites:		None.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		The main goal is education for the purpose of drafting estimate and tender dossiers with a priced bill of quantities for construction works. Inclusion into different phases of the realisation process through the entire investment cycle, such as: contracting works, participation in the technological preparation, drafting of dynamic plans, construction organisation study, supervision and control of construction process, as well as payment of the performed work. The subject entails processes of development and management of investment enterprises with all the necessary assistance and activities in the execution procedure: content, scope, methods of selection and processing of input data related to the subject and the object of investment contract, ways of drafting the pre- investment and investment studies, tender documentation, as well as procedures of project management in the entire		
Content: (if necessary, the outl plan per week is determined by taking account the specificit organizational units)	'ine ' into y of	 investment cycle. Priced bill of quantities (classification of works in building constructions, structure and form, bill of quantities and calculations, general and technical conditions for implementation of certain works); Normative and standards of work in construction (the notion of norms and norming, the purpose of normative, kinds o norms); Management and realization of projects: General terms Division of investments; Terminology of investments; Project realization cycle elements; Project management in an investment cycle; Contracting and realization of works: Kinds of contracts; Ways of contracting, rights and obligations of the contracting parties; Consulting contract; Contract on implementation of works; FIDIC contracting conditions 		

	Business ethics; Legislation: Domestic legislation in the field of construction, European directives; Quality control organization for construction production: Supervision of Investor; Author supervision; Inspection supervision; Quality control methods; Price estimate for construction works: Calculation elements; Auxiliary – previous calculations; Calculation of prices for the main work processes; Indirect expenses coverage estimate (factor).		
Learning outcomes:	Knowledge: The expected result is understanding issues of realization of a project in the entire investment cycle. Students gain the basic knowledge in the field of project management. Skills: Making the priced bill of quantities Competences: Student can do priced bill of quantities by himself.		
Teaching methods:	Lectures supported by PowerPoint presentations and engagement in practical classes.		
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁶⁵ :	Assessment is done by assigning points for each form of activity and knowledge checking during the semester as well as on the final exam that determines the final grade. Testing knowledge through two written tests in the semester. Each test carries 10% points in the rating structure, the exercises carry 50% of the points in the grading structure and the final written exam carries 30% points in the rating structure. 10 (A) - (outstanding success, with no mistakes or with minor defects), carries 95-100 points, 9 (B) - (above the average, with a few mistakes), carries 85- 94 points, 8 (C) - (average, with noticeable mistakes), carries 75-84 points, 7 (D) - (generally good but with significant disadvantages), carries 65-74 points, 6 (E) - (meets the minimum criteria), carries 55-64 points, 5 (F, FX) - (does not meet the minimum criteria), less than 55 points.		
Bibliography ⁶⁶ :	Obligatory: Grupa autora (2016). Upravljanje projektima, Primaprom, Sarajevo. Dreca, Š. (2002). <i>Građenje.</i> Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet.		

⁶⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁶⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO – FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE SUBJECT description		Form SP2
		Page 92 of 247
	Dreca, Š. (2008). <i>Organizacija građevinske</i> Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Dreca, Š. (2008). <i>Organizacija, upravljo</i> <i>racionalizacija, skripta.</i> Sarajevo: Arhitekt Dreca, Š. (2008). <i>Planiranje i programirar</i> Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet.	anje proizvodnjom i conski fakultet.
	Additional: Đorđević, D. (2001). <i>Izvođenje radov</i> Belgrade: Izgradnja. Đuranović, P. (2003). <i>Upravljanje građe</i> Podgorica: Građevinski fakultet. Ivković, B., Popović, Ž. (1994). <i>Uprav</i> <i>građevinarstvu</i> . Belgrade: Jugoimpekt i IP Marušić, J. (1994). <i>Organizacija građenja</i> . <i>Normativi i standardi rada u građevinarst</i> Valid legal legislation, rules and regula construction.	evinskim projektima. ljanje projektima u Nauka. Zagreb: FS. vu-visokogradnja





Code: 01.06.12	Title of the subject: COMPOSITE AND PRESTRESSED STRUCTURES		
	Year of the study: I	Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
		Total number of ho	urs: 45
Status, Flastiva		Lectures 30 Exercises 15	
Status: Elective Teaching staff		l nd associates elected in ongs - Department of Str	
Prerequisites:	None.	nigs - Department of St	
Aim (aims) of the subject:	composite materials, r field of pres the possibil structures, prestressing different co	Acquiring knowledge on the possibility of forming the composite girder through a combination of different materials, making use of their best characteristics. In the field of prestressed structures, a student is acquainted with the possibility of increasing the load bearing capacity of the structures, through the use of certain techniques and prestressing systems achieved by the application of different combinations of materials: the concrete-steel, steel-steel and wood-steel combination.	
Content: (if necessary, the outliplan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units)	ine objects. Con structure m of steel-con Prestressed basic prince concrete st prestressed materialisat wood-wood concrete co goal behind wooden st wooden st materials: S	Introduction. Large span load bearing structures. High rise objects. Composite steel-concrete structures: Load bearing structure materialisation; Design principles and application of steel-concrete composite structures; Structural details Prestressed structures: Idea and goal of prestressing; The basic principles of design and application of prestressed concrete structures; structural details. Composite and prestressed wooden structures; Load bearing structure materialisation; Principles of design and application of the wood-wood, wood-steel, wood-concrete, wood-lightweigh concrete composite structures; Structural details; Idea and goal behind design and application of the prestressed wooden structures; Basic principles and application o wooden prestressed structures; Structural details Composite and prestressed structures made of composite materials: Strengthening load bearing structures through application of composite materials in composite and	
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: Independent design and conceptual solution o		ual solution of optimum ng the composite or

Teaching methods:	Ability to independently solve the concept of load-bearing construction of an architectural object in given systems and selected materials. Competences: By mastering the content of this subject, students will understand the issues related to design of contemporary composite and prestressed structures and will acquire knowledge on possibilities of application of different materials used in a single structural assembly. Auditory lectures and practical classes. At practical classes, the students need to complete a seminar assignment in
	groups. A discussion between candidates follows seminar presentations, moderated by the assistant.
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁶⁷ :	Students are assessed through the presentation of seminar assignments in presence of the professor and the assistant (seminar assignment 80%, students activity 20%). Candidates who do not pass are obliged to take the final, theory-based exam. The final exam includes theoretical part (max. 80%). The final grade is formed from the completed, presented and defended seminar assignment, or a successfully completed final exam. Students who get the second signature in the index are eligible to take the final exam, meaning that they have fulfilled the obligations as prescribed by the Statute. The exam is prepared through lectures and practical classes, as well as through the use of literature recommended by the professor and the assistant at the beginning of the teaching process.
Bibliography ⁶⁸ :	 Obligatory: Miljanović, S. Lectures prepared by the professor in charge of the subject. Mešić, E., Miljanović, S. (2012). Savremeni konstrukcijski koncepti višespratnih zgrada – metalne i spregnute konstrukcije. Sarajevo: Građevinski fakultet. Additional: Conceptual Design of Structures. (Volume I – Methodology; Volume II- Case Studies). (1996). Stuttgart: E.Kurz and Co. Dujmović, D., Androić, B., Lukačević, I. (2012). Projektiranje spregnutih konstrukcija prema Eurocode 4, I.A. Zagreb: Projektiranje. Gabeta, S. (1990). Form-Force-Mass (IL 25). Sttutgart: Institut fur Leichte Flachentragwerke.

⁶⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁶⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO – FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE SUBJECT description

Hart, F., Henn, W., & Sontag, H. (1991). Atlas čeličnih
konstrukcija. Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Herzog, T.,
Schweitzer, R., Volz, M. (2003).
Holzbau Atlas. Munich: Institut fur internationale
Archtektur – Dokumentation.
Ofner, R. (2007). Leichtbau und Glasbau. Graz: IBX
Fachbereich Ingenieurbaukunst.
Zlatar, M. (2011). Prednapregnuti beton-skripta. Sarajevo:
Građevinski fakultet.





Code: 01.04.42	Title of the subject: TRANSFORMATION OF URBAN ANSAMBLE		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st	Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 6
Status: Elective		Total number of ho Lectures 15 Exercises 45 Field work	urs: 60
Teaching staff	the subjec	and associates elected at belongs banism and spatial plan	
Prerequisites:	None.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	transforma careful sele directing s expression The subject ansamble, assessment relationshi	ation of the urban enser ection of materialization tudent's interest towar of culture, lifestyle and t requires comprehens because isolated observ t of its complexity and	ds the city as an d historical stratification. ive observation of urban vation does not allow the
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	- typificat crossroads nodal poi uncomplet parks, four line aspects of pedestrian g materials environme of the urba) (compositi of the urb micro loc morpholog urban spa	a) Introduction to the transformation of the urban ensemble - typification and morphology: street, square, block, crossroads, special spaces (social activities, promenades, nodal points, special forms of recreation, city open uncompleted and built cultural and historical complexes, parks, fountains, monumental places); Design and practical aspects of urban equipment - arrangement of space for pedestrians; A critical overview of the use of building	
Learning outcomes	Knowledge coverage b	e: Critical overview of the second seco	he specific spatial

Teaching methods:Teaching methods:		Skills: The ability to analyze influential factors related to
Competences: Development of design-planning skills.In the first week of the semester, students will take a tour around the site and collect material for the necessary analyzes: urban identification-identifying and defining the existing urban elements, the character and perception of the urban ensemble in the context of social-communication relations. After a joint presentation and discussion, the first phase of their work will be evaluated. Until the last week of the semester, students will be separated (individually or by groups), and they work on the development of the concept and project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, followed by the evaluation of the second phase of the project work. In the last week of the semester, students will present the final project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, where the final phase of the work will be evaluated with discussion. During the period of the course, there is the possibility of organizing a joint, international workshop: Faculty of Architecture Sarajevo - Faculty of Architecture Ljubljana, which includes work in mixed groups (students from Sarajevo and students from Ljubljana). If the Workshop happens, the lessons will take place in the following way: In the first week of the semester, students from Sarajevo and Ljubljana will visit the location in Sarajevo, make detailed analyzes: urban identification-identifying and defining the existing urban elements, the character and perception of the urban ensemble in the context of social-communication relations. After a joint presentation and discussion at the Faculty of Architecture in Sarajevo, the first phase of their work will be evaluated. Until the last week of the semester, students are separated, and with online communication they work together on the development of the concept and project of the transformation of the urban en		-
 In the first week of the semester, students will take a tour around the site and collect material for the necessary analyzes: urban identification-identifying and defining the existing urban elements, the character and perception of the urban ensemble in the context of social-communication relations. After a joint presentation and discussion, the first phase of their work will be evaluated. Until the last week of the semester, students will be separated (individually or by groups), and they work on the development of the concept and project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, followed by the evaluation of the second phase of the project work. In the last week of the semester, students will present the final project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, where the final phase of the work will be evaluated with discussion. During the period of the course, there is the possibility of organizing a joint, international workshop: Faculty of Architecture Sarajevo - Faculty of Architecture Ljubljana, which includes work in mixed groups (students from Sarajevo and Ljubljana will visit the location in Sarajevo, make detailed analyzes: urban identification-identifying and defining the existing urban elements, the character and perception of the urban ensemble in the context of social-communication relations. After a joint presentation and discussion at the Faculty of Architecture in Sarajevo, the first phase of their work will be evaluated. Until the last week of the semester, students are separated, and with online communication they work together on the development of the concept and project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, followed by the evaluation of the second phase of their work will be evaluated. Until the last week of the semester, students are separated, and with online communication they work together on the development of the concept and project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, followed by the evaluation of the urban ensemble, followed by the eva		
 around the site and collect material for the necessary analyzes: urban identification-identifying and defining the existing urban elements, the character and perception of the urban ensemble in the context of social-communication relations. After a joint presentation and discussion, the first phase of their work will be evaluated. Until the last week of the semester, students will be separated (individually or by groups), and they work on the development of the concept and project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, followed by the evaluation of the second phase of the project work. In the last week of the semester, students will present the final project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, where the final phase of the work will be evaluated with discussion. During the period of the course, there is the possibility of organizing a joint, international workshop: Faculty of Architecture Sarajevo - Faculty of Architecture Ljubljana, which includes work in mixed groups (students from Sarajevo and Ljubljana will visit the location in Sarajevo, make detailed analyzes: urban identification-identifying and defining the existing urban elements, the character and perception of the urban ensemble in the context of social-communication relations. After a joint presentation and discussion at the Faculty of Architecture in Sarajevo, the first phase of their work will be evaluated. Until the last week of the semester, students are separated, and with online communication they work together on the development of the concept and project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, followed by the evaluated. Until the last week of the semester, students are separated, and with online communication they work together on the development of the concept and project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, followed by the evaluation of the second phase of their work will be evaluated. Until the last week of the semester, students are separated, and with online communication they work to		
again at the Faculty of Architecture in Ljubljana and jointly present the final project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, where the final phase of the work will be	Teaching methods:	In the first week of the semester, students will take a tour around the site and collect material for the necessary analyzes: urban identification-identifying and defining the existing urban elements, the character and perception of the urban ensemble in the context of social-communication relations. After a joint presentation and discussion, the first phase of their work will be evaluated. Until the last week of the semester, students will be separated (individually or by groups), and they work on the development of the concept and project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, followed by the evaluation of the second phase of the project work. In the last week of the semester, students will present the final project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, where the final phase of the work will be evaluated with discussion. During the period of the course, there is the possibility of organizing a joint, international workshop: Faculty of Architecture Sarajevo - Faculty of Architecture Ljubljana, which includes work in mixed groups (students from Sarajevo and students from Ljubljana). If the Workshop happens, the lessons will take place in the following way: In the first week of the semester, students from Sarajevo and Ljubljana will visit the location in Sarajevo, make detailed analyzes: urban identification-identifying and defining the existing urban elements, the character and perception of the urban ensemble in the context of social-communication relations. After a joint presentation and discussion at the Faculty of Architecture in Sarajevo, the first phase of their work will be evaluated. Until the last week of the semester, students are separated, and with online communication they work together on the development of the concept and project of the transformation of the urban ensemble, followed by the evaluation of the second phase of the project work. In the last week of the semester, working groups meet again at the Faculty of Architecture in Ljubljana and jointly present the final project of

Assessment methods including grading structure ⁶⁹ :	Through the mentioned types of teaching during the semester, a permanent evaluation of the work of the students will be carried out, and the students will receive the final grade at the end of the semester by evaluating the first (20%), the second (60%) and the third (20%) phase of the project on the transformation project of the urban ensemble.
Bibliography ⁷⁰ :	Obligatory: Čakarić, J, Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012 Gehl, J. i Gemzoe, L, New city spaces, Danish Architectural Press, Copenhagen, 2001 Halprin, L, Gradovi, Agora, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1973 Rossi, A, The Architecture of the City, MIT, Boston, Massachusetts, 1997 Taylor, L, Urban Open Space, Academy Edition, London, 1981 Uhlig K, Pedestrian Areas - from Malls to Complete Networks, Academy Edition, London, 1979 Venturi, R, Braun, D. S. i Ajzenur S, Pouke Las Vegasa, Agora, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988 Zite, K, Umjetničko oblikovanje gradova, Agora, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1967 Aureli P., The Possibility of an Absolute Architecture, MIT Press, Boston, 2011 Castells M. City and the Grassroots, University of California Press, 1983. Los Angeles Additional: Other literature depending on the narrower thematic choice of the electoral group.

⁶⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁷⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.04.14	Title of the subject: URBAN TRANSFORMATIONS FOR THE 21st CENTURY		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st	Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: Elective		Total number of ho Lectures 15 Exercises 30	urs: 45
Teaching staff	the subjec		l in the field to which ning
Prerequisites:	None.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	to a city (es thinking. A emphasise	specially traffic) from p nalytical discourse in	nal and structural changes hysical to futuristic way of practical classes will also ign of the constructed and
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by takin into account the specificity of organizational units	constitutes 21st centur programm of the currate attempt Transform old and vis structure of programm structural a (a location concept of and its p Methodolo political a	Transformation as a process of adjustment of the new to the old and vice versa, Analysis of elements of architecture, structure of materials, etc., for the purpose of developing programme basis for the future modern city; Defining structural and architectural parameters for the city of future (a location for wellbeing and sustainability); Selection of the concept of measure and transformation unit – the quarter and its perspectives in the existing urban matrix; Methodology of interventions: technical, programme, political and social elements: Location theory in the application of stratification and prices of planned reshaped	
Learning outcome	critical leve Skills: Com interventio Competenc possibilitie	e: A graphic-analytical r el of transformation as parative analysis of ma ons in the world; ces: Possible urban sket s of foreseeing future (0 years and a quest for	a redesign process; ijor technological tch – futurism and an analysis of examples in
Teaching methods		-	ates for the development with an overview of real

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	needs of the quality of life improvement in an urban environment.
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁷¹ :	Individual engagement at practical classes, discussion at the presentation of the assignment, final written exam for the students who failed to achieve the required minimum of points.
Bibliography ⁷² :	Obligatory: Čakarić, J, Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012 Hamidović, M, Mjesto za dobrobit čovjeka, Separat, Arhitektonski fakultet Sarajevo, 1988 Le Corbusier, Način razmišljanja o urbanizmu, Agora, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1974 Mercer, C, Living in cities: Psihology and the Urban Environment, Pengruin Books, Middlesex, England, 1975 Middleton, R, The idea of the city, Arh. Assoc. London, MIT Press Cambridge, Massachusetts, 1996 Percik, E, N, Gorod v Sibiri, Moskva, 1980 Stewart, M, The City: Problems of planning, Penguin Education, Middlesex, England, 1974 Additional: Other literature recommended in accordance with the narrow thematic determinants of the elective group.

⁷¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁷² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.58	Title	of the subje	ct: CULTURAL FACIL	ITIES 1
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 6
			Total number of hou	urs: 90
Status: ELECTIVE			Lectures: 30 Exercises: 60	
Teaching staff			nd associates elected belongs – Architectu	in the field to which ral design
Prerequisites:		-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		the historica museum and course is bas and contemp library build for the desig	al, typological and mor d library buildings. Th sed on functional-orga porary tendencies in th lings. Lectures provide gn of architectural cond	miliarize students with phological character of e implementation of the nizational determinants he design of museum and e an expert methodology ceptual solutions for the he average complexity.
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	 Historical development of museum and library buildings; Contemporary principles of organizing museum and library buildings; Spatial-functional groups and spatial configuration of museum and library buildings; Urbanistic, architectural and ambient aspects of the planning of museum and library buildings; Architectural programming of museum and library buildings; Analysis of architectural types and functional-spatial units of museum and library buildings. 		
Learning outcomes	5:	 Knowledge: programming and architectural design of museum and library buildings. Through lectures and exercises, the student will acquire knowledge about the methodology of designing spatial-functional groups by which the museum and library building develop through the context, form, function, technology and materialization. Skills: The integration of theoretical and practical knowledge through semestral work encourages individual approach to problem solving in each individual student, as well as the development, research and use of traditional and contemporary materials and technologies. Developing skills for presentation and communication of a project design solution. Competences: The student is able to create the conceptual architectural project of the museum and library building of the average complexity, based on the integrated knowledge from several previous professional subjects, 		

	simultaneously mastering the design conceptual and technical-methodological basics of architectural design.
Teaching methods:	Lectures – ex-cathedra / multimedia; In-semester engagement – individual assignments/supervised work; Work in architectural design studio with presentations and discussions regarding the development of architectural design concepts.
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁷³ :	Students are assessed through successfully executed practical assignments (60% of the grade); Presentations (20% of the grade), Project design defense (20% of the grade).
Bibliography ⁷⁴ :	Obligatory: Current professional and theoretical literature in the field of architecture of museums and libraries Neufert,E., Arhitects' Data, Blackwell Science, Third Edition, 2000 De Chiara, J., Crosbie J.M., Time-Saver Standards for Building Types, McGraw-Hill – Fourt Edition, 2001 Von Naredi-Reiner,P., Museum Buildings: A Design Manual, Birkhäuser, 2004 Hoffmann, H.W., edited by Schittich,Ch., Construction and Design Manual: Museum Buildings, DOM publishers, 2016 Lushington, N., Rudolf, W., Wong, L., Libreries: A Design Manual, Birkhäuser, 2019 Additional: Durmišević,E., Pašić,A., Çolakoğlu,B., Dynamic Architecture, University of Twente, 2015 Recent Architectural Magazines, Books about Architecture, Urban planing, Urban design and Landscape, Architectural Design Manuals and Monographs of Architects

⁷³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁷⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.27	Title	of the subje	ct: HEALTH CARE FA	CILITIES
Cycle: 2nd	nd Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 6
			Total number of hou	urs: 90
Status: Elective			Lectures: 30 Exercises:60	
Teaching staff			nd associates elected belongs – Architectu	
Prerequisites:		-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		the historica health care l architecture health care l based on fur contempora buildings. Le design of arc	al, typological and cultu buildings. Determining (architectural tools) in buildings. The implement actional-organizationa ry tendencies in the de ectures provide an exp	g the potential of n creating the space of entation of the course is l determinants and esign of health care ert methodology for the solutions for the health
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	 Historical overview and background of health, health systems and architecture. The social paradigm of healthcare, medical technology and the architectural space Contemporary principles of health care, development of the organizational health care system; Urbanistic, architectural and ambient aspects of the programming and design of health care buildings; Analysis of architectural types and functional-spatial units of health care buildings (case study). 		
Learning outcomes	5:	Knowledge of design m which health form, function understandin atechnologie buildings. Du fields of know Skills: The knowledge of approach to Application the complet	The student will acque ethodology by spatial- in care building develop on and technology; including of theories and print es that are important for eveloping critical awar wledge which are on be integration of the through semestral wo oproblem solving in of theories, methods, to ex field of designin	uire advanced knowledge functional groups in os through the context, luding a critical nciples. Understanding or designing health care reness in this field and

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	project design solution. Competences: The student is able to create the conceptual architectural project of the health care building of the average complexity. Capable of critically evaluating architectural design for healthcare buildings.
Teaching methods:	Lectures – ex-cathedra / multimedia; In-semester engagement – individual assignments/supervised work; Work in architectural design studio with presentations and discussions regarding the development of architectural design concepts.
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁷⁵ :	Students are assessed through successfully executed practical assignments (60% of the grade); Presentations (20% of the grade), Project design oral defense (20% of the grade)
Bibliography ⁷⁶ :	Obligatory: Juračić, D., Zgrade za zdravstvo, Arhitektonski fakultet Sveučilište u Zagrebu, 2002; Additional: Wagenaar, C., editor in <i>The Architecture in Hospitals</i> , Nai010 Publishers, Rotterdam, 2006; Wagenaar, C., Mens, N., Manja, G., Niemeijer, C., Guthknecht, T., A Design Manual Hospitals, Birkhauser, Basel, 2018;

⁷⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁷⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.06.18	Title	tle of the subject: MASONRY STRUCTURES				
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 3		
Status: Elective			Total number of hours: 45			
			Optionally elaborate the distribution of hours per type: Lectures 30 Exercises 15			
Teaching staff		Teachers and associates elected in the field/Department for construction systems.				
Prerequisites:		None.				
Aim (aims) of the subject:		The goal is to introduce students to the types of masonry structures. Students should be enabled to make a simplified estimate of the wall and to make a simplified activity estimate. They should also be able to estimate the duration and cost.				
Content: (if necessary, the outline plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units)		and cost. A historical overview of wall constructions; The first walls, cities, materials, ways of construction; Kinds of walls, division of masonry structures depending on the function; Materials used in the masonry structures: mortar, stone, brick, etc.; the 1st written exam; Division of masonry structures according to ways of bricklaying, and according to ways of construction; Unreinforced and reinforced walls, experiments; Mechanical characteristics of masonry structures; elasticity module E, shear modules G, shrinking; the 2nd written exam; Technical regulations for walls; Designing walled construction; Reconstruction and rehabilitation of a masonry structures, maintenance of masonry structures; the 3rd written exam; masonry structures in seismically active areas, earthquakes, earthquake waves, reasons for the collapse of walled constructions; Rules and recommendations for masonry structures with regards to vertical shear, strengthening of walls; the 4th written exam.				
Learning outcomes: Upon c select t structu the wa verifica estima		Knowledge: Upon compl select the m structures; t the wall; to o verification; estimate du	ledge: completion of this course, students should be able to: the most appropriate material for the masonry ures; to recognise and calculate forces acting against all; to calculate the wall – a simplified calculation cation; to determine fire resistance of the wall; to ate duration of the wall construction. basic knowledge of masonry structure			

	I			
	Competences: select the most appropriate material for the masonry structures; to recognise and calculate forces acting against the wall; to calculate the wall – a simplified calculation verification; to determine fire resistance of the wall			
Teaching methods:	Lectures: oral and presentational; conversational method, practical presentations, deliberations. Practical classes: presentations and consultations.			
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁷⁷ :	Students are assessed through written and oral exams.			
Bibliography ⁷⁸ :	Obligatory: Čaušević, A., Rustempašić, N. (2014). <i>Rekonstrukcija zidanih</i> <i>objekata visokogradnje.</i> Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Furler, Tragverhalten von Mauerwerkswanden unter Druk und Biegung, Institut fur Baustatik und Konstruktion, ETH Zurich, Bericht Nr. 100, Birkhauser Verlag Basel, 1981. Gugisberg R., Versuche zum Tragverhalten qerbelasteter Mauerwerkswande, Institut fur Baustatik und Konstruktion, ETH Zurich, Birkhauser Verlag Basel, 1990. Sorić, Z. (1999). Zidane konstrukcije. Zagreb: Hrvatski savez građevinskih inženjera. Takač, S. (2000) Zidane konstrukcije. Osijek: Sveučilišni udžbenik Sveučilišta J. J. Strossmayera. Untersuchungsbericht des Pruf-und Forschungsinstitut der Schweizerichen Ziegelindustrie Sursee, Biegeversuche an bewertem Backsteinmauerwerk, 1992 – 1995. Additional: Supplementary: In consultation with the subject professor individually in relation to the specificity of the topic of each individual candidate.			

⁷⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁷⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.01.25	Title of the subject: VIRTUAL INTERACTIVE ARCHITECTURAL SPACE				
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 1st		Semester: 2nd	Number of ECTS credits: 3	
Status: Obligatory			Total number of hours: 45 (1+2)		
			Lectures 15 Exercises 30		
Teaching staff		Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs - Spatial and graphic representation with addition of the specialists in specific topics			
Prerequisites:		Basic knowledge of the software for 3d modeling and graphic visualization			
Aim (aims) of the subject:		Understanding and practical application of theoretical concepts and information models that connect the virtual, programmatic-functional and material dimensions of architectural space, with emphasis on visual and graphic aspects and interactivity of architectural space.			
Content: (if necessary, the outline plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units)		 Lectures: Virtual space in architecture - from the abstract to the material dimension. Digitization, virtualization and hyper-materialization of space. Programming and information modeling of space - from sketch to plan, graphic and visual dimension of space. Dynamic information modeling of space. An interactive dynamic information space. Spatial intangible and temporal dimensions of architecture and information modeling. Creating computer information models of an architectural object in a virtual space. Different software solutions and specific application aspects of CAD, CAM and BIM information technology. Interactive user experience with integration of the real and virtual dimensions of space. Exercises: Exploring and creating a virtual dimension of architectural space, through the integration of space-time, visual and information structures. Modeling, visualization and dynamic presentation of objects that have significant spatio-temporal validity in a cultural or historical context. Application of software for modeling, visualization and user interaction. 			

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Learning outcomes:	 Knowledge: Ability to apply theoretical knowledge and practical modeling methods with the help of computer technology in the definition, modeling and representation of architectural objects and their dynamic spatio-temporal aspects. Skills: Ability to model information and represent specific spatial circuits related to the field of architecture, with an emphasis on the dynamics and interactivity of architectural space. Competencies: Ability to adequately integrate different software tools and computing methods with theoretical aspects of the multidimensionality of architectural space through its spatio-temporal dimensions.
Teaching methods:	Lectures - multimedia presentations and practical exercises. The exercises are performed as supervised work and in consultation. The tasks are group and individual and include work on modeling, visualization and dynamic presentation of arch. objects and esembles.
Assessment methods including grading structure :	The course grade is derived from the project assignment, which contains information and graphic-visual elements 50%, final oral defense and presentation grades 40%, and through student activity monitoring 10%.
Bibliography:	 Obligatory: Rada Čahtarević, <i>Virtuality in architecture – from perspective representation to augmented reality</i>, The Scientific Journal Facta Universitatis, Series Architecture and Civil Engineering, Univerzitet u Nišu, Vol.6, No.2, 2008. 231-241 Branko Kolarevic, Post-Digital Architecture: Towards Integrative Design, <i>First International Conference on Critical Digital: What Matters(s)?</i>, 149-156. CDC. Cambridge, USA: Harvard University Graduate School of Design, 2008. Antoine Picon, Architecture and the virtual, Towards a new materiality, <i>Thesis</i>, Wissenschaftliche Zeitschrift der Bauhaus-Universität Weimar, (2003) Heft 3 Jun Tanaka, From (Im)possible to Virtual Architecture, The Virtual Architecture; The Difference between Possible and Impossible in Architecture, Tokyo university Digital Museum, Tokyo, 2000. Additional: Christiane Paul, 2015., From Immateriality to Neomateriality: Art and the Conditions of Digital Materiality , ISEA, 21st International Symposium on Electronic Art, Vancouver

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Course code: 01.03.65	Course title: ARCHITECTURE AND HEALTH 2		
Cycle: 2	Year: 1	Semester: 2	ECTS points: 6
		Total number of ho	ours: 90h
Status: Elective		Lectures: 30 h Exercises: 60 h	
Teaching participa	ants study/subj	nd associates select ect; relevant teachers upon invitation)	ed in the field of the s from other faculties and /
Enrolment requirements:	/		
Course objective(s	definition o community characterist Identificatio plans for he urban envir In professio and techniq specific envir	The objective of the course is to be familiarized with the definition of healthy urban environments (a scale of the community / neighbourhood and buildings), their characteristics and strategies for their development. Identification of the necessary steps to achieve effective plans for healthy communities and buildings within an urban environment. In professional terms, the goal is to master the methods and techniques available to architects in the design of specific environmentally friendly projects through the application of interdisciplinary knowledge and skills to all participants.	
Thematic units: (if necessary, the we performance plan ca be determined by takin into account the specific of the organizationa units)	eekly scale of com an 1. Principle 2. 'Healthy and 4. An integr ities 5. Use of ad process 6. Types of 7. Technolo	 The implementation of the course is based on functional- organizational determinants and contemporary tendencies in planning and designing healthy urban environments (a scale of community / neighbourhood and building). 1. Principles that shape the idea of architecture 2. 'Healthy Architecture', 'Green Architecture' 3. Reviewing typologies in a built environment 4. An integrated approach to problem solving 5. Use of advanced technology in modern architectural process 6. Types of interventions in an existing built environment 7. Technology Transfer 8. Identification of key players in the field of healthy urban 	
Learning outcome	s: Knowledge planning an buildings (a and buildin	Knowledge: Acquiring knowledge to participate in the planning and design of healthy urban communities and buildings (a benchmark of community / neighbourhoods and buildings). Knowledge of many different factors that affect the health of space users in a multidisciplinary	

	 Skills: Ability to create models of healthy cities / urban environments. Participation in the work of healthy community development teams (neighbourhood and building scale). Competencies: Ability to implement simple monitoring systems in an architectural space. Ability to participate in the work of teams on projects to preserve and improve the quality of life in a built environment.
Teaching methods:	Lectures & Multimedia; Laboratory work - individual tasks / supervised work; Work in simulation of architectural project studio with presentation and discussion of development of architectural conceptual solutions;
Knowledge assessment methods with grading structure ⁷⁹ :	Students' knowledge is assessed on the basis of a successfully completed semester assignment - architectural project (50% of the total grade); Essay (20% of the total grade); Oral presentation (10% of the total grade); Practical skills - working in a laboratory (20% of the total grade).
Literature ⁸⁰ :	 Obligatory: Barton, H., Thompson, S., Burgess, S., & Grant, M. (Eds.). (2015). <i>The Routledge Handbook of Planning for Health and Well-Being.</i> New York, NY: Routledge Burdett, R., & Rode, P. (2018). (Eds). <i>Shaping cities in an urban age</i>. Berlin: Phaidon. Leeuw, E. de., & Simos, J. (Eds.). (2017). <i>Healthy cities: the theory, policy, and practice of value-based urban planning</i>. New York, NY: Springer New York. Additional:
	 Barton, H., Mitcham, C., & Tsourou, C. (2003). Healthy urban planning in practice: experience of European cities: report of the Who City Action Group on Healthy Urban Planning. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe. Wagner, F. W., & Caves, R. W. (2020). Community livability: issues and approaches to sustaining the well-being of people and communities. Abingdon, Oxon: Routledge.

⁷⁹ The points structure and the scoring criterion for each subject are determined by the organizational unit council before the beginning of the academic year in which the subject is taught in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

⁸⁰ The Senate of the higher education institution as an institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals, as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and passes the exam by a special decision, which is obligatory to publish on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Sarajevo Canton

Course code: 01.03.69	Cour	urse title: LIGHT IN DESIGN		
Cycle: 2	Year: 1		Semester: 2	ECTS points: 6
Status: Elective			Total number of ho Lectures: 15 h Exercises: 15 h	urs: 30h
Teaching participa	ants		nd associates elected belongs: architectur	in the field to which al design/product
Enrolment requirements:		/		
Course objective(s	;) :	understand f Intro- modeling too Unde light pollutio in architectu Devel	duce new technologies ols. rstanding of matter ba on and implementation	on the urban landscape. s and appropriate lighting ased on energy efficiency, n of acquired knowledge mportance of energy
Thematic units: (if necessary, the we performance plan c be determined by takin into account the specific of the organizationa units)	an ng tities	 INTRODUCTION Light Fantastic; The Light of Reason (BBC film) Architecture is a combination of art and science - on the example of light; Composition of Light (BBC film) TERMS AND BASIC PHYSICS OF LIGHT The visible part of the spectrum; Dual radiation theory; Transmission, reflection, refraction; Direct and diffused light; The color of light; Measuring characteristics of light LIGHT REVEALS ARCHITECTURE Light and place; genius loci or the spirit of the place (film Louis Poulsen); Light and culture of habitation Light, climate and weather; visual and psychological effect; light and thermal comfort; daily and seasonal changes of light (on the example of paintings by Claude Monet) Light and form; Light and structures; Light and materials (acetalization and dematerialization) Light and space; Light connects interior and exterior spaces; Focus, hierarchy, movement 		

	 9. Designing with the sun; concept, terms and basic physics of daylight 10. Daylight strategies, calculations, computer simulations
	ARTIFICIAL LIGHT 11. Light sources; lighting fixtures 12. Photometry and calculations: Relux; Dialux, CAD, ArchiCAD
	LIGHTING DESIGN 13. The concept of designing with light The art and science of light design; (LDA film); Design process; Design communication and documentation 14. Sketch design (parti); schematic drawings (part details); Case study LIGHTAPRO studio projects https://www.lightartpro.com/portfolio
	SMART LIGHTING 15. Master plan of urban lighting based on the example of Sarajevo
	STUDIO PROJECT students will be able to choose one of the projects of their own choice, which they will realize through work in the studio
	INTERIOR LIGHT DESIGN In an interior project of their own choice, students will learn the basic procedure of lighting the interior space. The project will include all phases of the conceptual lighting design project according to international standards.
	URBAN LIGHT DESIGN In the project of an outdoor space or object (street facade of the object, square, park, street) of their own choice, students will get to know the process of creating a project for lighting outdoor spaces. The project will contain all phases of the conceptual solution according to international standards.
Learning outcomes:	 Knowledge: Understanding the concept of light in architectural design Mastering the specifics in designing with light To realize the importance of understanding the physics of light in order to achieve art through the application of science.

	• To find out how to conceptually solve the problems of daylight and artificial lighting in interior and exterior
	spaces.
	Skills:
	• Mastering the technique of designing with light and creating space using light, as well as various
	techniques/skills that will be mastered/learned through
	 work on the project. The use of various design techniques to create space
	 with light (light as a tool for creating space) Developing the perceptual ability to feel light
	without the use of photometry and calculation.
	• Use of computer programs for the presentation of light in order to confirm the adopted techniques and
	knowledge through simple simulations
	Competences:
	• The ability to independently solve the problem of daylight and artificial lighting in a simple design project
	• Through the analytical and comprehensive research
	work students will be able to set methodological frameworks and to approach the problems of adaptability
	of lighting design realized through innovative technologies,
	energy efficiency and prevention of light polution Lectures and project work in the studio.
	Oral presentation of material, work on visual materials -
Teaching methods:	digital and video presentations. Practical work on the project.
	Group and individual analyses, corrections, discussions and project presentations.
	Knowledge is tested through a practical part that includes
	work on a project and a theoretical part in the form of an exam, as well as engagement and attendance at the class.
Knowledge	
assessment methods with grading	Class attendance 10% Class activity 10%
structure ⁸¹ :	Colloquium in the form of a presentation of a project in progress 25%
	Project presentations 25%
Litonotur-92	Final exam: theory 30%
Literature ⁸² :	Obligatory:

⁸¹ The points structure and the scoring criterion for each subject are determined by the organizational unit council before the beginning of the academic year in which the subject is taught in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

⁸² The Senate of the higher education institution as an institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals, as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and passes the exam by a special decision, which is obligatory to publish

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Srdja Hrisafovic: Light in Design; Mar	etta Millet: Light
Revealing Architecture;	www.erco.com;
https://www.erco.com/en/designing-wit knowledge/lighting-design/lighting-desig www.zumtobel.com Additional: Henry Plummer: Poetics of ligh; Henry I Japanese Architecture; Tadao Ando: The Urs Buttiker: Louis I. Kahn: light and space is the Theme; John Lobell, Between S Richard Weston: Alvar Aalto; Francois Ca Truth; Carl Gardner: Lighting Desig Lighting, an introduction to light, light Urlike Brandi: Light for	h-light/lighting- gn-7628/; Plummer: Light in Colours of Light; ; Louis Kahn: Light ilence and Light; li: Architecture Of gn; Janet Turner: ng and light use.
http://lightedu.eu/en/Roger-Narboni.htm	

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on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Sarajevo Canton





SYLLABUS FOR THE SECOND YEAR, 3rd SEMESTER

Code: 01.05.13	Title	Title of the subject: ARCHITECTURAL PHISICS 2		
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: OBLIGATOI	Status: OBLIGATORY		Total number of ho Lectures Exercises Field work	urs: 15 + 0 = 15
Teaching staff				
Prerequisites:				
Aim (aims) of the subject:		architecture, re		hysics as a scientific component of ctural solutions (disposition and ately evaluated.
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by takin, into account the specificity of organizational units	g	 According to the content of bligatory textbooks: Hadrović, A. (2010). Architectural Physics, Second Edition. Sarajevo: Faculty Architecture of the University of Sarajevo. WEEKS: 1-4: Architectural acoustics (sound, sound effects, resonance, interference, stor waves, Doppler effect, directed sound source characteristics. SESSIONS 5-10: Sound tracking, conditions of good room acoustics, echo, horizontal and vertice room plan, sound absorber - types and tasks). SESSIONS 11-15: Noise, sources and noise flows, noise representation, noise barrier, standa fault, recommendations, standards - regulations. 		econd Edition. Sarajevo: Faculty of ts, resonance, interference, storm characteristics. ustics, echo, horizontal and vertical p. esentation, noise barrier, standard
Learning outcome	s:	Knowledge: The student should be able to see architecture as the unity o artistic and exemplary-empirical components. Skills: With the use of the appropriate soware, the student is able to crea budget for securing the required performance of the architectural space in te of ensuring the comfort of the people in them. Competencies: With the admission of an appropriate exam conducted be national community or an appropriate domestic or foreign institu (licensing), the student is able to gain access to this exam without fur- training.		s. are, the student is able to create a e of the architectural space in terms a. ppropriate exam conducted by a domestic or foreign institution
Teaching methods	ods: Lectures with p		rojections that follow the subject matter.	
Assessment metho including grading structure ⁸³ :	ods	Lecture and exercise monitoring 5% Individual (seminary) workshop 95%		
Bibliography ⁸⁴ :		Required: Hadrović, A. (2010). Architectural Physics, Second Edition. Sarajevo: Facult Architecture of the University of Sarajevo. Supplementary: Goscle, K., Schule, W. (1978). Zvuk, toplota, vlaga. Belgrade: Gradjevinska kn		

⁸³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁸⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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	Morfey, C., (2001). Dictionary of Acoustics. Academic Pro Sabine, W. C.,(1922). Collected papers on acoustics. Harv Templeton, D., (1993). Acoustics in the Built Environmer Team Architectural Press	vard University Press.





Code: 01.04.40	Title of the subject: THE CITY AND MAN			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 2
Status: OBLIGATOR	Y		Total number of ho	ours: 30
Teaching staff			nd associates elected belongs	d in the field to which
Prerequisites:	-			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	phenom typolog underst modern mind t commu study o acquire relation differen problem all spat	neno ies tandi t, thi the nicat of ma of ma of kr nship nt fu ns of ial, s	n, urbanization, l of cities, their his ing of the city's gene rough postmodern to importance of the tion between man a atter, sublimate and r nowledge of urban p os of urban centers and nctional zones, as w	torical development, or esis from its beginning to o non-modern, bearing in two-way influence and nd the city. Through the re-examine the previously olanning, and the spatial d settlements, interrelated yell as the contemporary the postindustrial era with burdens inherited during
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	(indicat society; differen Sociolog the ana domina sociolog of plann anonym Social in Perspec 14. Prob	1. Sociology of settlements: significance and definition (indications of the terms stated in the goal); space and society; 2-4 The city and its planned development, through different periods: ancient, feudal, industrial cities; 5 Sociological aspect of formative and generative factors in the analysis of the city; 6 – 8 Processes in the city: domination, gigantism, destruction, massage; 9. Urban sociology and planning (approaches and conceptualization of planning); 10. Definition of the level of space from privacy, anonymity to semi-competitiveness and the public; 11. Social integration and disintegration in the urban area; 12. Perspectives of social space from urban communities; 13 – 14. Problems of the faction of the city in the 21st century; 15. Modern trends in city governance;		
Learning outcomes		iship	Adoption of theoretic	cal knowledge of the e city from its foundation

	Skills: Acquiring the capability of brutal review and
	commenting on the phenomenon of the city and its
	affectionate relation to man, society, and the time distance
	of its origin and genesis, with an assessment of the present
	state of the city.
	Competencies: Involving in the teaching of the knowledge
	of experience from different segments and angles of
	functioning and use of the city, an introdisciplinary
	approach in the thinking of the city
Teaching methods:	Lectures are obligatory and organized as a combination of informative and interactive classes. Apart from active participation in the teaching process, each student should prepare the thematic assignment. Students present their results in the pptx format in the form of discussion.The scope of work within the subject matter is dimensioned in relation to the envisaged fund hours the student should use to prepare this work
A an a source out the state	The grade from the course is 60%, the theoretical
Assessment methods including grading	knowledge check through one semester test or an integral
structure ⁸⁵ :	exam-30% and student activities-10%.
	Obligatory: Čaldarević O., " Urbana sociologija", (Globus,
	Zagreb, 1985.)
	Kečkemer D., "Grad za čovjeka o dehumanizaciji
	savremenog urbanizma", (Zagreb, 1981.)
	Doksijadis K., "Čovek i grad", (Nolit, Beograd, 1982.) Mumford L., "Grad u istoriji" (Book&Marso, Beograd, 2006.)
Bibliography ⁸⁶ :	Marinović-Uzelac A., "Socijalni prostor grada", (SNL,
	Zagreb, 1978.)
	Gehl J., "Gradovi za ljude", (Palgo, Beograd, 2016.)
	Vresk M., "Grad i urbanizacija", (Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2002.)
	Jackobs J., "The Death and Life of Great American Cities,
	(New York, "Modern Library, 1992.)

⁸⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁸⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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Stupar A., "Grad globalizacije_izazovi, transformacije, simboli", (Orion art, Beograd, 2009. (vol. I).) Benevolo L., "Grad u istoriji Evrope", (Clio, Beograd, 2004.) Schenk L., "Designing Cities", (Birkhauser, Basel, 2013.) Elin N., "Postmoderni urbanizam", (Orion art , Beograd, 2004. (vol. I))
Additional: Development strategies of the city and municipalities, Literature in accordance with the selected theme of seminar work





Code: 01.04.06	Title of the subject: URBAN DESIGN 6		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 6
Status: Obligatory		Total number of Lectures 15 Exercises 45 Field work	hours: 60
Teaching staff			ted in the field to which anning
Prerequisites:	None.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	process of urban desi matrices (f criteria, va Acquiring e space, the i recording t institution	Introducing students to the methodology of active design process of transformations – learning about phases of an urban design project; Analysis and valorisation of urban matrices (factors influencing transformations, indicators, criteria, valorisation methods, typology – examples); Acquiring experience in field work (surveying users of space, the in situ application of theoretical instructions, recording the collected data, visits to the relevant institutions: an insight into an appropriate spatial-planning documentation);	
Content: (<i>if necessary, the out</i> <i>plan per week is</i> <i>determined by takin</i> <i>into account the</i> <i>specificity of</i> <i>organizational units</i>	<i>line</i> <i>for the second </i>	Kinds of urban transformations; An overview of urban redesign developmental periods; Urban design theories: Schools of urbanism – Models of the projected city construction; Kinds and factors of transformation processes: An overview of ideas – Urban development alternative theory; Adhocism and pragmatism in the approach to work on real assignments, for the purpose of recognising the need for transformations and for the purpose of valorisation of a real urban space; Ethical and culturological consequences of an urbanist-designer's activities; Urban design project and the relationship with the plans of a higher order.	
Learning outcome	Knowledge transforma designers; articulation s: well as pos Skills: Und possibility the aspect	 Knowledge: Theoretical and practical solving of urban transformation issues, useful for the future urbanists – designers; Understanding the consequences of inadequate articulations of ideas and concepts of transformations, as well as possibilities of their solving; Skills: Understanding the need for transformations and a possibility of foreseeing the future system functioning from the aspect of the observed (positive) processes of generating structures and functions, realisation of harmor 	

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	with ambience way of life sultant contained le
	with ambience, way of life, culture, sustainable development;
	Competences: Understanding the role of urbanist-designers
	and culturological consequences of their activity.
	The theoretical part (lectures and individual consultations)
	and the practical part (practical classes – creating a
Teaching methods:	conceptual urban design project of transformations at a
	selected complex); Field work.
	Partial evaluation (two tests during the semester which
	consist of a graphical conceptual design of the
	transformation - I: 10-15% and II: 10-20%), graphical
	conceptual design of the transformation (25-35%) and the
	final exam which focuses on testing knowledge acquired in
Assessment methods	the theoretical section (10-20%); The final grade consists
including grading	of students activities in the classroom $(5/10\%)$, grades
structure ⁸⁷ :	achieved at the graphical part and at the final exam. A
	positive grade in the conceptual design of a transformation
	which is a precondition for the final written exam. If the
	student, during the semester, achieves the maximum
	number of points in the graphical part, he does not have to
	access the theoretical part of the exam.
	Obligatory: Čeković I. Uzbanističko prejektovanje (Skvinte
	Čakarić, J, Urbanističko projektovanje 6 – Skripta, Arbitalstanski falviltat v Samiavny 2012
	Arhitektonski fakultet u Sarajevu, 2013 Bacon, N. E, Design of Cities, M.I.T. Press, Chicago, 1978
	Castex, J, Depaule, J. C. i Panerai, P, Urbane forme,
	Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 2002
	Choay, F, Urbanizam, utopija i stvarnost, Građevinska
	knjiga, Beograd, 1978
	Čakarić, J. Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih
	konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012
Bibliography ⁸⁸ :	Čakarić, J, Doktorska disertacija: Voda u "ideji" grada.
	Poseban osvrt na transformaciju i kontekst, Arhitektonski
	fakultet, Sarajevo, 2010
	Jencks, C, Moderni pokreti u arhitekturi, Građevinska
	knjiga, Beograd, 1988
	Elin, N, Postmoderni urbanizam, Orion art, Beograd, 2002
	Mumford, L, Kultura gradova, Mediterran Publishing, Novi
	Sad, 2010
	Norber-Schulz, C, Intencije u arhitekturi, Naklada Jesenski i
	Turk, Zagreb, 2009

⁸⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁸⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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Rossi, A, Arhitektura grada, DIP "Građevinska knjiga" i PP "Premis", Beograd, 2002
Additional:
Cook, P, The City, Seen as a Garden of Ideas, Peter Cook and
The Monacelli Press, Inc., New York, 2003
Kostof, S, A History of Architecture. Settings and Rituals,
Oxford University Press, Inc, Oxford, New York, 1995
Krier, R, Gradski prostor u teoriji i praksi, Građevinska
knjiga, Beograd, 1999
Woods, S, The Man in the Street, Penguin Books, London,
1975





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Form SP2

ELECTIVE MODULES IN 3rd SEMESTER

Code: 01.03.54	Title of the subjo	itle of the subject: ARCHITECTURAL COMPOSITIONAL REDEFINITION		
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10	
Status: Elective EL	ECTIVE MODULE	Total number of con (60 lectures + 30 pra		
Teaching staff	Teachers an Architectura		he field- Department for	
Prerequisites:	grade in the	following subjects: Arcl	obtain a higher average hitectural compositions 1, rchitectural competitions	
Aim (aims) of the subject:	manifested	Enabling students of the acquired knowledge that is manifested through a positive evaluation of the proposed solution to the problem.		
Content: (if necessary, the outh plan per week is determined by taking account the specificit organizational units)	"problemati where, from organisation necessary i redesign. Th well as elin y of significantly Through sy structures, redesign are	Candidates should, in their own discretion, choose a "problematic" locality within the existing physical structure where, from the point of view of content (functional) organisation or visual aspect, creative interventions are necessary in the sense of architectural redefinition or redesign. These interventions primarily entail reshaping, as well as elimination of objects or sections of objects that significantly disturb architectural-urbanistic harmony. Through systematic analysis of ambience and the existing structures, architectural compositional redefinition and redesign are necessary, as well as initiation of a "dialogue" between functional-constructive and designing-visual aspect.		
Learning outcomes	of Architectu analyse and scientific an Skills: Through the to plan, prep which will u brief for the Competence Successful a manifested t	While working on the research in the field of elective module of Architectural compositional redefinition students explore, analyse and criticise the chosen theme by using the relevant scientific and research methods.		

Assessment methods including grading structure89:Presentation of results obtained in analytical and project part of the assignment – project defence.Obligatory:1. Calkins, Meg. 2009. Materials for sustainable sites: a complete guide to the evaluation, selection, and use of sustainable construction materials. Hoboken, N.J.: Wiley.2. Fraser, Reekie R. (1972), Design in the built environment first edition, Edward A. Publication, London.3. Gamble, Paul R., and John Blackwell. 2001. Knowledge management: a state of the art guide: models & tools, strategy, intellectual capital, planning, learning, culture [and] processes. London: Kogan Page.Bibliography90:5. Lawson, Bryan (1997), How Designers Think: The Design Process Demystified 1st edition. Sheffield, Architectural Press.6. Lynch, Kevin, and Michael Southworth. 1990. Wasting away. San Francisco: Sierra Club Books.7. 2000. Let's reduce, reuse, and recycle. Washington, DC: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Solid Waste and Emergency Response.8. USGBC. 2003. Reference Package for new Construction & Major Renovation. In LEED-NC Version 2.1, edited by L. i. E.	Teaching methods:	Lectures and individual work supervised by the mentor, including discussions, corrections and consultations with other professors when necessary.			
 Calkins, Meg. 2009. Materials for sustainable sites: a complete guide to the evaluation, selection, and use of sustainable construction materials. Hoboken, N.J.: Wiley. Fraser, Reekie R. (1972), Design in the built environment first edition, Edward A. Publication, London. Gamble, Paul R., and John Blackwell. 2001. Knowledge management: a state of the art guide: models & tools, strategy, intellectual capital, planning, learning, culture [and] processes. London: Kogan Page. Hinte, Ed van, Césare Peeren, and Jan Jongert. 2007. Superuse: constructing new architecture by shortcutting material flows. Rotterdam: 010 Publishers. Lawson, Bryan (1997), How Designers Think: The Design Process Demystified 1st edition. Sheffield, Architectural Press. Lynch, Kevin, and Michael Southworth. 1990. Wasting away. San Francisco: Sierra Club Books. 2000. Let's reduce, reuse, and recycle. Washington, DC: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Solid Waste and Emergency Response. USGBC. 2003. Reference Package for new Construction & Major Renovation. In LEED-NC Version 2.1, edited by L. i. E. 	including grading				
E. Design. Additional: — Depending on the individual assignment.	Bibliography ⁹⁰ :	 Calkins, Meg. 2009. Materials for sustainable sites: a complete guide to the evaluation, selection, and use of sustainable construction materials. Hoboken, N.J.: Wiley. Fraser, Reekie R. (1972), Design in the built environment first edition, Edward A. Publication, London. Gamble, Paul R., and John Blackwell. 2001. Knowledge management: a state of the art guide: models & tools, strategy, intellectual capital, planning, learning, culture [and] processes. London: Kogan Page. Hinte, Ed van, Césare Peeren, and Jan Jongert. 2007. Superuse: constructing new architecture by shortcutting material flows. Rotterdam: 010 Publishers. Lawson, Bryan (1997), How Designers Think: The Design Process Demystified 1st edition. Sheffield, Architectural Press. Lynch, Kevin, and Michael Southworth. 1990. Wasting away. San Francisco: Sierra Club Books. 2000. Let's reduce, reuse, and recycle. Washington, DC: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Solid Waste and Emergency Response. USGBC. 2003. Reference Package for new Construction & Major Renovation. In LEED-NC Version 2.1, edited by L. i. E. E. Design. 			

⁸⁹The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁹⁰The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of theresults of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.02.34	Title of the subje	of the subject: ARCHITECTURAL INTERVENTIONS IN A HISTORICAL URBAN CONTEXT		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10	
Status: ELECTIVE M	IODULE	Total number of hou	urs: 90 (60 + 30)	
		Lectures 60 Exercises 30		
Teaching staff	the subject	nd associates elected t belongs Department f e and Protection of Arc	for Theory and History of	
Prerequisites:	Theory and	All obligatory courses and exams of the Department - Theory and history of architecture and protection of heritage completed from the previous year 1st of the II cycle.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	preparation	Enabling students for theoretical and analytical preparation that preceded the practical architectural assignement – design within a historic urban context.		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	line Methodolog architectura didentificatio of synthesis data, selection of the pro-	Preparatory phase: Introductory lectures, protection methodology for objects and ambience assemblies; Analytical phase: individual selection of locations, architectural overview of the situation in the field with identification cards and the existing state maps; The phase of synthesis: Valorisation and evaluation of the assembled data, selection of micro locations; Research and preparation of the programme assignment; Work on a study as a preparatory project phase for the final diploma thesis.		
Learning outcomes	 Knowledge to analyze t intervention Skills: Ana context, und symbolic pa of basic met Competend the context 	 Knowledge: Students will acquire the knowledge necessary to analyze the elements that influence architectural / urban interventions in historical tissue. Skills: Analysis and valorization of the environment / context, understanding of natural, urban-architectural and symbolic parameters that affect the chosen site. Application of basic methods in scientific research work Competences: Students will be able to analyze and evaluate the context and design in the complex conditions of urban historical fabric. 		
Teaching methods:	Individual v	work with the students,	lectures.	

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Assessment methods including grading structure ⁹¹ :	Analytical phase – graphical contributions – 100% of the grade.		
00 0			
	Unwin, S, Analyzing architecture, London: Routledge,2009 UNESCO and ICOMOS documents.		

⁹¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁹² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





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Code: 01.03.41	Title	e of the subject: SPECIAL PURPOSE ARCHITECTURE AND HOUSING		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: ELECTIVE N	10DU	LE	Total number of hou	urs: 90 (60 + 30)
			Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff			nd associates elected It for Aechitectural D	
Prerequisites:		-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		The goal is to enable every candidate to choose a project or a theoretical assignment within the widest scope of housing issues; multi-storey buildings of different typology + integral content (socialisation area; recreation; services; business-commercial content, garages); individual and residential buildings; social standard objects (child institutions, pupil and student dorms, objects for the elderly persons, safe houses, convents, juvenile delinquent correctional facilities, prisons); temporary housing objects and hospitality industry (hotels, motels, hostels, tourist settlements, camps); objects of various content – as proposed by the students.		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	Programme aspects of defining assignments selected by the candidate: Identification of the existing state: spatial-physical context (natural and artificial), climatic characteristics (insolation, wind rose, precipitation), natural morphology (terrain-slope-bearing capacity-vegetation); urban morphology (construction system-density-matrix); traffic: pedestrian, vehicular – in movement, parking spaces, communal infrastructure equipment, culturological (social, economic) context, social-cultural conditions (needs, interests, values), social contacts, architectural-designing section of defining the programme, constructive section, physical section.		
Learning outcomes	5:	Knowledge: By successfully mastering the content of this subject, students gain theoretical and practical knowledge about designing buildings with special purpouse. Skills: Students adopt design skills, project planning and organization, and presentation and communication skills. Competences: The student is competent to use basic scientific research methods (inductive and deductive, comparative, historical, descriptive), which she/he uses in a studious and structured way in the theoretical segment of work and then elaborates and draws conclusions. In the practical segment of the student the student adopts integrated knowledge in various fields from a functional, constructive and formative aspect and applies it in the conceptual analytical approach of the selected thematic area.		
Teaching methods			te proposes a theme in the dividual, accompanied by l	field approved by the mentor. lectures, discussions,

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	corrections, participation of other teaching staff, field work, workshops,		
	etc.		
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁹³ :	Overall activities of students are graded, as well as the analytical section of the work and the degree of completion of the architectural concept, with a conclusion whether or not it can be extended to the final diploma thesis. If the conceptual design is accepted, it will be considered an introduction to the final diploma thesis. Alternatively: a student is able to choose a new topic for the final diploma thesis.		
Bibliography ⁹⁴ :	Obligatory: Bajlon, M. (1986). Upotrebna vrijednost stana. Belgrade: Arhitektonski fakultet. Kara-Pešić I., Petovar, K. (1985). Neposredna okolina stambenih zgrada. Belgrade: Centar za stanovanje IMS. Klein, R. (1978). Sudjelovanje korisnika u oblikovanju stana. Subotica: Građevinski fakultet. Knežević, G. (1986). Višestambene zgrade. Zagreb: Liber. Knežević, G. (1994). Fleksibilnost i participacija u stanogradnji. Zagreb: Tehnička knjiga. Additional: Literature related to the subjects: Design 2., 3. i 4., Specific Housing, Preschool buildings.		

⁹³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁹⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.05.40.	Subject title: ENVIRONMENTALLY SOUND DESIGN			
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of credits: 10 (according to ECTS)
Status: ELECTIVE M	Status: ELECTIVE MODULE		Total number of ho Lectures 60 Exercises 30	urs: 90 (60 + 30)
Teaching staff:			associates engaged in the s l Building Technology"	cientific field "Architectural
Enrolment requirements:			e second year of the second st	tudy cycle.
Subject objective(s	the are appro- space. design Raisin enviro both b enviro	Understanding and recognizing the parallel existence of a new and existing the architectural ambience and detail. Introducing a student into an integra approach to creating an environmentally compliant architecturally defined space. Understanding and applying the principle of integrity in making com design decisions that are in a multi-layered, mutually dependent relationsh Raising awareness of the parallel existence of a new and existing in the over environment. The emphasis is on establishing relationships in the wider are both between buildings themselves and between buildings and the environment, in order discover and study the objective possibilities of		acing a student into an integrated apliant architecturally defined ple of integrity in making complex nutually dependent relationship. To new and existing in the overall grelationships in the wider area - een buildings and the objective possibilities of
Content: (if necessary, the weekly performance plan can be determined by considerin specificities of organizati units)	• P b A p S r c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	study of environmental components, their interpretation and application in the emerging environment;		specifying the relationship livery Process (ADP): oblems; Architectural Design – nance and Use of ADP. wly built structures must meet a the urban-spatial context (wider ctive and materialization natic, geomorphological, atial relationships, based on the ir interpretation and application ned to be investigated and solved - always a part of a wider whole, d that it reflects the needs of the thering data necessary for the
environment. Ab of architectural p interdependence architectural spaLearning outcomes:Skills: Compet architecture and technical docume profession.Competencie		Mastering the integrated app bility to include all previously profession; thus recognizing a e of the various parts that mal ace in interaction with the giv tence for independent profest d urban planning, programmin tentation in accordance with t	acquired knowledge in the field and respecting the ke up the whole of the new ren environment. sional work in the field of	
		teractive discussion, working	on concrete examples.	

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Knowledge assessment methods with grading structure ⁹⁵ :	The grade from the course is based on the activities in the module, the quality of preparation for the development of the theoretical part of the final work, as well as the applied methodology of research, presentation and defence of work. (Attendance and participation in the discussion 49%), creation, presentation and defence of the proposed solution of the set problem - 51%.		
Literature ⁹⁶ :	 Required: Interpolacija (1983) Arhitektura – časopis saveza arhitekata Hrvatske broj 184-185, godina XXXVI. Zagreb Bijedić, Dž. (2012). ARHITEKTURA: Holizam umjesto optimalizacije - Integralni pristup u arhitektonskom stvaralaštvu, Sarajevo: Univerzitet u Sarajevu, Arhitektonski fakultet. Additional: Bovil, C. (1991). Architectural Design – Integration of Structural and Environmental Systems, New York :Van Nostrand Reinhold, Brand, S. (1994.) How Buildings learn: What happens After They're Built, London: Penguin, Hinkle, L. E., Loring, W. C. (1977.). The Effect of the Man-made Environment on Health and Behavio., Atlanta, GA: Center for Disease Control, Public health Service, US Department for health, Education, and Welfare, Holgate, A. (1992.). Aesthetics of Built Form, London: Oxford University Press, Kurokawa, K., (1991.). Intercultural Architecture, The Philosophy of Symbiosis, London: Academy Editions, Papanek, V. (1995.). The Green Imperative -Ecology and Ethics in Design and Architecture, Thames and Hudson, Ostala stručna literatura ovisna o individualnom zadatku 		

¹ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

⁹⁶ The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals, as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it mandatory publishes on its website





Code: 01.03.35	Title of the subject: INTERIORS AND DESIGN - MODULE				
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd		nester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10	
Status: ELECTIVE N	IODULE	Tota	al number o	of hours: 90 (60 + 30)	
			ures 60 cises 30		
Teaching staff	archite teache	Teachers and associates elected in the field/Department of architectural design / consultations (2 hours) with teachers specialized in relevant fields associated with the project theme			
Prerequisites:			th the guidel selection poll	lines and results of the offici l.	ial
Aim (aims) of the subject:	Theoretical and practical introduction to the compl of interior and design of furniture that enco analytical and a comprehensive research activitie		furniture that encompass sive research activities in t cual research, which incluc arative and inspiring examp furniture design becomes	ses the des oles an	
Content: (<i>if necessary, the out</i> <i>plan per week is</i> <i>determined by takin</i> <i>into account the</i> <i>specificity of</i> <i>organizational units</i>	line public specifi g interna open s projec) equipr	or housing or of the ne c purpose ational fain space for t also con nent and t	g object for a wly-designed exhibition s rs; The scen a cultural n ntains the o furniture ele	cation project of the exist a new or the existing purpo d public or housing object; T stand project for domestic nography project in closed manifestation; Interior desi design segment for inter- ements, as well as a physi of object interior.	ose; The or or ign nal
selected by tusing the rellearning outdesign objecstudents' conSkills:The studentstheoretical eresult with d		edge: ation, anal ed by the st he relevan g outcome objectives ts' contrib udents will tical explo with detail sed design	ysis and criticudents within t scientific and es include the and project ution to the s be able to p ration and re ed project br	ical assessment of the topic in the field of interior design nd design methodology. The e definition of research and brief, emphasizing the selected research area. lan, prepare and perform th esearch, which will ultimate rief and design analysis of th the selected topic.	n, e ne ly

	The students will be able to apply the fundamental research and design methodology (inductive, deductive, comparative, historical, descriptive methods) in an elaborate and structured manner, which will lead to conclusion making process. In practical section of the work, the student will integrate knowledge acquired from various disciplines and perspectives (structural, functional and design aspects) and apply them in the study of the selected topic or design problem.		
Teaching methods:	Lectures – multimedia presentations and practical classes associated with the selected thematic area.		
Assessment methods including grading structure ⁹⁷ :	Grade is obtained from the research project 90% and student participation 10%.		
Bibliography ⁹⁸ :	 Pile John:A History of Interior Design, 2005.; Sparke Penny: A Century of Design: Design Pioneers of the 20th Century,1998.; Cerver Francisco: Interior Design Atlas, 2000.; Zevi Bruno: Povijest moderne arhitekture, 2006.; Encyclopedia of Interior Design, urednica Banham Joanna, 2015.; Watkin David, A History of Western Architecture,2005.; Salihović Erdin: Povijest enterijera i dizajna namještaja na razmeđu manualnog i industrijskog koncepta: Od Arts and Craftsa do Art Decoa, 2016.; Abercrombie Stanley & Whiton Sherrill: Interijeri, Arhitektura, Dizajn-Povijesni pregled, 2016. Panero, Joseph; Zelnik, Julius; DeChiara, Martin, TIME-SAVER STANDARDS FOR INTERIOR DESIGN AND SPACE PLANNING, McGraw-Hill, 2001.g. Schittich, Christian (ed). IN DETAIL INTERIOR SURFACES AND MATERIALS AESTHETICS TECHNOLOGY IMPLEMENTATION, 2008. 		

⁹⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

⁹⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code of subject: 01.02.27.	Name of subject: INTERVENTIONS IN AMBIENTIAL FACILITIES METHODS OF PROTECTION OF A BUILDING PLACE			
Cycle : 2nd	Year of study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10	
Status: ELECTIVE N	10DULE	Total number of hou Lectures 60 Exercises 30	ırs: 90 (60 + 30)	
Participants	the subject	Teachers and associates elected in the domain to which the subject belongs Field of theory and history of architecture and preservation of cultural heritage		
Pre-requisite for enrollment:	of Theory a	nd History of Architect	jects of the Department ure and the protection of en completed.	
Goal (objectives) o the course:	the architectural heritage have been completed.Historical Concept: Contributing to the preservation and development of the cultural and historical heritage of Bosnia and Herzegovina through the work on objects and sites of a monumental character in Bosnia and Herzegovina which require interventions according to the methodology of protection of the architectural heritage. Theoretical concept: Training students to work on international projects in the field of architectural heritage conservation. Get to know the current world trends in preserving the world's cultural heritage registered on the UNESCO World Heritage List. Practical concept: Introduction to the traditional values of the national heritage and the implementation of the research and documentation phase with the development of a feasibility study on specific tasks based on the BiH architectural heritage.		storical heritage of ne work on objects and Bosnia and Herzegovina, ding to the methodology eritage. ents to work on f architectural heritage ent world trends in titage registered on the che traditional values of ementation of the e with the development	
Thematic units: (<i>if necessary, the</i> <i>performance plan pe</i> <i>week is determined i</i> <i>talking into account</i> <i>specificities of the</i> <i>organizational units</i>	Analytical p valorizing w er Choosing m by (12 weeks) the Structuring procedure t)) Elaboration Presentatio	 Preparation phase for the selection of individual tasks: Analytical phase of the project (recording, defining and valorizing wider space) (3 weeks); Choosing methods and methodology. (12 weeks) Work on the development of the idea: Structuring the work through the active protection procedure to the original and existing state. Elaboration of adopted information from the given location; Presentation of the acquired knowledge. 		
Learning outcome	s: the field of	e: Acquisition and deep protection of the archite zation with the characte	ectural heritage, as well	

	certain environment, respecting the scale, volume, proportion, materialization and construction, as well as characteristic details.
	Skills: Application of knowledge and skills in the field of protection of the architectural heritage in working on projects in practice. Considering that this is a module teaching, November acquires the skills of rational acting and reasoning in a precisely defined environment.
	Competencies: Orientation of students within the field of protection of the architectural heritage enables them to create competences based on the adoption of methodological procedure, methods of protection, valorisation and layered process of implementing the most up-to-date methodology through the original, existing and newly projected state.
Methods of teaching	Students in a group of up to six people individually develop a project. Given the objectives of the course, students should have an active knowledge of English language and knowledge of architectural computer software. Lectures and interactive analysis of all aspects of the project.
Knowledge testing methods with a rating structure ⁹⁹ :	Exercises - semester assignment - 25-40% Activity - 0-10% Final exam - 30-50%
Literatura ¹⁰⁰ :	Required: Brock, Guiliani, Moisescu, Il centro antico di Capua, Marsilio Editore, Padova, 1972. Carbonara, G., Tesi di Restauro (1982-1985), Universita degli studi di Roma "La SApienza", Roma, 1986. Carbonarra, G., Iole Pietrafitta Franca, Dieci Tesi di Restauro (1970-1981), Universita degli studi di Roma "La Sapienza", Roma, 1986. Chabbouh Akšamija, L., Arhitektura svrhe, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2010. Chabbouh Akšamija L., Tradicija između autentičnosti i falsifikata, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2015.

⁹⁹ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

¹⁰⁰The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo

	Chabbouh Akšamija L., Šabić L., Tradicionalna travnička
	kuća, Zavičajni muzej u Travniku, Arhitektonski fakultet,
	Sarajevo, 2018.
]	Marasović, T., Aktivni pristup graditeljskom nasljeđu,
	Sveučilište u Splitu, Split, 1985.
]	Marasović, T., Zaštita graditeljskog nasljeđa, Društvo
	konzervatora Hrvatske, Zagreb, 1983.
]	Pane, R., Citta antiche edilizia nuova, Edizione Scientifiche
]	taliane, Napoli, 1959.
]	Protection et animation culturelle des monuments, sites et
	villes historiques en Europe, Commission allemande pour
	'UNESCO, 1980.
	Zevi, B., Znati gledati arhitekturu, Zagreb, Naklada Lukom,
	2000.
	Supplementary: In consultation with the subject professor
i	ndividually in relation to the specificity of the topic of each
i	ndividual candidate.





Code: 01.03.43	Title of the subje	ect: PUBLIC BUILDIN	GS
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: ELECTIVE M	IODULE	Total number of hou Lectures 60 Exercises 30	urs: 90 (60 + 30)
Teaching staff		nd associates elected belongs – Architectu	
Prerequisites:	-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	the historica public build on functiona contempora Lectures pr architectura	al, typological and mor ings. The implementat al-organizational deter ary tendencies in the de ovide an expert method	miliarize students with phological character of ion of the course is based minants and esign of public buildings. dology for the design of for the public buildings
Content: (if necessary, the out) plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units)	ine Contempora Spatial-func public build aspects of th programmin architectura	1. Historical development of public buildings; 2. Contemporary principles of organizing public buildings; 3. Spatial-functional groups and spatial configuration of public buildings; 4. Urbanistic, architectural and ambient aspects of the planning of public buildings; 5. Architectural programming of public buildings; 6. Analysis of architectural types and functional-spatial units of public buildings.	
Learning outcomes	Knowledgepublic buildstudent willdesigning sjbuilding devtechnologySkills:Skills:Theknowledgeapproach towell as the ocontemporaCompetentoarchitecturacomplexity,several prevmastering to	Knowledge: programming and architectural design of public buildings. Through lectures and exercises, the student will acquire knowledge about the methodology of designing spatial-functional groups by which the public building develops through the context, form, function, technology and materialization.	

Teaching methods:	Lectures – ex-cathedra / multimedia; In-semester engagement – individual assignments/supervised work; Work in architectural design studio with presentations and discussions regarding the development of architectural design concepts.
Assessment methods including grading structure 101:Students are assessed through successfully executed practical assignments (70% of the grade); Presentatic (20% of the grade), Project design defense (20% of the grade).	
Bibliography ¹⁰² :	Obligatory: Current professional and theoretical literature in the field of architectural design of public buildings. Picard,Q., RIBA, The Architects Handbook, Blackwell, 2002; Neufert,E., Arhitects' Data, Blackwell Science, Third Edition, 2000 De Chiara, J., Crosbie J.M., Time-Saver Standards for Building Types, McGraw-Hill, Fourt Edition, 2001 Additional: Recent Architectural Magazines, Books about Architecture, Urban planinng, Urban design and Landscape, Architectural Design Manuals and Monographs of Architects

¹⁰¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁰² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.05.34	Title of the subject: KINETIC, INTERACTIVE ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: ELECTIVE	MODU	LE	Total number of	f hours: 90 (60 + 30)
			Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff		Architectural consultations	Constructions a	l in the field/ Department of and Building Technology/ Ichers specialized in relevant ct theme.
Prerequisites:			0 0	grade from the Department g Technology are given an
Aim (aims) of the subject:	e	Students are introduced to the complexity and current themes in kinetic architecture design, enriching thus their previously acquired knowledge. Interactive architecture is conceived so that is prone to changes and adjustments to the variable climatic characteristics of an ambience, as well as its needs and functional demands (from individual components, structures, to the controlled transformations of shape and size). Multi-layered transparent structures adaptability analysis from the point of view of energy quality, technical, functional and formative characteristics.		
Content: (if necessary, the o plan per week is determined by tak into account the specificity of organizational un	ing	Introduction to the working methodology, on the basis of the thematic framework defined in the project module. The candidate proposes a research aspect and outlines the project programme structure (the project assignment) at a concrete location, with the application of kinetic architecture principles for a newly designed public building, or at a redesigned and rehabilitated existing structures. Methods of collecting data and the methodology of work. Analytical phase of the project: natural and environmental climate conditions, urban context, historical and energy context, as well as analysis of principles and precedents of kinetic architecture.		
Learning outcom	ies:	Knowledge: The aim of the work and the expected contribution is tha the student, with a comprehensive research and analytica approach, masters the basic scientific-research methods and elaborates the adopted knowledge and principles of kinetic interactive architecture and design. This should result to		

	more creative solutions of architectural ideas but according to sustainable design strategies. Skills: During the module, the student explores, prepares and realizes the theoretical research segment of the project with a detailed project assignment, which in the final phase results in an architectural concept in the selected thematic field. Competences: The student is competent, through the analytical and comprehensive research work segments, to set methodological frameworks and to approach the problems of adaptability of architectural structures realized through innovative technologies, materials and components (nano technology, technologies inspired by nature, photosensitive		
	materials, photovoltaic modules, controlled and innovative involvement of light and solar energy, adaptable envelope). Interactive classes, individual work with students,		
Teaching methods: consultations and discussions.			
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁰³ :	Students are graded through presentation, explanation and discussion of the final analytical and graphical part of the work - project in front of a comitee.		
Bibliography ¹⁰⁴ :	 Obligatory: Bell, V. B., & Rand, P. (2014). Materials for Design 2. New York: Princeton Architectural Press. Blum, HJ., Compagno, A., Fitzner, K., Heusler, W., Hortmanns, M., Hosser, D., Sedlacek, G. (2001). Doppelfassaden. Berlin: Ernst & Sohn. Compagno, A. (2002). Intelligent Glass Façades: Material, Practice, Design. Basel: Birkhäuser. Philips, D. (1971). Osvetljenje u arhitektonskom projektovanju (M. J. Maksimović, Transl.). Beograd: Građevinska knjiga. Fortmeyer, R., & Linn, C. D. (2014). Kinetic Architecture: Designs for Active Envelopes. Mulgrave: Images Publishing Group. Fox, M., & Kemp, M. (2009). Interactive Architecture. New York: Princeton Architectural Press. Hadrović, A. (2008). Bioklimatska arhitektura - traženje puta za raj. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. 		

¹⁰³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁰⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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SUBJECT description	Page 141 of 247			
 Hauser, G. (Ed.). (1988). Bauphysik. Berick und Praxis. Stuttgart: Frauenhofer IRB Ver Kronenburg, R. (2007). Flexible: An Responds to Change. London: Laurence Ki Salihbegović, A. (2019). Transparentne ov u arhitekturi. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski faku Sarajevu. Schittich, C., Staib, G., Balkow, D., Schuler (1998). Glasbau Atlas, Basel, Boston, Be Sobek, W. (Ed.) (2002). Bauen Mit Wirtschaftministerium Baden-Wuttember Wigginton, M. (1996). Glass in Architectur Phaindon Press Ltd. Wurm, J. (2007). Glass Structures: Design of Self-supporting Skins. Basel: Birkhäusen 	rlag. rchitecture That ng Publishing. rojnice i materijali ltet Univerziteta u r, M., & Sobek, W. erlin: Birkhauser. Glas. Stuttgart: rg. e. London: and Construction			



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Code: 01.01.23.	Title	itle of the subject: COMPLEX DYNAMIC FORM AND VIRTUAL SPACE IN ARCHITECTURE		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: ELECTIVE	MOD	UL	Total number of hours Lectures 60 Exercises 30	: 90 (60 + 30)
Teaching staff		Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs - Spatial and graphic representation		
Prerequisites:		-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		The goal of the module is preparation for the development of the master's thesis (the final diploma thesis), through individual engagement, where a student connects all previously-acquired knowledge and skills, with the help of a mentor and a consultants. The aim of this specific module is application of theoretical aspects of concepts of complex form and investigation of possibilities they offer in shaping of space and architectural design.		
Content:		On the basis of open spatial and thematic framework proposed by the mentor, a student chooses the research aspect and sets the programme structure of the project. A student should define the project assignment/thesis/, which will serve as a basis for realisation of the project. The relationship of the thesis towards the contemporary tendencies and trends in architecture, are based on the new spatial conceptions, complex dynamic morphology and computational paradigm and concept of complex form and virtual space, as well as critical awareness through analysis of the specific contemporary trends in architecture. The paper implies research and definition of a project assignment / written thesis, which in future work can be developed as a thesis of a theoretical or theoretical-applied thesis.		

Learning outcomes:	Knowledge: Through research of the potentials of new theoretical principles and technological possibilities related to the digitization of architectural form, and complex dynamics as a thematic concept, the integration of knowledge from different fields results in the application of the conceptual approach to the chosen topic of the diploma thesis. Skills: Planning, preparing and realizing the theoretical research project, which in the final phase results in a detailed project assignment. The candidates are expected to find their original views and to transfer their general theoretical and expert knowledge to the proposal of a master thesis and project. Competences: Using the basic scientific-research method in the theoretical segment of work, from which the elaborate concept of the topic of diploma work is elaborated, the project task and the conceptual idea based on the previous research is created.
Teaching methods:	An individualized approach to integrated lectures and exercises.
A candidate defends the thesis before the mentor after the 9th semester, and is eligible to begin the realisation of a concrete project only after approval of the thesis. The grade of the subject is derived from the evaluation of structure : The grade of the subject is derived from the evaluation of student activities - 10%, textual analysis and project stude through analysis and synthesis of the topics of master the proposal- 70%, and presentation of work - 20%.	

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Bibliography:	Obligatory: Čahtarević, R. (2008). Univerzalnost kompleksnosti. Od geometrijskoga prostornog koncepta modernizma do suvremene arhitektonske forme. Prostor, 1[35] 16[2008]. 64 – 75. Retrieved from: http://www.arhitekt.hr/prostor/Lists/lanci/DispForm.aspx?ID=405 Delanda, M,I Intensive Science and Virtual Philosophy, Continuum, london, 2002. Herr C. M., Generative Architectural Design and Complexity Theory, International Conference on Generative Art, Politecnico di Milano University, 2002. Simon, H. (1962). The Architecture of Complexity. Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society, Vol. 106(6). pp. 467 – 482. Additional:		
	Additional: Batty, M., Longley P. (1994). Fractal Cities – A Geometry of Form and Function. London: Academic Press. Menges, A. "Instrumental geometry." In: Corser, R. (ed.) Fabricating Architecture: Selected Readings in Digital Design and Manufacturing (NY: Princeton Architectural Press, 2010): pp.29-3041. Mitchell, M. (2009). Complexity, a guided tour. Oxford: Oxford University Press Morin, E. (1992). From the concept of system to the paradigm of complexity. Journal of Social and Evolutionary Systems, 15(4). 371 – 385.		





Code: 01.03.55	Title	e of the subject: KONCEPTUAL OPTIMIZATION OF CONTEMPORARY HOUSING		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: ELECTIVE M	10DU	L	Total number of ho	ours: 90 (60 + 30)
			Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff		field/Depar	nd associates elected rtment of Architectu t of Structural Syste	ral Design and
Prerequisites:		-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		Theoretical and practical acquaintance with the problem of developing strategies for programming, designing, building, reconstructing, financing and maintaining economically-accessible residential architecture, intended for a wide range of different social strata. The module aims to combine the design and technical aspect throughout a teaching process, with the aim of creating a structurally optimized, socially-responsive and context- conscious architecture.		
Content: (<i>if necessary, the out</i> <i>plan per week is</i> <i>determined by taking</i> <i>into account the</i> <i>specificity of</i> <i>organizational units</i>	g	The subject covers all standard types of housing (individually housing, transitional types of housing, multi-storey housing), all types of temporary housing, programmed mixed objects (50% housing), experimental types of housing. In the framework of the chosen design typology and task, students can deal with topics such as: incremental planning and design, participatory design, projecting standardization, social optimization strategies, economic optimization strategies, technical optimization strategies, use of prefabrication in construction, structural analysis with model research and similar.		
Learning outcomes: Knowledge: design and tec as well as othe Skills: Studen control skills, a Competence and their analy of the design a		 Students acquire theoretical knowledge regarding chnical principles of optimization of residential buildings, er related areas. nts adopt spatial and technical design, planning and as well as presentation and communication skills. eS: Mastering the methodologies for collecting input data ysis, defining the project problem, defining the strategies approach, spatial programming and reprogramming, structurally developing a residential buildings. 		
Teaching methods		Lectures, seminar work and presentation of work with active participation and discussion.		entation of work with
Assessment metho including grading structure ¹⁰⁵ :	ods	Evaluation of the final work-project in the module and engagement of the candidates.		ect in the module and
Bibliography ¹⁰⁶ :		Obligatory:		

¹⁰⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁰⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as

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SUBJECT	description

Adaptable Architecture (IL 14), Experiments, Institut fur Leichte
Flachentragwerke, Stuttgart, (1975).
Bajlon, M. (1986). Upotrebna vrijednost stana. Belgrade: Arhitektonski
fakultet.
Conceptual Design of Structures. (Volume I – Methodology; Volume II-
Case Studies). Stuttgart: E.Kurz and Co.,1996.
Hybride Tragwerke (Die logische Erfassung entwurfsrelevanter
Faktoren: Geometrie-Funktion-Last-Auflager-Werkstoff-Form).
Additional:
Kara-Pešić I., Petovar, K. (1985). Neposredna okolina stambenih zgrada.
Belgrade: Centar za stanovanje IMS. Klein, R. (1978). Sudjelovanje
korisnika u oblikovanju stana. Subotica: Građevinski fakultet.
Knežević, G. (1986). Višestambene zgrade. Zagreb: Liber.
Knežević, G. (1994). Fleksibilnost i participacija u stanogradnji. Zagreb:
Tehnička knjiga. Knežević, G., Kordiš, I. (1987). Stambene i javne
zgrade. Zagreb: Tehnička knjiga.
Mandić, R. (2000). Stanovanje u tranziciji, knjiga II – postdiplomski
studij. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet.
Norber-Schulz, C. (1990). Stanovanje. Stanište, urbani prostor, kuća (M.
J. Maksimović, Transl.). Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Rudlin, D., Falk,
N. (1999). Building the 21st Century Home – the /Sustainble Urban
Neighbourhood/. Oxford: Architectural Press.
Schneider, F. (1997). Floor Plan Atlas Housing. Basel: Birkhauser-
Verlag.
Ofner, R.: Leichtbau und Glasbau, TU Graz, IBX Fachbereich
Ingenieurbaukunst, Graz, 2007 Hart, Henn, Sontag Form-Force-Mass
(IL 25), Institut fur Leichte Flachentragwerke, Stuttgart, (1990).
(IL 25), Institut fur Leichte Flachentragwerke, Stuttgart, (1990).

well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





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Code: 01.03.56	Title of the subject: CONTEXTUAL APPROACH IN INTERIOR DESIGN			
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10	
Status: ELECTIVE M	ODULE	Total number of hou	urs: 90 (60 + 30)	
		Lectures 60 Exercises 30		
Teaching staff	field/Depa consultatio	Teachers and associates elected in the field/Department of architectural design / consultations (2 hours) with teachers specialized in relevant fields associated with the project theme		
Prerequisites:		6	elines and results of the	
Aim (aims) of the subject:	Introduction potential of focusing on	official elective courses selection poll. Introduction of the methodological and creative and potential of the contextual approach in interior design, focusing on analysis and valorization of the physical and socio-cultural context.		
Content: (<i>if necessary, the outl</i> <i>plan per week is</i> <i>determined by taking</i> <i>into account the</i> <i>specificity of</i> <i>organizational units</i>)	<i>ine</i> buildings an typologies (programs, s spaces etc.) interior - e correlation and eleme atmosphere concepts. C	Adaptive reuse / conversion of existing architectural buildings and redesign of the interiors of public functional typologies (including a mix-use projects combining several programs, such as culture, services, education, religious spaces etc.). Innovative design solutions focusing on the interior - exterior spatial correlation, as well as on the correlation of between the old and new interior components and elements. Merging the elements, stimuli and atmosphere from the surrounding in the interior design concepts. Creative expression of pluralistic identities in contemporary interiors (cultural, personal, corporate		
Learning outcomes	Knowledge: Creating an thinking and interior des assessment context on i Skills: Acquiring th developing projects of p remodelling	Knowledge: Creating an analytical approach, developing critical thinking and application of theoretical knowledge in interior design assignments. Understanding and critical assessment of the impact of the physical and sociocultural context on interior design process. Skills: Acquiring the know-how, skills and competencies for developing the conceptual and detailed interior design projects of public functional typologies, which involve remodelling of existing architectural structures.		
	Competence	es:		

Teaching methods:	Students will be able to develop a studious approach and special creative sensibility when engaged in the projects of interior space interventions in close correlation with the direct and indirect contextual factors of the existing building. Lectures, presentations, discussion and individual mentorships.
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁰⁷ :	Assessment of the research and design parts of the assignment, according to the predefined methodological timeline. Final project presentation. Grade is obtained from the research project 90% and student participation 10%.
Bibliography ¹⁰⁸ :	 Obligatory and additional: Brooker, Graeme; Stone, Sally: BASICS INTERIOR ARCHITECTURE, CONTEXT+ENVIRONMENT, Ava Publishing, 2008. g. Grafe, Christoph (Ed), Bollerey, Bollerey, Franziska (Ed): Cafes and Bars: THE ARCHITECTURE OF PUBLIC DISPLAY (INTERIOR ARCHITECTURE), Routledge, 2007. g. Malnar, Joy Monice; Vodvarka, Frank, THE INTERIOR DIMENSION, John Wiley&Sons, Inc, 1992.g. Pallasma, Juhani, THE EYES OF THE SKIN, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2009.g. Panero, Joseph; Zelnik, Julius; DeChiara, Martin, TIME- SAVER STANDARDS FOR INTERIOR DESIGN AND SPACE PLANNING, McGraw-Hill, 2001.g. Schittich, Christian (ed). IN DETAIL INTERIOR SURFACES AND MATERIALS AESTHETICS TECHNOLOGY IMPLEMENTATION, 2008. Schittich, Christian (ed). IN DETAIL: BUILDING IN EXISTING FABRIC: REFURBISHMENT, EXTENSIONS, NEW DESIGNS, Birkhäuser GmbH, 2003. g. Vernet, David (Ed),; De Wit, Leontine (Ed): BOUTIQUES AND OTHER RETAIL SPACES: THE ARCHITECTURE OF SEDUCTION (INTERIOR ARCHITECTURE), Routledge, 2007. g. Zumthor, Peter: ATMOSPHERES, Birkhäuser Architecture, 2006. g.

¹⁰⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁰⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.04.30	Subject title: SUSTAINABLE URBANISM: CHALLENGES, TRANSFORMATIONS, SYMBOLS			
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of credits: 10 (according to ECTS)
Status: ELECTIVE	MODU	JLE	Total number of h	ours: 90 (60 + 30)
	f.	15 17 18	Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff		Teachers and Spatial planni		scientific field "Urbanism and
Enrolment requirements:		Successful res from the depa Extracurricula	ults achieved during the s artment; inclination to res ar activities / CV – worksh c.; Foreign language profic	studies, especially in subjects earch; Readiness for team work; 10ps, exhibitions, participation ciency; Eloquence,
Subject objective	(s):	Acquiring knowledge and skills for scientific-research work, focusing on the constructed space, in the sense of finding different levels and kinds of urban regeneration. Introduction of students – candidates to urbanist design methodology, for the purpose of making them sensible to the issues of the constructed space, as well as needs and controls of its mutations. Through urban conceptualisation processes, students will acquire knowledge on defining: programme determinants, contextual conditioning, urban morphology, and spatial-functional structure of the selected "sample" – work, architectural and urban forms / typological determinants in the context of the "city architecture", architectural-urban expressiveness/spatial symbolism, etc.		of finding different levels and on of students – candidates to urpose of making them sensible as well as needs and controls of alisation processes, students ogramme determinants, ology, and spatial-functional rk, architectural and urban e context of the "city
Content: (<i>if necessary, the weekly</i> <i>performance plan can be</i> determined by considering		ist planning and design th	s a wide scope of topics in the at can be developed towards a -scientific (2) framework.	
spatial and the to set a PROGE THE PROJECT to DEFEND TH conceptualisat should primar in Urbanism at the practice ar final diploma t desirable com written and gr and implemen practices conc and spatial col Understanding		ematic framework, the fol RAMME STRUCTURE (2); ASSIGNMENT – THESIS (IE THESIS and start work tion (4th semester of the rily contain: foundation in nd Architecture, as well a nd experiences from the p thesis – master's thesis, a munication with different raphical form – Ability to intation of contemporary u cerning sustainability, soc hesion; A high level of ind	t audience members in oral, initiate a dialogue; Monitoring urban theories, principles and ial inclusion, cultural continuity lividuality in work; esising methods and drawing	

UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO – FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE	
SUBJECT description	

	Skills: work on program conceptualization at all stages of preparatin of spatial planning documentation. Ability to make independent decisions. Competencies: Preparation of textual and graphic elements of technical documentation.
Teaching methods:	Lectures and discussion, self-teaching, seminar assignment, workshop, field work.
Knowledge assessment methods with grading structure ¹⁰⁹ :	 (1) Development of a theoretical spatial programme, project assignment for the selected site and topic, in accordance with the general concept of the Module at Sarajevo Faculty of Architecture. (2) Scientific-research work. Supervision of the work / Mentorship is aimed to: Check sources, basics and concepts. Mild directing/corrections of research method, conclusions and creation of the Project assignment.
Literature ¹¹⁰ :	Depending on the topic selected on the module, the professor – Mentor will recommend literature. Additionally, students are expected to build capacities for individual research of sources.

¹⁰⁹ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

¹¹⁰ The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo





Code: 01.03.36	Title of the subject: COMMERCIAL BUILDING		IILDINGS
Cycle: 2nd Year of the study: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: Elective Mo	dule	Total number of hou	ırs: 90 (60 + 30)
		Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff		nd associates elected belongs, Department	in the field to which t of architectural design
Prerequisites:	none		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	theoretical a Commercial that deal wi vehicles, for trading obje building ma centres"), tr stations, bu terminals, in car service of Every candi mentor. The mentor can assist th Theoretical complex encompasse selected top historical m referential project in for	none To enable every candidate to choose a project or a theoretical assignment in the field contained by the Commercial Buildings cabinet. Those are mainly objects that deal with issues of public garages for passenger vehicles, for all kinds of industrial objects, all kinds of trading objects, like department stores, shopping centres, building materials and equipment stores (the "bau- centres"), traffic objects such as airports, marinas, train stations, bus stations, bus, railway and other traffic terminals, interchange modules, objects intended for fairs, car service centres, car saloons, hybrid objects, etc. Every candidate proposes a topic to be approved by the mentor. The mentor proposes other members of teaching staff who can assist the candidate on the work on the selected topic. Theoretical and practical introduction to the students of the	
Content:	work in an a final presen Within scie methodolog related to th buildings. Applicative location an conceptual	Subject is conceived as a synthesis of research and practical work in an architectural design studio with discussions and final presentation of conceptual project. Within scientific research, students are introduced to the methodology of this kind of work, which is concretely related to the selected theme from the field of Commercial	

P		
Learning outcomes:	Knowledge: Mastering methodology and individual production of programmatic and analytical part of selected architectural project, with scientific research and applicative part (conceptual design) or production of selected programmatic and analytical theoretical work, in collaboration with the mentor and advisors according to fields relevant for the domain of work and research, and upgrading selected theme into final diploma thesis. Skills: Mastering skills of practical application of specific knowledge of designing commercial buildings. Competences: Designing commercial buildings in practice	
Teaching methods:	Lectures, multimedia presentations, practical exercise associated with selected theme, visit and analysis of potential and proposed locations, relevant institutions etc.	
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹¹¹ :	Grade is obtained from the research project 90% and student participation 10%. Positive grade at the end of the semester is the prerequisite for upgrading selective module into final project in 4 th semester.	
Bibliography ¹¹² :	Obligatory: All the literature from the Syllabus related to subjects in the Commercial Buildings cabinet, "Design 8" – Building public parking garages, "Design 9" - Industrial buildings, "Design 10" – Agricultural objects, Commercial buildings, Traffic objects, Fairgrounds and exhibitions, Persons with physical impairment and architectural barriers, as well as other literature relevant for a specific topic and recommended by the mentor.	

¹¹¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹¹² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.05.25	Title of the subject: DESIGN BY THE PRINCIPLES OF BIOKLIMATIC ARCHITECTURE			
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: ELECTIVE N	AODU	LE	Total number of hou	ırs: 90 (60 + 30)
			Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff				
Prerequisites:				
Aim (aims) of the subject:	bject: input solutions of architectural tasks.		derstand the significance external influences and ks.	
Content:Development of the idea of bioclimatic architecture. T(if necessary, the outline plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units)Development of the idea of bioclimatic architecture. T and Misconceptions (energy, resources). Self-sustaination in architecture. Differences and similarities between terms "self-sustainable" and "bio-climatic architecture.		urces). Self-sustainability similarities between the		
Learning outcome	S:	The student should be able to see architecture as the unity of its artistic and exemplary-empirical components. The conceptual solution that is publicly defended at the Commission's Chair. Introduction to graduate thesis.		
Teaching methods	:	Lectures pointing to the dependence of this problematization and the overall environment through templates and field insights.		
Assessment methor including grading structure ¹¹³ :	ods	Monitoring of teaching 5% Individual (individual) action 95%		
Bibliography ¹¹⁴ :		Required: Hadrovic, dr. Ahmet: Bioclimatic Architecture, Searching for a Path to Heaven, Booksurge, LLC, North Charleston, SC, USA, 2008.		

¹¹³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹¹⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

	adrovic, dr Ahmet: New Approach to Conceptualization nd Materialization of Architecturally Defined Space, Faculty
	Architecture of the University of Sarajevo, 2016.
	ecommended:
Ba	alcomb, J.Dluglas: Passive Solar Buildings, The MITPres,
Ca	ambridge, Massachusetts, London, 1992.
Co	ook, Jeffrey: Passive Cooling, The MITPres, Cambridge,
M	assachusetts, London, 1996.
H	adrović, dr Ahmet: <i>Arhitektonska fizika</i> , Drugo izdanje,
A	cta Architectonica et Urbanistica, Arhitektonski fakultet u
Sa	arajevu, 2010.
H	adrovic, dr Ahmet: <i>Hadre, The Evolution of Bioclimatic</i>
A	rchitecture, Booksurge, LLC, North Charleston, SC, USA,
20	009.
	adrović, dr Ahmet: <i>Studije o arhitekturi i ogled o arhitekti</i> ,
	verzija na engleskom jeziku: Research study on
	rchitecture and Overview of the Architect's Experience),
	arajevo, Acta Architectonica et Urbanistica, Arhitektonski
	kultet u Sarajevu, 2010.
	onald W. Larson, Ronal E.West: Implementation of Solar
	hermal Tehnology, The MITPress, Cambridge,
	assachusetts, London, 1996.
	udolfski, Bernard: Arhitektura, Građevinska knjiga,
	eograd, 1976.
	asopis: Texhniques & Architecture (posebni brojevi
	91/73, 315/77)
Ca	asopis: Domus, The Japan Architecture, DBZ





Code: 01.06.20	Title of the sub	le of the subject: RECONSTRUCTION OF MASONRY STRUCTURES		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10	
Status: ELECTIVE	MODULE	Total number of ho	urs: 90 (60 + 30)	
		Lectures 60 Exercises 30		
Teaching staff		nd associates elected in action systems.	n the field/ Department	
Prerequisites:	None.			
Aim (aims) of the subject:		methodology and skills tructures.	of intervening on	
Content: (if necessary, the outline plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units)Reconstruct classification damage and materials us Methods of edestructive a outline of an requirement 		f examining materials at e and non-destructive m an object – Recommend nts; Types of construction on assemblies and elem century; Causes of deca all arch ways of interver – the Prussian arch; Est cy activities, technologic on site organisation and for object reconstruction tion of masonry objects cary materials; Possibili atlines during object rec tural physics in object r ctions of installations; F	es and detection of ad characteristics of ments of walled objects; nd constructions – nethods; Disposition and ations and regulation ons, materials, ents in the late 19th and ay, floor construction and ntion and methods of timated bill of quantities, cal processes, I technical protection n; Interventions in the s with traditional and ties of developing the construction; Application	
Learning outcome	s: principles individual in reconstr interest an acquainted	ne teaching process, stu- of intervention and thei projects – adopt ways o ruction of the masonry s ad responsibility toward I with the masonry build	ir application in of expressing themselves structure; develop	

	the building construction; create a database for individual work at the development of blueprints; Skills: develop independence in solving problems; adopt principles of solving walled architectural constructions and acquire knowledge on their application at different concrete assignments. Competences: intervention and their application in individual projects of the reconstruction of the masonry structure.
Teaching methods:	Lectures: oral and presentational; conversational method, practical presentations, deliberations. Practical classes: presentations and consultations.
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹¹⁵ :	Students are graded through a seminar assignment or conceptual design on a given topic. The exam is prepared through content presented at lectures and practical classes, as well as through literature recommended by professors and associates at the beginning of the course.
Bibliography ¹¹⁶ :	Obligatory: Čaušević, A: (2004). Konstruktivni aspekti sanacije i rekonstrukcije zidanih objekata visokogradnje. (Master's thesis defended at the Faculty of Architecture, University of Sarajevo). Čaušević, A., Rustempašić, N. (2014). Rekonstrukcija zidanih objekata visokogradnje. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Hrasnica, M. (2005). Seizmička analiza zgrada. Sarajevo: Univerzitet u Sarajevu. Hrnjić, H., Čaušević, A., & Skoko, M. (2012). Otpornost materijala. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Radić, J. et al. (2007). Zidane konstrukcije. Priručnik. Zagreb: Hrvatska sveučilišna naklada. Sorić, Z. (1999). Zidane konstrukcije I. Zagreb: Hrvatski savez građevinskih inženjera. Additional: Supplementary: In consultation with the subject professor individually in relation to the specificity of the topic of each individual candidate

¹¹⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹¹⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.04.34	Sitle of the subject:RECULTIVATION AND RECONSTRUCTIONOF DEGRADED URBAN AREAS			
(vcle 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10	
Status: ELECTIVE N	10DULE	Total number of hou Lectures 60 Exercises 30	ırs: 90 (60 + 30)	
Teaching staff		ngs [Do not enter names in this	n the field to which the section. Leave the formulation as	
Prerequisites:	-			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	relationships depending or terrain, as we	0	nd artificial surrounding, ition. Consolidation of the reenery, vacation and	
Content: (if necessary, the outline plan per wee is determined by taking into account to specificity of organizational units	k city) analysis, elements; Pero landscape; Soo design; Aesthe Methodology o documents; Co	Theoretical basis for urban and natural landscape (image of the city) analysis, Natural landscape elements; Created landscape elements; Perceptive-psychological aspects of experiencing a landscape; Sociological aspects; Ecological aspects of landscape design; Aesthetical aspects (composition) of landscape design; Methodology of landscape design; Researching planning documents; Concept formation; A detailed design and description of the solution; Final project presentation and discussion.		
Learning outcomes	observation of environment with future c surfaces and purposes, as Understandin continuation citizens and t Skills: Mastering the spaces after i original use. Competences Participation	Knowledge: development of analytical and critical observation of overall relationship in urban and natural environment. Development of the feeling of responsibility with future colleagues with respect to the decoration of surfaces and areas neglected after having been used for other purposes, as well as the need of their functional conversion. Understanding space as a scenography framework for continuation of complex processes of interaction between citizens and their surroundings. Skills: Mastering the methodology of recycling degraded urban spaces after inadequate exploitation or after the end of original use. Redesign of such spatial spans. Competences: Participation in the planning and decision-making processes on the use, reallocation and restoration of the degraded		
Teaching methods	consultations development	Theoretical part (lectures and individual and group consultations and practical part (practical classes – development of the concept and conceptual urban design project at a selected location).		

I	
Assessment methods	Participation is evaluated in all segments, with respect of the
including grading	prescribed deadlines for certain phases realised within this
structure ¹¹⁷ :	module during the semester.
Bibliography ¹¹⁸ :	 Obligatory: Booth, N. K. (1983). Basic Elements of Landscape Architectural Design. New York, Amsterdam, Oxford: Elsevier. Halprin, L. (1971). Gradovi (M. J. Maksimović, S. Maksimović, Transl.). Belgrade: Gradjevinska knjiga. Krier, R. (1975). Urban space. London: Academy Editions. Lynch, K. (1974). Slika jednog grada (M. J. Maksimović, Transl.). Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. McHarg, I. (1969). Design with Nature. Cardell City, NY: Narum! His/ory Press. Norberg-Schulz, C. (1975). Egzistencija, prostor i arhitektura (M. J. Maksimović, Transl.). Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Norberg-Schulz, C. (1979). Genius loci. London: Academy Editions. Sitte, C. (1967). Umjetničko oblikovanje gradova (Đ. Tabaković, Transl.). Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Vresk, M. (1980). Osnove urbane geografije. Zagreb: Školska knjiga. Waymark, J.(2003). Modern Garden Design. London: Thames & Hudson. Žuljić, V. J. (19842000). Separati. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Additional: Mitchell,W.J.T.(1994) Landscape and Power, the University of Chicago Press.

¹¹⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹¹⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.39	Title of subject: HOUSING OBJECTS WITHIN ARCHITECTURALLY - SPECIFIC URBAN ENVIRONMENT			
Cycle: 2nd		r of the ly: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: ELECTIVE	MOD	ULE	Total number of hou	rs: 90 (60 + 30)
			Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff				
Prerequisites:		-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		assignments architecturall and valorisat (in a function contemporary of spatial rela	ion process of the existin al and aesthetical sense)	aildings within through research, analysis ag architectural structures , which will result in a contributing the adjustment s towards theoretical
Content: (if necessary, the outline plan per we determined by takin into account the specificity of organizational unit	ng	work. As part methodology of architecture fr interpolations surrounding. If the existing sta cultural identify which should that section of	ate in the sense of defining ty (accompanied by graphic	e introduced with ag the discourse of hore narrow issues – ures in the existing ntails a detailed research of the existing spatial and cal presentations), all of of the work. On the basis of
Learning outcome	methodology through a syn (conceptual d through respe time-place. nes: Competences apply fundam knowledge in Students are, contemporary while respect		lesign). Comprehending ect for form-function relates: Students are expected to nental research and design to the designing process also, expected to develo	on on a concrete case, graphical part of the work the complex design issues ationships, existing-new, to develop the ability to an methodology and p the ability to design cess of critical reflection,

Teaching methods:	Classes are organised through lectures and consultations (group or individual), which entail acquiring knowledge on theoretical and practical approach to work.		
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹¹⁹ :Students are evaluated through continual work on contribut with fulfilment of the prescribed deadlines for certain phase the work, as well as presentation of the final, conceptual deal			
Bibliography ¹²⁰ :	 Obligatory: Brolin, C. B., Arhitektura u kontekstu (Naslov originala: Architecture in Context. Prevod: D. Jauković). Iro Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1985. Frampton, K., Moderna arhitektura - kritička povijest (Naslov originala: Modern Architecture: Critical History. Prevod: T. Tot). Globus zakladni zavod, Zagreb, 1992 Ivančević, R., "Staro" i "novo" u arhitekturi i urbanizmu. Život umjetnosti br. 5, Zagreb, maj 1967. Ivančević, R., Interpolacija: Međuvrijednost među vrojednostima ili krivotvorina. Arhitektura br. 184-185, Zagreb, maj 1983. Ivančević, R., Radijus ozračja spomenika, znanstveni rad, 1996. Jencks, C., Architecture 2000 and Beyond. Wiley- Academy, West Sussex, 2000. Radović, R., Savremena arhitektura – između stalnosti i promena ideja i oblika. "Stylos", Novi Sad, 1998. Ugljen-Ademović, N., Vrednovanje starog i novog - sistematično proučavanje starog da bi se moglo izraditi kreativno novo -magistarski rad. Ljubljana, 2002. Ugljen-Ademović, N., Dvojnost pristupa problemu integriranja novog u postojeće u arhitektonskom oblikovanju - doktorski rad, 2007. Ugljen-Ademović, N., Kritika - stimulans arhitektonskoj ideji, Dobra knjiga d.o.o, Sarajevo, 2012. Zelenika, R., Metodologija i tehnologija izrade znanstvenog i stručnog djela. Ekonomski fakultet u Rijeci, Rijeka, 1998. Additional: Colquhoun, A., Collected Essays in Architectural Criticism. Black Dog Publishing, London, UK, 2009. Forty, A., Words and Buildings, A Vocabulary of Modern Architecture. Thames & Hudson, New York, 2000. Ghirardo, D., Architecture After Modernism. Thames and Hudson Ltd, 1996. Giedion, S., Prostor, vrijeme, arhitektura (Naslov originala: Raum, Zeit, Architektur). Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1969. Silobrčić, V., Kako sastaviti, objaviti i ocijeniti znanstveno djelo. Medicinska naklada, Zagreb, 1998. stručni arhitektonski časopisi. 		

¹¹⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹²⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.04.16	Title of the subject: URBAN TRANSFORMATIONS		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: ELECTIVE N	IODULE	Total number of	hours: 90 (60 + 30)
		Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff	the subjec		ted in the field to which
Prerequisites:	None.	.	Ŭ
Aim (aims) of the subject:	projects of examination global esse enviroment comprehent urban ense procedure	Enabling students for development of urban design projects of transforming urban ensembles, through examination of theoretical findings on valorisation and global essence of (re)shaping of the immediate human enviroment and, at the same time, through a comprehensive analysis and valorisation of a concrete urban ensemble; An insight into the methodological procedure of urban (re)design and development of scientific-research work.	
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	and urban transforma determina urban spac significanc artistic vis assignmen) the concre	By an insight into methodology of scientific-research work and urban design, students acquire knowledge on urban transformations' programme determinants, thier contextual determinations, structure and morphology of a (part) of the urban space, architecture of the city and urban-architectural significance. By a synthesis of the assembled data and artistic vision displayed by the spatial design of the se assignment, it is important to notice values and conflicts of the concrete urban ensemble, and then to develop them programme-wise and harmonise them in term of urban development.	
Learning outcomes	Skills: A sy research m detected co man and a Competend iomplemen	Knowledge: Conceptual urban design project Skills: A synthetical elaboration of the applied scientific- research model (theoretica part) and solving of the detected conflict situations in the relationship between th man and a physical structure (graphical part); Competences: Development of practical instructions for iomplementation of the conceptual urban design project with instructions related to the control of the project.	
Teaching methods	Teaching methods:TheoreticalTeaching methods:practical		nd group consultations) and classes – development of ject at a selected complex).

Assessment methods including grading structure 121:Participation in all forms of work is evaluated, with fulfilment of the prescribed deadlines for certain phases of the work realised during the semester within this module.Obligatory: Bacon, N. E, Design of Cities, M.I.T. Press, Chicago, 1978 Brolin, C. B, Arhitektura u kontekstu, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988 Castex, J, Depaule, J. C. i Panerai, P, Urbane forme, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 2002 Čakarić, J, Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012 Jencks, C, Moderni pokreti u arhitekturi, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988	·	
structure 121:the work realised during the semester within this module.Obligatory: Bacon, N. E, Design of Cities, M.I.T. Press, Chicago, 1978 Brolin, C. B, Arhitektura u kontekstu, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988 Castex, J, Depaule, J. C. i Panerai, P, Urbane forme, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 2002 Čakarić, J, Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012 Jencks, C, Moderni pokreti u arhitekturi, Građevinska	Assessment methods	Participation in all forms of work is evaluated, with
Obligatory: Bacon, N. E, Design of Cities, M.I.T. Press, Chicago, 1978 Brolin, C. B, Arhitektura u kontekstu, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988 Castex, J, Depaule, J. C. i Panerai, P, Urbane forme, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 2002 Čakarić, J, Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012 Jencks, C, Moderni pokreti u arhitekturi, Građevinska	including grading	fulfilment of the prescribed deadlines for certain phases of
Bacon, N. E, Design of Cities, M.I.T. Press, Chicago, 1978 Brolin, C. B, Arhitektura u kontekstu, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988 Castex, J, Depaule, J. C. i Panerai, P, Urbane forme, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 2002 Čakarić, J, Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012 Jencks, C, Moderni pokreti u arhitekturi, Građevinska	structure ¹²¹ :	the work realised during the semester within this module.
 Elin, N, Postmoderni urbanizam, Orion art, Beograd, 2002 Kostof, S, A History of Architecture. Settings and Rituals, Oxford University Press, Inc, Oxford, New York, 1995 Krier, R, Gradski prostor u teoriji i praksi, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1999 Low, M. S, Promišljanje grada, Naklada Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb, 2006 Mumford, L, Kultura gradova, Mediterran Publishing, Novi Sad, 2010 Norber-Schulz, C, Intencije u arhitekturi, Naklada Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb, 2009 Norber-Schulz, C, Stanovanje. Stanište, urbani prostor, kuća, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1990 Rossi, A, Arhitektura grada, DIP "Građevinska knjiga" i PP "Premis", Beograd, 2002 Woods, S, The Man in the Street, Penguin Books, London 1975 Additional: Cook, P, The City, Seen as a Garden of Ideas, Peter Cook and The Monacelli Press, Inc., New York, 2003 Fyfe, R. N, Prizori ulice, Clio, Beograd, 2002 	structure ¹²¹ :	the work realised during the semester within this module. Obligatory: Bacon, N. E, Design of Cities, M.I.T. Press, Chicago, 1978 Brolin, C. B, Arhitektura u kontekstu, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988 Castex, J, Depaule, J. C. i Panerai, P, Urbane forme, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 2002 Čakarić, J, Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012 Jencks, C, Moderni pokreti u arhitekturi, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988 Elin, N, Postmoderni urbanizam, Orion art, Beograd, 2002 Kostof, S, A History of Architecture. Settings and Rituals, Oxford University Press, Inc, Oxford, New York, 1995 Krier, R, Gradski prostor u teoriji i praksi, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1999 Low, M. S, Promišljanje grada, Naklada Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb, 2006 Mumford, L, Kultura gradova, Mediterran Publishing, Novi Sad, 2010 Norber-Schulz, C, Intencije u arhitekturi, Naklada Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb, 2009 Norber-Schulz, C, Stanovanje. Stanište, urbani prostor, kuća, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1990 Rossi, A, Arhitektura grada, DIP "Građevinska knjiga" i PP "Premis", Beograd, 2002 Woods, S, The Man in the Street, Penguin Books, London, 1975 Additional: Cook, P, The City, Seen as a Garden of Ideas, Peter Cook and The Monacelli Press, Inc., New York, 2003 Fyfe, R. N, Prizori ulice, Clio, Beograd, 2002 Kolešnik, Lj, Umjetničko djelo kao društvena činjenica,

¹²¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹²² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.04.26	Title of	itle of the subject: URBAN PLANNING AND DESIGN		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: ELECTIVE M			Total number of ho	ours: 90
			Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff		eachers an Id spatial p		n the field of urbanism
Prerequisites:	In	accordan	ce with the Faculty of	Architecture rules.
Aim (aims) of the subject:Acquiring known research word degree in the programming transmitting		e (2) urban design or ng for specific urban a g the project base into ethics in the field of s	al work of the highest (3) development reas, as well as a development concept;	
Content: (<i>if necessary, the out</i> <i>plan per week is</i> <i>determined by taking</i> <i>into account the</i> <i>specificity of</i> <i>organizational units</i>	g Th de fie	sign-resea	arch or science-resea	ored for each student eg. rch orientated, and in the ties and urban theory.
Learning outcomes	S: Kr pr de cit hid Sk ob ne hu wo wi an Co of	eparation evelopment cy areas; u erarchical cills: Under ojects and eed to com uman need ork and ab ith a high o riting, oral d extraction ompetence a develop	nderstanding of plan order. rstanding the relation between objects and space ls and measure; Respo oility of self-critical re degree of autonomy; A lly and graphically; A on of suitable conclus es: the work on a conc	; the goals and lization for the specific ning documents aship between people and their environment and the es between them with the onsibility for one's own flexion; Ability to work Ability to communicate in pility to evaluate evidence sions. tept and implementation nents; the work on urban
Teaching methods:	Le	ctures and	d discussion, self-teac	hing, practical classes.

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Assessment methods including grading structure ¹²³ :	Textual, graphical and oral presentation of a research, and critical analysis of the project/programme/research concept.
Bibliography ¹²⁴ :	Obligatory: literature selection is tailored for each student, depending on the selected final work area. Additional:

¹²³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹²⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.04.41	Title	e of the subject: URBAN PLANNING AND DESIGN		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: ELECTIVE N	10DU	LE	Total number of ho	urs: 90 (60 + 30)
			Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff		Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs		
Prerequisites:			ce with the Faculty of A	
Aim (aims) of the unarrow are constant of the		Acquiring knowledge and skills of scientific research, as well as individual work of the highest level in the domain of urban planning and programming planning, understanding and application of the spatial-planning basis into the concept of development, and adaptation of project solutions to the spatial concept.		
Content: (<i>if necessary, the outline</i> <i>plan per week is</i> <i>determined by taking</i> <i>into account the</i>		Themes in the module are design-research and science- research orientated, in the field of housing, macro-urban units, urban planning and urban theory. Preparation of (1) theoretical-programmatic urban-project task and (2) concept for the selected area-location, or preparation of proposals for scientific-research work.		
Learning outcome	s:	Knowledge: Understanding the relationship between / economics / ecology / technology and the important correctly planning and using these resources and too terms of the adequate functioning of the city in relation man, ie accepting social infrastructure as a tool for achieving a balanced development of the city. Urbanist and architectural solutions for urban regeneration in process of adapting to the changes of the XXI century range from social, economic, climate and ecological, t technological ones. Skills: During the module's work, the student uses scientific-research methods, analyzes and develops a concept with details tailored to the narrower researc topic		y and the importance of e resources and tools in of the city in relation to ture as a tool for to f the city. Urbanistic an regeneration in the of the XXI century, in a te and ecological, to the student uses zes and develops a

	Competencies: The student is competent to use basic scientific-research methods and to adopt integrated knowledge in different areas from a functional, constructive and design aspect and applies it in the conceptual analytical approach of a selected thematic area.
Teaching methods:	Lectures and dissusions, organized as a combination of informative and interactive teaching.
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹²⁵ :	The grade from the subject is derived from research work / project -90% and student activity-10%.
Bibliography ¹²⁶ :	Recommended reading is adjusted to the topic, for every student individually.

¹²⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹²⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.06.19	Title of the subj	tle of the subject: HIGH RISE BUILDINGS IN ARCHITECTURE		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10	
Status: ELECTIVE N	AODULE	Total number of h	ours: 90 (60 + 30)	
		Lectures 60 Exercises 30		
Teaching staff	architectur	Teachers and associates elected in the field/ Department of architectural construction and building technology /Department for construction systems.		
Prerequisites:	None.			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	Understanding the issues related to the construction objects in architecture, paying attention to critical influences caused by horizontal forces of earthquakes		tention to critical forces of earthquakes and ags in architecture through	
A historical developmen structural lo seismology; measures; st structural co architecture 		ent; chronology of stru load to the high rise of r; seismic loading; stru structural shapes of H concepts; structural fo re design; concepts and ation; tall objects' cons echnologies of formwo ormwork; examples of mfortability and safety of built-in materials; P sation for tall objects; rerialisation; systems o all objects' energy effic s; fire protection in tall	ictural efficiency igh rise buildings; rms; High rise buildings in d typology; etruction technologies; ork and concrete laying – the constructed tall y of use of the objects from Principles of construction	
Learning outcomes: Knowledge: Through the students will tall objects, projects – ac develop inte scientifically architecture		e: ne teaching process an rill: adopt designing an , as well as their applic adopt modes of expres	d work on the subject, ad planning principles for cation in individual ssion in civil engineering; ity towards the profession; g of tall objects in	

	Skills: adopt principles of solving tall objects as architectural constructions and gain an insight into their complexity at different concrete assignments and develop independence in the assignment-solving process; Competences: get to know the tall object as a whole and all its important parts;
Teaching methods:	Lectures: oral and presentational; conversational method, practical presentations, deliberations. Practical classes: presentations and consultations.
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹²⁷ :	Students are graded through a seminar assignment at a given topic. The preparation is conducted through lectures and practical classes, as well as on the basis of a literature list recommended by professors and assistants at the beginning of the teaching process.
Bibliography ¹²⁸ :	 Obligatory: Coull, A., Smith, Stafford, B. (Eds). (1997). <i>Tall Buildings.</i> London: Pergamon Press. Hrnjić, H., Čaušević, A., & Skoko, M. (2012). <i>Otpornost materijala.</i> Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Lyn, T. Y., Stotesbury, S. (1994). <i>Structural Concepts and Systems for Architects and Engineers.</i> Hoboken, NJ: John Wiley. Lynn, S. B. (1996). <i>Advances in Tall Buildings.</i> Delhi: CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi. Taranath. B. S. (1998). <i>Structural Analysis and Design of Tall Buildings.</i> New York: Mc Graw Hill. Additional: Supplementary: In consultation with the subject professor individually in relation to the specificity of the topic of each individual candidate.

¹²⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹²⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.60	Title of the subject: HOUSING REGENERATION OF THE XXth CENTURY RESIDENTAL SETTLEMENTS		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: ELECTIVE N	IODULE	Total number of hou	ırs: 90 (60 + 30)
		Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff	architectura teachers spe	al design / consultation	the field/Department of is (2 hours) with lds associated with the
Prerequisites:		0	and results of the official
Aim (aims) of the subject:	through dia collectively, on the resea valorization residential a solution can architectura quality of ho service func question an architectura regeneratio assignment researched deficiencies micro-conte	elective courses selection poll Understanding and mastering the problem of housing, through dialectical relation: time-space, individually- collectively, existing - newly built. The design task is based on the research in archives and on-site, analysis and valorization of the existing state/level of housing within residential areas, so that the architectural conceptual solution can be developed (several contemporary architectural structures that could be able to improve the quality of housing through generating its primary and service functions). New modern architectural structures question and develop the following design approaches: architectural and urban recycling, architectural regeneration, transformation, modification. The aim of this assignment is to point out the existing values of the researched spatial concept of housing and to reduce its deficiencies by establishing relationships with the physical micro-contest and contemporary/current cultural and social movements.	
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by takin, into account the specificity of organizational units	as it consist participativ designing. T g introduced century hou the aspect o) aspect inclu	s of three components: e-work with the local c `hrough the first part o to the historical develo	ommunity and practical- f the work, students are pment of the 20th y concepts of living from lity. The participative collaboration with the

	getting a knowledge of the modality of the phenomenon of "homeland identity" within the 20th century residential settlements. The final part of the work is the synthesis of the previous two presented parts, with the conceptual architectural project.	
Learning outcomes:	Knowledge: Developing custom tactical approach to rehabilitation of the existing housing concepts within contemporary urban and social dynamics (globalization and transitional character). This approach will enable students to acquire and develop knowledge and skills in the methodology of scientific research, the complexity of solving design problems, (self) critical thinking in the field of culture and residential architecture, and generally a creative, imaginative and innovative approach to addressing architectural issues. Skills: The final product is a conceptual architectural project based on the synthesis of theory (establishment and evaluation of a particular model of research) and the graphic/design part of the work (spatially articulated models of housing- programme, function and shape/form). Competences: Exploring and understanding the aspects of residential rehabilitation entirely through the methods of verifying the vitality of the very concept of housing - designing interventions that go beyond the physical structure of the apartment / dwellings by questioning the relationship between man and the community.	
Teaching methods:	Teaching is conducted through lectures, discussions, on- site work, presentations and consultations (group or individual), which include the acquisition of knowledge of theoretical-research approach to work, the design of housing within the current context.	
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹²⁹ :	Examination will be made on the basis of phases of work evaluation (number is determined by the complexity of the task) - 30%, and the design project- 70% of the final score. Positively evaluated work is a precondition for continuation of the project in the fourth semester as a final- graduate thesis.	
Bibliography ¹³⁰ :	Obligatory:	

¹²⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹³⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

Aubert, D., Čavar, L., Chandani, N. (ur.): Thanks for the View
Mr. Mies: Lafayette Park, Detroit, Metropolis, NY, 2012.
Bajlon, M. (1986). Upotrebna vrijednost stana. Belgrade:
Arhitektonski fakultet
Kulić, V., Mrduljaš, M., Thaler, W. (ur.): Modernism In-
Between. Jovis, 2012.
French, H.: New Urban Housing, Laurence King Publishing,
London, 2009.
Gulin-Zrnić, V.: Kvartovska spika, Jesenski i Turk, Zagreb,
2009.
Phillips, A., Erdemci, F. (ur.): Social Housing- Housing the
Social: Art, Property and Spatial Justice, Sternberg Press,
2012.
Turkušić Jurić, E.: Arhitektura i kulturološki identitet od
moderne do danas (phd), AFS, Sarajevo, 2011.
Additional:
Zelenika, R., Metodologija i tehnologija izrade znanstvenog i
stručnog djela. Ekonomski fakultet u Rijeci, Rijeka, 1998.





Code: 01.03.35	Title of the subject: VISUALIZATION OF ARCHITECTURE-FROM IDEA TO REALIZATION - MODULE			
Cycle: 2	Year: 2		Semester: 3	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: Elective			Total number of ho	urs: 90 (60+30)
			Lectures 60 Exercises 30	
Teaching staff		Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs - Spatial and graphic representation		
Prerequisites:		-		
Aim (aims) of the document		thoughts, ide documentati	eas until realization - fi	wledge and skills tied into
Content: (<i>if necessary, the outline</i> <i>plan per week is</i> <i>determined by taking into</i> <i>account the specificity of</i> <i>organizational units</i>)		memorial, m	onumental and landsc relation to thought, ti	ublic buildings, as well as ape architecture from the me and place to the
Learning outcomes	:	merging of "t profane, inte Skills: Acquiring kn visualization conceptual d physics. Competence The student	two worlds": artistic an rnal and external. owledge and skills for of a comprehensive an esign to design, from i s: will develop a special a	rchitectural work, from dea-thought to building approach and feeling when
Teaching methods:		 designing projects, from concept to implementation, and develop a way of thinking and reasoning in relation to the type of object she or he is building. An individualized approach to integrated lectures and approach to integrated lectures approach to integrated lectures and approach to integrated lectures approach to integrate the problem is approach to integrate t		
Assessment methor including grading	exercises.			

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structure ¹³¹ :	
Bibliography ¹³² :	Obligatory and additional: Teacher - The mentor will give instructions on the choice of literature depending on the chosen topic of the student, and
	the student is expected to independently research the sources of literature.

¹³¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹³² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.63	Titl	tle of the subject: SPATIAL CONCEPTS IN ARCHITECTURE AND ART IN CONTEMPORARY CULTURAL CONTEXT			
Cycle: 2		r of the ly: 2	Semester: 3	Number of ECTS credits: 10	
Status: elective n	nodu	le	Total number of hours: Lectures: 60 Exercises: 30	90	
Teaching staff		Architectura	d associates elected in the al Design/ The consultation ome teachers , visiting lectu	ns can be attended by	
Prerequisites:			s given to students who ha tial Concepts in Architectu		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	e	contempora	students with the creative ary cultural context for a de al and artistic spatial conce	esign approach to	
<i>is determined by</i> urban, artis			oose a challenging cultural tic, economic, sociological erventions in the form of s	analyzes to prepare for	
Learning outcomes: Knowledge - the studen evaluation research m Skills: Duri independen the final ph developme area. Competence knowledge approach a		Through chosen topic wit t acquires knowledge of cr of the cultural context and ethods of approaching a pr og the practical training in tly realizes a theoretical re ase results in a detailed pro- nt of a conceptual design in es: The successful applications is manifested through an a and a special creative sensib- new spatial concepts in arc	ritical analysis and basic scientific and oject assignment the module, the student esearch project which in oject assignment for the the chosen thematic ion of the acquired nalytical-critical oility towards the		
Teaching methods: Lectures and			d individual tutoring in the and consultations with oth	e form of discussions,	
			n of the results of the analy ssignment - defence of the		

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grading structure	
Bibliography ¹³⁴ :	Obligatory and additional: Arnheim, R, 1981: Umetnost i vizuelno opažanje. (Naslov originala: Art and Visual Perception. Prijevod: V. Stojić). Univerzitet umjetnosti u Beogradu; Arnheim, R, 1990: Dinamika arhitektonske forme (Naslov originala: The Dynamics of Architectural Form. Prijevod: V. Stojić). Univerzitet umjetnosti u Beogradu; Baudrillard J, Nouvel J. (2002). Singular Objects of Architecture. University of Minnesota Press; Bower, R., 2016. Architecture and Space Reimagined: Learning from the Difference, Multiplicity, and Otherness of Development Practice. s.l.:Routledge; Giebelhausen, M., 2003. The Architecture of the Museum: Symbolic Structures, Urban Contexts. s.l.:Manchester University Press: Ibrišimbegovic, S, 2015. Arhitektura muzeja savremene umjetnosti kao kapsula vremena. Sarajevo : PhDissertation. Norberg - Schulz, C., 1999: Egzistencija, prostor i arhitektura (Naslov originala: Existence, Space & Architecture. Prijevod: M. Maksimović). Građevinska knjiga, Beograd: Peterlić, M., 2009: Spoznaja intuitivnoga (Rudolf Arnheim, Novi eseji o psihologiji umjetnosti). Vijenac 411, Matica hrvatska, Zagreb; Norberg-Schulz, C., 2009. Intencije u arhitekturi. Zagreb: Naklada Jesenski i Turk Pallasmaa, J. (1996.). The Geometry of feeling: a look at the phenomenlology of architecture. In Kate Nesbitt, Theorizing a new agenda for Architecture (pp. 448-453). New York: Princeton Architectural Press; Rossi, A., 1984. The Architecture of the City. Boston: MIT Press. Ugljen-Ademović N, 2012. Kritika stimulans arhitektonskoj ideji. Sarajevo: Dobra Knjiga d.o.o.

¹³³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹³⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

Code: 01.05.47	Title of the subje	e of the subject: DESIGNING LOW ENERGY ARCHITECTURE		
Cycle: II	Year of the study: II	Semester: III	Number of ECTS credits: 10	
Status: ELECTIVE MODUL		Total number of hours: 90 hours per semester Lectures 60 hours per semester Exercises 30 hours per semester		
Teaching staff		a for architectural constr	e field to which the subject ructions and construction	
Prerequisites:	studies. The se achieved resu	Enrollment in the third semester of the second cycle of postgraduate studies. The selection of students for the Module will be based on the achieved results within the subjects Architectural Physics 1, Bioclimatic Architecture, Architectural Structures 5 and Architectural		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	I include all phases of research analytical programming an		e real context of architectural I, programming and design tance of ambient, functional,	
Content: (if necessary, the out) plan per week is determined by taking account the specificit organizational units)	<i>line</i> office building of its potentia <i>i into</i> can also be <i>y of</i> creation of the	Various architectural topics, but preferably residential, educational and office buildings. Recommended will be a real project with the possibility of its potential implementation in practice. Architectural competitions can also be considered, where great emphasis will be placed on creation of the concept of a low-energy building.		
Learning outcomes	task, the stud solution for tr	Through systematic, scientific research and design work on a specific task, the student will acquire knowledge to independently produce a solution for transformation of an architectural building in accordance with the standards of low-energy architecture.		
Teaching methods:	corrections an	Lectures and individual mentoring in the form of discussions, corrections and consultations with other teachers and external associates if needed. The project is done individually and publicly presented.		

Assessment methods including grading	Presentation of the results of the scientific research and design part of the task - defense of the final paper.
structure ¹³⁵ : Bibliography ¹³⁶ :	Bruck, J., (2009.), <i>Neue Energiekonzepte</i> , Beuth Verlag GmbH, Berlin, ISBN: 978-3-410- 17248-2 Danijels, K., (2009.), <i>Tehnologija ekološkog građenja, Osnove i mere</i> , <i>Primeri i ideje</i> , NK Jasen, Beograd, ISBN: 978-85337-66-6 Duran, S., C. (2011.), <i>Architecture & Energy Efficiency</i> , LOFT Publications, Barcelona, ISBN: 978-84-9936-206-9 Hadrović, A., (2010.), <i>Arhitektonska fizika - drugo izdanje</i> , Arhitektonski fakultet Sarajevo, Sarajevo, ISBN: 978-9958-691-20-1 Hadrović, A., (2008.), <i>Bioklimatska arhitektura, traženje puta za Raj</i> , Arhitektonski fakultet Sarajevo, Sarajevo, ISBN: 978-9958-691-05-8 Hegger, M., Fuchs, M., Stark, T., Zeumer, M., (2008.), <i>Energy Manual</i> , <i>sustainable architecture</i> , Institut fur internationale Architektur- Dokumentation GmbH & Co KG, 2008., Minhen, ISBN: 978-3-7643- 8830-0 Henning, M., H., (2004)., <i>Solar-Assisted Air-Conditioning in Buildings</i> , Spreinger-Verlag Wien New York, Wien, ISBN: 978-3-211-73095-9 Hoghton, T., (2009.), <i>Net Zero Energy Design, a guide for commercial</i> <i>architecture</i> , Cambridge University Press, UK, ISBN: 978-1-118-01854- 5 7 Kosorić, V., (2007.), <i>Aktivni solarni sistemi, primjena u materijalizaciji</i> <i>omotača energetski efiasknih zgrada</i> , Građevinska knjiga, Novi Sad, ISBN: 978-86-395-0534-9 Radosavljević, J., M., Pavlović, T., M., Lambić, M., R., (2004.), <i>Solarna</i> <i>energetika i</i> <i>održivi razvoj</i> , Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, Beograd, ISBN: 86-395-0405-9

¹³⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹³⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

Code: 01.06.27	Title of the subject: PREFABRICATION OF LOAD-BEARING SYSTEMS			
Cycle: 2nd	Year	: 2nd	Semester: 3th	Number of ECTS credits: 10
Status: Elective		Total number of contact hours: 90 Lectures 60 Practical classes 30		
Teaching staff:		Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs- Department for Construction Systems		
Prerequisites:Second-Cycl students wh		gularly enrolled in the second year of the e Degree program. The advantage is given to o have shown an affinity for Department for a Systems subjects during their studies.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	ne practical intr research pro improving th bearing syst bearing struct		aims of this subject is the theoretical and roduction of students to the methodology of ojects that should result in the proposals for the known concepts of prefabricated load- tems. These improvements apply to load- ctures of architectural buildings with different nctional purposes.	
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking account the specificit organizational units)	This subject and prefabri systems (skel system of spo system). It in techniques of achievements tline sustainable a research that for load-bea ity of between ther and develop Through case residential b prefabricated emphasis on		ct covers all standard types of prefabrication pricated structures with different structural <i>teleton frame system, structural panel system,</i> <i>topatial structure elements, combined structural</i> introduces students to modern methods and of digital fabrication by presenting the latest nts in this area. Modern market needs for e architectural structures require additional at will modify existing and form new proposals earing elements and establish connections em, which will directly affect the improvement opment of prefabricated structures (modular buildings, modular temporary buildings, ed public, industrial buildings, etc.) with in load-bearing structures, students can choose assignments according to their affinities.	
Learning outcomes	5:	students gai	ully mastering the co n theoretical and prac	ontent of this course, tical knowledge about s and their application

	in architectural structures of various spans and functional		
	purposes.		
	Skills:		
	Ability to independently solve the concept and details of		
	prefabricated load-bearing structures, as well as the ability		
	to propose new innovative solutions and improve existing		
	prefabricated building systems regarding selected		
	materialization (concrete, steel, wood, or a combination of		
	materials) for various architectural structures.		
	Competences:		
	After completing the requirements of the course, which		
	include mastering the material presented in lectures and		
	the completed research project, the student has acquired knowledge about the methodology of research projects and		
	successfully managed the analysis and synthesis of data		
	collection. A student has focused on prefabricated		
	structures, familiar with all the advantages and		
	disadvantages of their application. They can solve various		
	prefabricated structural systems using the latest digital		
	tools and techniques, work on their improvement in		
	proposals for new types of structures, modify existing ones,		
	and independently solve and propose new details of		
	connections between connections elements.		
	Lectures include presentation of theoretical and practical		
	examples related to the field of prefabricated structures		
	using the methods of analysis, synthesis, and comparison,		
	with interactive communication between students and		
Teaching methods:	Professor. In addition, under the supervision of teaching		
	staff, the students work on preparing individual research		
	papers, which they are obliged to present several times		
	during the semester. Consultations with students related to		
	preparing research papers are performed individually in		
	terms defined by the schedule of consultations.		
Knowlodge accessment	The course grade is based on the activities during the semactor (20%) obligatory and presentations of the work		
Knowledge assessment methods with grading	semester (20%), obligatory oral presentations of the work		
structure ¹³⁷ :	during the semester (30%), and the success of the submitted research project (50%).		
	Submitted research project (5070).		
	Obligatory:		
Bibliography ¹³⁸ :	Acharya, L. (2013). FLEXIBLE ARCHITECTURE FOR THE		

¹³⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹³⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of theresults of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

DYNAMIC SOCIETIES: Reflection on a Journey from the 20th
Century into the Future. Master Theis, Tromsø: Faculty
of Humanities, Social Sciences and Education, University of
Tromsø.
Bangash, M. (2003). Structural detailing in concrete /2nd
edition/ - A comparative study of British, European
and American codes and practices. London: Thomas Telford
Publishing.
Bennett, D. (2005). THE ART OF PRECAST CONCRETE-
Colour Texture Expresion, Berlin: Birkhäuser – Publishers
for Architecture.
Bergdoll, B., Christensen, P., Broadhurst, R. (2008). <i>HOME</i>
DELIVERY: Fabrication the Modern Dwelling. New York:
Museum of modern art.
Charleson, A. (2015). <i>Structure As Architecture – A source</i>
Book for Architects and Structural Engineers. Routledge
Davies, C., (2005). <i>The Prefabricated Home</i> . London:
Reaktion Books, 2005
Durmišević, E. (2006). <i>Transformable Building Structures:</i>
Design for disassembly as a way to introduce
sustainable engineering to building design & construction .
Delft: Cedris M&CC.
Elliott, K.S. & Tovey, A.K. (1992). Precast Concrete Frame
Buildings: Design Guide. British Cement Association
Elliott, K. S. (2002). <i>Precast Concrete Structures</i> . Oxford:
Butterworth Heinemann.
Elliott, K.S., Jolly, C. (2013). <i>Multi-Storey Precast Concrete</i>
Frames Structures. Wiley-Blackwell
Gušić, I. Šljivić, A. (2015). Prefabrikacija i tehnologija
montaže. Tuzla:OFF-SET
Iwamoto, L., (2009). Digital Fabrications: Architectural and
Material Techniques. Princeton: Princeton Architectural
Press
Jenks, M., Dempsey, N. (eds) (2005). Future Forms and
Design for Sustainable Cities. Oxford: Architectural Press.
Kieran, S., Timberlake, J. (2004). <i>Refabricating</i>
Architecture: How Manufacturing Methodologies Are Poised
to Transform Building Construction. New York: McGraw-
Hill Mandamald, A.L. (2010). Structures and Aushita struct
Macdonald, A.J. (2018). Structures and Architecture.
Routledge.
Sadler, S. (2005). ARCHIGRAM: Architecture Without
Architecture. Cambridge: The MIT Press
Schneiderman, D., (2012). Inside Prefab. New York:
Princeton Architectural Press

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Smith, R.E. (2010). Prefab Architecture: A guide to Modular Design and Construction. New Yersey: John Wiley and Sons, Inc. Trivunić, M.R., Dražić J.J. (2009). Montaža betonskih konstrukcija zgrada. Novi Sad: AGM knjiga Whitehead, R. (2019). Structures by Design – Thinking, Making, Breaking. Routledge
Additional literature: Depending on the chosen topic of the Module, students will receive additional instructions for literature.





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Form SP2

ELECTIVE SUBJECTS IN 3rd SEMESTER

Code: 01.05.15	Title	itle of the subject: ARCHITECTURE AS AN ENERGY SYSTEM		
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: ELECTIVE	Status: ELECTIVE		Total number of hou Lectures Exercises Field work	urs: 30 + 0 = 30
Teaching staff				
Prerequisites:				
Aim (aims) of the subject:		system and und		architectural object) as an energy e of the relationship between the e architectural tasks.
Content:Hadrović, A. (20 Architecture of the WEEKS 1-3:(if necessary, the outline plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units)Hadrović, A. (20 Architecture of the WEEKS 1-3: SYSTEM DESCR Sources - Conver WEEKS 4-8: Architectural ob losses and ther materialization) WEEKS 9-11: Modern and futt SESSIONS 12-15		e content of compulsory textbooks: 018). Architecture as an Energy System. Sarajevo: Faculty of the University of Sarajevo. RIPTION (size and character sistsema). Energy (Significance, ntional and Unconventional, Perspectives). oject - volume ratio and boundary area (shape factor). Topline rmal gains (specific solutions to architectural elements and uristic solutions (shaping - materialization. 5: an analysis of the most reputable objects in the world that tents of the subject in a difficult way.		
Learning outcomes:		Knowledge: The student should acquire empirical knowledge that the architectural object is treated as an energy system; Skills: Students, using reference software, would be able to create energy- efficient solutions for architectural objects Competence: the student should be able to see architecture as the unity of its artistic and exemplary-empirical components.		
Teaching methods: Lectures with pr		rojections that follow the subject matter.		
Assessment metho including grading structure ¹³⁹ :	ods	Lecture tracking 5% Individual (seminary) workshop 95%		
Bibliography ¹⁴⁰ : Architecture of t Supplementary:		the University of Sarajevo.	rgy System. Sarajevo: Faculty of Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.	

¹³⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁴⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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Cook, J. (1996). Passive Cooling. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
Granjean, E. (1972). Vohnpysiologee. Zurich: Artemis.
Hadrović, A. (2008). Bioclimatic Architecture, Searching for a Path to Heaven.
North Charleston, SC: Booksurge.
Hadrović, A. (2010). Arhitektonska fizika, drugo izdanje. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski
fakultet.
Larson, R. W. (1996). Implementation of Solar Thermal Tehnology. Cambridge,
MA: MIT Press.
Matić, M. (1988). <i>Energija i arhitekura</i> . Zagreb: Školska knjiga.
Moritz, K. (1975). Pravilno i pogrešno. Belgrade: Gradjevinska knjiga.
Rudolfski, B. (1976). Arhitektura. Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga.
Journal: Texhniques et Architecture (special editions: 291/73, 315/77)
Journal: Domus, The Japan Architecture, DBZ





Code of subject: 01.02.39	NAME OF SUBJECT: DEFINING AMBIENTAL UNITS – THE OLD TOWN MUNICIPALITY (OTTOMAN PERIOD)		
Cycle : 2nd	Year of study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 6
		Total number of hou	ırs: 60
Status: ELECTIVE		Optional distribution of h Lectures 1 exercises 1 Field work 2	ours by type:
Participants	subject belo	nd associates selected in ongs / subject Area for t e and protection of arch	
Pre-requisite for enrollment:	-		
Goal (objectives) o the course:	 Historical context: Definition of the ambient units of the Ottoman period. In Bosnia and Herzegovina, this period lasted nearly five hundred years, so this subject is studied from 1463 to 1868. Theoretical context: In the form of a workshop / workshop, familiarize students with the methodology of developing research and documentation material, which is used in practice as a basis for the development of plans, projects, and as guidelines for granting urban approvals and building permits. Practical context: The goal is to provide realistic insights about the space in which there are architectural values, properly valorize and through further construction preserves, and does not degrade. 		rzegovina, this period o this subject is studied of a workshop / th the methodology of tation material, which is levelopment of plans, nting urban approvals rovide realistic insights architectural values,
Gett - Ana the en - Met Thematic units: (if necessary, the performance plan per week is determined by talking into account the specificities of the organizational units) - Gett - Met valori - Met valori - Met valori - Met valori - Gett - Gett - Gett - Dete organizational units)		ting acquainted with the alysis (research and do environment thodological approach cization of areas with v ro-Hungarian period; ting to know the location cording (technical draw ementation) termining the cause of of fining the level of interv cuidelines for the prese entation and revitalization d on the methodology b	cumentation) of part of - research, analysis, isible traces of the on on the ground vings and photo degradation; vention and determining rvation and optimal

	- Digitization of finalized documentation and creation database through their own recordings
	approved by teachers and associates.
Learning outcomes:	 Knowledge: Recognize and evaluate the technical and stylistic characteristics of the Ottoman period at all technical levels. Adoption of methodology and methodological approach to research of ambient values. Skills: Students acquire the opportunities offered by fieldwork and acquire style recognition skills through construction, materialization and details that are visible, valorized and accessible during fieldwork.
	Competences: Possibility and competence to apply all the acquired knowledge in the work on the protected architectural heritage, but also on ambient units that have not yet passed the protection process. Creating a database that will be useful for them and for all future generations.
Methods of teaching:	Possibility of field teaching depending on subject matter. Individual work with students in individual project segments. Collective work on the development of complete documentation.
Knowledge testing methods with a rating structure ¹⁴¹ :	Exercises - semester assignment - 45-90% Activity - 0-10% Final exam - 55-90%
Literature ¹⁴² :	Required: Brock, Guiliani, Moisescu, Il centro antico di Capua, Marsilio Editore, Padova, 1972. Carbonarra, G., Iole Pietrafitta Franca, Dieci Tesi di Restauro (1970-1981), Universita degli studi di Roma "La Sapienza", Roma, 1986. Chabbouh Akšamija L., Arhitektura svrhe, . Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2004. Chabbouh Akšamija L., Šabić L., Tradicionalna travnička kuća, Zavičajni muzej u Travniku, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2018. Chabbouh Akšamija L., Tradicija između autentičnosti i falsifikata, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2015.

¹⁴¹ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton
¹⁴² The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education

¹⁴² The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo

Hrasnica, M., Arhitekt: Josip Pospišil - život i djelo, Sarajevo, Arhitektonski fakultet, 2003.
Husedžinović , S., Valorizacija islamske sakralne arhiekture
Banja Luke s analizom njenog rušenja kroz povijest
(neobjavljena doktorska disertacija), Zagreb, 1997.
Krzović, I., Arhitektura BiH 1878-1918, Sarajevo,
Umjetnička galerija BiH, 1987.
Kurto, N., Arhiektura BiH, razvoj bosanskog sloga, Sarajevo,
Međunarodni centar za mir, 1998.
Marasović, T., Aktivni pristup graditeljskom nasljeđu,
Sveučilište u Splitu, Split, 1985.
Marasović, T., Zaštita graditeljskog nasljeđa, Društvo
konzervatora Hrvatske, Zagreb, 1983.
Redžić, H., Islamska umjetnost (Umjetnost na tlu
Jugoslavije), Beograd, Zagreb, Mostar, IZJ, 1975.
Redžić, H., Studije o islamskoj arhiektonskoj baštini,
Sarajevo, Svjetlost, 1983.
Sanković Simičić V., Revitalizacija graditeljske baštine, NNP naša riječ d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2000.
Schuller, M., Building Archaeology, München, ICOMOS, 2002.
Zevi, B., Znati gledati arhitekturu, Zagreb, Naklada Lukom,
2000.
Zevi, L., Il Manuale del Resauro Architettonico, Mancosu
editore, Roma, 2002.
Supplementary : In consultation with the subject professor
individually in relation to the specificity of the topic of each
individual candidate.





Code: 01.05.41	Subject title: BUILDING FINALIZATION AND DETAILS			
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of credits: 3 (according to ECTS)	
Status: ELECTIVE		Total hours: 30 (2 Optional distribution o Lectures Exercises Seminar Field work Laboratory exercises Practice Concert activities 	2/weeek)	
Teaching staff:	Teachers and Spatial plann		e scientific field "Urbanism and	
Enrolment requirements:	in the second second			
Subject objective(s	problems of so	ns to enable the student to in olving architectural details at defined space.	dependently solve the difficult all stages of the creation of	
Content: (if necessary, the weekly performance plan can be determined by considerin specificities of organizat units)	 Detail and The theor The oretic The appro- non-load elevated f details o internal details o insulation 	Function of a building envelope / obstacles and filter		
Learning outcome	approach to v facility. Unde between stru structures. Skills: Comp architecturea Competend	Knowledge: Training students for an integrated, comprehensive approach to work on the design and construction of an architectural facility. Understanding the theory of connections that are established between structural elements, as well as between constructive assembly		
Teaching methods	Lectures and	interactive discussion, wo	orking on concrete examples.	
Knowledge assessment metho with grading structure ¹⁴³ :	ds interactive cl	asses (20%), as well as the	the presence and engagement in e quality of eseys and application of the knowledge -	

¹ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

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	 Obligatory: Excerpts from readings - summary of related materials 			
	Additional:			
	• McLeod, V., Detail in Contemporary Residential Architecture,			
	Laurence King Pub., LTD, 2007.			
	• McLeod, V., Detail in Contemporary Landscape Architecture,			
	Laurence King Pub, LTD, 2008.			
Literature ¹⁴⁴ :	McLeod, V., Detail in Contemporary Timber Architecture, Laurence			
	King Pub, LTD, 2010.			
	McLeod, V., Detail in Contemporary Glass Architecture, Laurence			
	King Pub, LTD, 2011.			
	• Peulić, Đ., Konstruktivni elementi zgrada, Croatiaknjiga, Zagreb,			
	2002.;			
	• Mittag. M., Građevne konstrukcije, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd,			
	2003.			

¹⁴⁴ The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo





Code: 01.04.36	Title of the subject: ENVIRONMENT PHENOMENOLOGY			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 2
Status: Elective			Total number of hou Lectures 15	ars: 15 (1+0)
Teaching staff		Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs Field – Urbanism and spatial planning		
Prerequisites:		None.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		philosophic practical fin	al, culturological-artist ndings, valorisation o	and practice; Examining ic, phenomenological and of the global essence of
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	 practical findings, valorisation of the global essence of shaping the human environment; Urbanisam and communication (urban semiotics, urbanism and the consequence of communicating, spatial initiator of communication); Urban matrix (the nature of the matrix determinism in urbanism, urban connotation and deconnotation, urban code, urban space and its phenomenology); Urban interaction in space (urban idea historicity, kinds of urbanits, functionalism and non functionalism); Spatial relationship of the urban code (theoretical determinants, outer codex area influence - global regions – aesthetical code and transformations) Contextualism in urbanism (structuralisation of the constructed, urban language of the physical structure functional-structural growth and development temporality spatial transparency); Socio-conceptual identification of urbanity, the ideal and traces, social participation and the urban); Place phenomenology (the genius loce contextualism, global regional codes); Componentia analysis of an urban space (system rationalisation interdependence of problem causes and physical structure of a physical structure of a physical structure of an urban space (system rationalisation interdependence of problem causes and physical structure of a physical structure of a physical structure of a physical structure of an urban space (system rationalisation interdependence of problem causes and physical structure of a physical structure of physical structure of a physical structure of physical structure of physical structure of physical structure of ph		cating, spatial initiator of the nature of the matrix, rban connotation and urban space and its on in space (urban idea functionalism and non- hip of the urban code codex area influence – e and transformations); tructuralisation of the the physical structure, development temporality, ceptual identification of cial participation and the ty (the genius loci codes); Componential (system rationalisation, es and physical structure arithmetic analysis,
Learning outcomes:		Knowledge: Understanding the issues and goals – the essence and importance of shaping and reshaping the human environment. Skills: Ability to understand and parse the compositional elements of city development, observed in the synthesis of theoretical and practical knowledge; Competences: Understanding the need for critical analytical consideration of specific urban spaces, seen in the context of		

	interdependence of theoretical guidance and practical		
	applications;		
Teaching methods:	Lectures and individual consultations; Theoretical elaboration of urban phenomena in the analysis of the essence of the relationship between causes and needs for (re)shaping human living space;		
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁴⁵ :	Attendance at lectures 50%. Oral exam 50%. If students fail to achieve 50% of the maximum grade, written exam is obligatory. Students take final exam if they achieve less than 70% of the maximum grade.		
Bibliography ¹⁴⁶ :	Obligatory: Bacon, N. E, Design of Cities, M.I.T. Press, Chicago, 1978 Brolin, C. B, Arhitektura u kontekstu, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988 Colin, R, i Koetter, F, Grad kolaž, Agora, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1988 Čakarić, J, Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta, Mas Media d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2012 Hamidović, M, Kontekstualizam u urbanizmu, (Separat), Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 1998 Hamidović, M, Transformacija arhitekture grada, (Separat: Uvod, Prakticum), Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 1992 Linch, K, Slika jednog grada, Agora, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1974 Venturi, R, Složenost i protivrečnosti u arhitekturi, Agora, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1987 Additional: The same reading recommended for the elective group Urban design.		

¹⁴⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁴⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.40	Title of the subject: COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 6	
Status: Elective		Total number of	hours: 90 30 Lectures 60Exercises	
Teaching staff		and teaching assis it of design	stants affiliated to	
Prerequisites:	none			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	The aim of t type of build	-	oduce students to the specific	
Content:	deve 2. Prine 3. Class 4. Disp fabri 5. Acce 6. Type mall 7. Orga shop 8. Equi 9. Orga shop 10. Rep 11. Pher mall 12. Class 13. Exan 14. Exan 15. Visit	Idings. torical overview of the phenomenon and elopment of the trade and commercial buildings nciples of trade dynamic and development. ssification of commercial buildings. position of the commercial buildings in the urban ric. ess to the commercial buildings and their supply. les and disposition of the goods in shopping ls. anisation of the sale departments in the pping malls. tipment of the shopping malls. anisation of stairs and corridors within the pping malls presentative examples of shopping malls. nomenon and development of the shopping		
Learning outcomes:Knowledge: Acquiring specific knowledge of comme buildings and their design.Learning outcomes:Skills: Mastering skills of practical application of spec knowledge of designing commercial building. Competences: Designing commercial buildings in pr		ical application of specific ercial building.		
Teaching methods	Ex-cathedra	Ex-cathedra lectures; individual consultations, practical classes – graphical presentation.		

	Partial exams/presentation, two during semester 16% + 16%, 64% graphical assignment, Lecture Activity and			
	attendance 4% and / or final exam/final presentation 32%			
	(For those who were not satisfied with the grades on			
Assessment methods	partial exams during the semester).			
including grading				
structure ¹⁴⁷ :	The final grade of the course is based on the lecture			
	regularity of attendance, engagement on them, the quality of graphical assignment and the results of partial and / or			
	integral/final exam. For the final grade to be positive, each			
	exam segment must be evaluated positively.			
	Obligatory:			
	1. Bilalić, Sabrija: Specifičnosti u razvoju svjetskih			
	trgovačkih centara u komparaciji sa			
	pozitivnim karakteristikama Stare sarajevske			
	čaršije, Sarajevo, 2003 (magistarski rad);			
	2. Janković, Živorad: <i>Primarne, sekundarne i</i>			
	<i>tercijarne privredne djelatnosti</i> , Sarajevo, Institut za arhitekturu, urbanizam i prostorno planiranje,			
	1989;			
	3. Bilalić, Sabrija: <i>Razvoj trgovine i tgovački centri,</i>			
	skripta			
	4. Bilalić, Sabrija: <i>Robne kuće, tržnice i distributivni</i>			
	<i>centri</i> , skripta			
	5. Hocquel, Wolfgang i dr: Architectur für den Handel,			
Bibliography ¹⁴⁸ :	Basel-Boston-Berlin, Birkhauser, 1996;			
	6. Gretz, Friedrich: Läden richtig planen, Fehler			
	vermeiden, Stuttgart+Zürich, Karl Krämer Verlag,			
	2000; 7 Colomon Potor: Schonning Environments			
	7. Coleman, Peter: <i>Schopping Environments,</i> <i>Evolution, Planning and Desing</i> , London_Oxford,			
	Arcitectural Press, Elsevier, 2006, 2010;			
	······································			
	Additional:			
	8. Koolhaas Rem i dr: <i>Harvard deign school guide to</i>			
	<i>shopping,</i> Koln_London_Madrid_nev Yor, Taschen GmbH, 2000;			
	9. Gruen, Victor and Lary Smith: <i>Shopping Towns</i>			
	USA, New York, Reinhold Publishing Coropration. 1960;			

¹⁴⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁴⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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	SUBJECT description	Page 193 of 247
1		
	 10. Redstone, Louis G.: New Dimenzion Centers and Stores, New York etc., Book Company, 1973; 11. Beddington, Nadine: Shoping centr development, design and manage Butterworth-Heinemann Ltd., 1991 12. Broto, Carles: Shopping Malls, Barc 	McGraw-Hill res, retail ment , Oxford, ;
	Mostaedi, 2005; 13. Chris van Uffelen: <i>Malls & Departm</i> Braun Publishing AG, 2009.	

Γ





Code: 01.04.38	Title of the subj	ect: CONTEXTUALIS		
Couc. 01.01.50		Triad conseque	ences of redesign	
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 3	
Status: Elective		Total number of ho Lectures 15 Exercises 30	urs: 45 (1+2)	
Teaching staff	the subjec	Teachers and associates elected in the field to which the subject belongs Field – Urbanism and spatial planning		
Prerequisites:	None.			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	detection, functional city matri principles	Introduction to methods of urban transformation matrix detection, in accordance with articulation of historical and functional context; Parsing the basic premises of a unique city matrix and structuring of indicators as the basic principles of redesigning ensemble (volume, structure) and		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	Typology of forms on the contextual and form of and function city architect form; Elab relationshit Neofunction g differentiat architecture theory; Urb the basis of Analysis an world pra Conclusion environme	principles of redesigning ensemble (volume, structure) and urban functions; Criteria for levels of the city; Typology of architectural-urbanisatic structures and their forms on the basis of design theory and process within the contextualism model: changes in time, plan matrices, shape and form of physical structures, a detailed, criteria-based and functional treatment of city architecture; Elements of city architecture – a triad relationship: complex – context – form; Elaboration of the aesthetic component and the relationship towards the constructive context; Neofunctionalism and urbanism – functional and typological differentiation; A historical overview of urban character and architecture of a city, development context and urban theory; Urban and spatial consequences of interpolations on the basis of contextualism (the notion and scope levels); Analysis and comparison of the examples of domestic and world practice according to elements and plan and c) Conclusions and recommendations of ethical, aesthetical, environmental, temporal and design method in the procedure of articulation of urban practice contextualisation		
Learning outcomes	s: Skills: Abili urban spat change an	uences and urbomorph ity to create a critical an ial sequence, viewed or	ctural analysis of urban ology; alytical review of concrete n the basis of the need for e of contextualism of the	

	Competences: Ability to choose a design method in the process of new articulation of urban spatial sequences in the context of the environment;		
Teaching methods:Theoretical part (lectures and individual consultations practical part (practical classes - establishing and criteria and conducting comparative analysis of exa and procedures in the process of (re)designing urban s sequences for the purpose of making an urban project its implementation);			
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁴⁹ :	Individual work at practical classes, conversation upon completion of the assignment, final written exam for students who fail to realise the required minimum of points.		
Bibliography ¹⁵⁰ :	Obligatory: Bacon, N. E. (1978). Design of Cities. Chicago: M.I.T. Press. Brolin, C. B. (1988). Arhitektura u kontekstu (D. Jauković, Transl.). Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Colin, R., Koetter, F. (1988). Grad kolaž. Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Čakarić, J. (2012). Semantika transformacija urbo-vodnih konteksta. Sarajevo: Mas Media. Hamidović, M. (1998). Kontekstualizam u urbanizmu (separat). Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Hamidović, M. (1992). Transformacija arhitekture grada (separat: Uvod, Praktikum). Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Lynch, K. (1974). Slika jednog grada. Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Venturi, R. (1987). Složenost i protivrečnosti u arhitekturi. Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Additional: Other literature recommended in accordance with the narrow thematic determinants of the elective group.		

¹⁴⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁵⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.04.44	Title of the subj	Citle of the subject: URBAN LANDSCAPE DESIGN		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 3	
Status: ELECTIVE		Total number of hou	ırs: 30	
		type: Lectures 15, Exercises	e distribution of hours per 15, Seminar, Field work raxis, Concept activities	
	Teachers a	nd associates elected	in the field to which	
Teaching staff		t belongs [Do not enter names dicated in this section]	s in this section. Leave the	
Prerequisites:	-			
Aim (aims) of the subject:	relationship Designing ho urban functi centrality	Mastering the methodology of urban design in complex relationships of city functions and their organization in space. Designing housing settlements of different density as the basic urban function. The relationship between functions: housing and centrality		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	<i>The relation</i> <i>The division</i> <i>The relation</i> <i>housing objection</i> <i>composition</i> <i>zones; Traffi</i> <i>hierarchy, ca</i> <i>public city tr</i> <i>(vehicular, p</i> <i>the context of</i> <i>relationship</i> <i>morphology</i> <i>Open spaces</i> <i>mid-semested</i>	Urban design methodology; Planning documentation research; The relationship between housing and other urban functions; The division of housing in accordance with population density; The relationship between urban morphology, composition and housing objects' typology; Interdependence of concepts, composition and the realization of traffic in housing and contact zones; Traffic in a settlement: the basic principles, route design, hierarchy, capacity and dimensioning, profiles; Parking spaces, public city traffic, Communication corridors in a settlement (vehicular, pedestrian, mixed); Organization of settlements in the context of the housing units and accompanying content relationship; urban equipment basics and dominants of urban morphology; Reaction of the population within settlements; Open spaces in housing zones; Presentation of the concept (in mid-semester); Final presentation and discussion in front of an audience (fellow students, assistants, professors).		
Learning outcome	of the overall space as a so interaction p for the fulfilh Skills: Appl design of th	 Knowledge: Development of analytical and critical observation of the overall relations in an urban surrounding. Understanding space as a scengraphic framework for the realization of complex interaction processes between citizens and objects functioning for the fulfilment of citizens' needs. Skills: Application of landscape design methodology to the design of the overall urban landscape Competences: Landscape planning and design of urban landscape. 		
Teaching methods	Lectures – o	ral, visual, comparative le idual work on a case stud	ctures related to designing y.	

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Assessment methods including grading structure 151:Attendance and participation 30% Practical classes – case study 70% Final exam in case a student fails to achieve the require minimum of points.	
Bibliography ¹⁵² :	 Obligatory: Bacon, E. N. (1969). <i>Design of Cities</i>. London: Thames & Hudson. von Dieter, P. (1997). <i>Städtebau – Band 2: Stadtebauliches</i> <i>Gestalten</i>. Stuttgart – Berlin – Cologne: Verlag W. Kohlhammer Architektur GmbH. Gosling, M. (1984). <i>Urban</i> <i>design</i>. New York: Academy Editions, St. Martin's Press. Krier, R. (1979). <i>Urban space</i>. London: Academy editions. Lynch, K. (1974). <i>Slika jednog grada</i>. Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Norberg-Schulz, C. (1975). <i>Egzistencija, prostor</i> <i>i arhitektura</i>. Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Norberg-Schulz, C. (1979). <i>Genius loci</i>. London: Academy Editions. Sitte, C. (1967). <i>Umjetničko oblikovanje gradova</i> (Ð. Tabaković, Transl.). Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Žuljić, V. J. (1984/1990/2000). <i>Separati</i>. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Additional: Ian McHarg: "Design with Nature" (Cardell City, N. Y.: Narum! His/ory Press) 1969)

¹⁵¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁵² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.53	Title of the subject: PERSONS WITH PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT AND ARCHITECTURAL BARRIERS		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: Elective		Total number of hours: 45 15 Lectures 28 Exercises 2 Field work	
Teaching staff		nd associates elected t belongs, Department	in the field to which t of architectural design
Prerequisites:	none		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	The aim of t type of build	•	ce students to this specific
Content:	2. A his 3. Mod 4. Who 5. The 6. Philo econ 7. Legi 8. Orth cruto exos 9. The 10. The Hous 11. Livir 12. Pub 13. Publ 14. Trafi	ches, walkers, prosthe keleton basic wheelchair-relate basic and complex sing: ng room, kitchen, sanita lic objects; ic garages and parking fic means and travelling d work (visiting represe	ent d persons? npaired persons; al, ethical, medical, cts of the issue ations ices: wheelchair, cane, etics, segway-wheelchair, et normative architectural barriers ary block, bedroom g (car, train, plane, ship) entative objects)
Learning outcomes	physical im design Skills: Mast knowledge	Skills: Mastering skills of practical application of specific knowledge of designing buildings without barriers. Competences: Designing buildings without barriers in	
Teaching methods		a lectures; individual co aphical presentation.	onsultations, practical

	1		
	Partial exams, two during semester 16% + 16%, graphical assignment 64%, lecture activity and attendance 4%		
Assessment methods	and / or integral/final exam 32% (For those who were not		
	satisfied with the grades on partial exams during the		
including grading	semester).		
structure ¹⁵³ :			
	The final grade of the course is based on the lecture		
	regularity of attendance, engagement on them, the quality		
	of graphical assignment and the results of partial and / or		
	integral/final exam. For the final grade to be positive, each		
	exam segment must be evaluated positively.		
	Obligatory:		
	1. Fejzić, Emir i Irma Fejzić: Humaniziranje		
	izgrađene okoline - Osobe umanjenih tjelesnih		
	mogućnosti, Sarajevo , Arhitektonski fakultet u		
	Sarajevu, 2016; 2 Esiziá Emiri Izma Esiziá Humanizizania		
	 Fejzić, Emir i Irma Fejzić: Humaniziranje izgrađene okoline - Prostorne barijere, Sarajevo, 		
	Arhitektonski fakultet u Sarajevu,2016.		
	Additional:		
	In BCS language:		
	1. Follette Story, Molly i dr.: <i>Univerzalni dizajn /</i>		
	Dizajniranje za ljude svih godina i sposobnosti,		
	Tuzla, Informativni centar za osobe sa invaliditetom		
	"Lotos" Tuzla i The Center for Universal Design N.C.		
Bibliography ¹⁵⁴ :	USA, 2004;		
	2. Arhitektonsko-građevinski propisi za pomoć		
	<i>ljudima sa invaliditetom</i> , Doboj, Udružewe		
	paraplegičara, oboljelih od dječije paralize i ostalih		
	tjelesnih invalida regije Doboj, 2003;		
	3. Fejzić, Emir: Osobe umanjenih tjelesnih		
	sposobnosti i arhitektonske barijere , Sarajevo,		
	Arhitektonski fakultet u Sarajevu i Informativni		
	centar za osobe sa invaliditetom "Lotos" Tuzla,		
	2001;		
	4. Marić, Andreja: <i>Prostorna organizacija igre fizički</i>		
	oštećene dece u uslovima savremenog stanovanja,		
	Beograd, Institut za arhitekturu i urbanizam Srbije,		
	1979, posebno izdanje, br. 8;		

¹⁵³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁵⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

B	
5.	Potrebe invalida u zgradama , Doboj, Udruženje
	distrofičara Doboj,
In for	<u>eign languages:</u>
1.	Ackermann, Kurt i dr.: <i>Behindertengerechte</i>
	Verkehrsanlagen, Düsseldorf, Werner Verlag GmbH
	& Co. KG., 1997.
2.	Grosbois, Louis-Pierre: Handicap et construction,
	Paris, Le Moniteur, 1996 ;
3.	Stemshorn, Axel i dr.: Barrierefrei Bauen für
	Behinderte und Betagte, Leinfelden-Echterdingen,
	Verlagsanstalt Alexander Koch GmbH, 1995;
4.	Marx, Lothar: Barrierefreies Planen und Bauen für
	Senioren und behinderte Menschen,
	Stuttgart+Zürich, Karl Krämer Verlag, 1994.





Code: 01.04.35	Title of the subject: THE DEVELOPMENT AXIS – THE SPATIAL-PLANNING THEORY			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: ELECTIVE			Total number of hou	ırs: 45
			Lectures: 15 Exercises: 30	
Teaching staff			nd associates elected belongs [field – urbanisr	
Prerequisites:		none		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		Providing basic instructions about the specific and current thematic area of spatial planning. Determining elements and criteria as priorities for drafting a contemporary, planned approach in defining the basic principles of urban system development in space.		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	Definition of terms "axis of development" and "development" and key words: beginnings of the axis of development theory (linear city and theories); contemporary axis of development theories; developmental axis application possibilities worldwide and in BiH; conurbation and metropolisation as a specific form of spatial organisation. Topics treated at practical classes: Comparative graphic- analytical analysis of development in space according to the axis of development system; possibilities of developing BiH this way.		
Learning outcome	s:	Knowledge: Acquiring skills in analysing morphological- functional development of space and typologisation; Ability to prepare, process, interpret and present the data with the use of suitable qualitative and quantitative techniques. Skills: Competences:		
Teaching methods		Comparative presentations with adequate samples.		
Assessment methorincluding grading structure ¹⁵⁵ :	ods	 Semestral assignment (40%), activity (10%) and final exemine (oral and graphical presentation of the individual/group work and a critical analysis of the results) (0–50 %). 		

¹⁵⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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Bibliography ¹⁵⁶ :	Obligatory: Čaldarević, O. (1985). U Zagreb: Globus. Kečkemet, D. (1981). <i>Grad za čovjeka</i> historičara umjetnosti Hrvatske. Marinović-Uzelac, A. (2001). <i>Prostorno p</i> Dom svijet. Scargill, D. J. (1979). <i>The form of citie</i> Hyman. Supek, R. (1987). <i>Grad po mjeri čovjeka</i> . Z Žuljić, V-J. (1996). Osovine razvoja saraje Ekonomija, Sarajevo. Additional:	. Zagreb: Društvo planiranje. Zagreb: s. London: Bell & agreb: Naprijed.

¹⁵⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.06.13	Title of the sub	ject: FIRE RESISTAN	CE OF STRUCTURES
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: Elective		Total number of h Lectures Exercises Seminar	ours: 30
Teaching staff	subject be	and associates elected a longs - Multidisciplina and Fire Engineering	in the field to which the ary: Load-bearing
Prerequisites:	-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	constructi situations protection	on materials, elemen , as well as on the o n measures of archite	
Content:	History of architectu Madrid W Düsseldor Discotequ of fire. Bu Smoulder chemical i specific f developm JIS A 1304 Heat ener Flame spi materials reinforcer Fabrics. P Nylon. Pol chlorides. synthetic resistance – "Fire Sa Buildings" buildings.	protection measures of architectural structures and the relevant legislature in BiH, EU and in the world. <i>Fire as a phenomenon;</i> The notion of fire; Definition of fire. History of fire. Fire related statistics. <i>Scenario of real fires of</i> <i>architectural buildings;</i> Grenfell Tower Fire London 2017. Madrid Winsdor Tower 2005. Caracas Parque Tower 2004. Düsseldorf Airport Fire 1996. Great Fire in Göteborg Discoteque 1998. <i>Causes and ways of initiation of fire.</i> Types of fire. Burning. Heat conductivity. Flammability. Flame. Smouldering. Theoretical basics of fire. Physical and chemical interpretation of a fire initiation. Fire load and the specific fire load. Caloric value. Combustibility. Fire development theory. Standard fires: ISO 834. ASTM E 119. JIS A 1304, Parametric fire curves. Spreading of heat in fire. Heat energy transfer in fire. Spreading of flames in fire. Flame spreading speed. <i>Fire performance of construction</i> <i>materials exposed to high temperatures.</i> Steel. Concrete. Steel reinforcement. Timber. Aluminium. Cement. Lime. Gypsum. Fabrics. Plastic materials. Acrylic materials. Fluoroplastics. Nylon. Polyethylene. Polycarbonates. Polystyrene. Polyvinyl chlorides. Mineral wool. Polyurethanes. Silicon. Natural and synthetic rubber. <i>Fire resistance.</i> The notion of fire resistance. Fire resistance of structural elements. BAS TC 37 – "Fire Safety in Buildings"; CEN/TC 127 – "Fire Safety in Buildings". Fire protection measures in architectural buildings. Active and passive fire protection measures. Fire compartment. Fire door. Firewall. Ventilation channels and	

	Evacuation routes. Fire stairways. Fire roads. Emergency exits. Fire fighting. Fire hydrant network. Fire extinguishers. Sprinkler systems. Fire alarms. Emergency lighting. Fire protection measures. Legislation in BiH. Legislation in the EU.
Learning outcomes:	 Knowledge: By mastering the content of this course, students will understand the issues related to causes and spreading of fire in architectural buildings and fire performance of different kinds of structures and materials in fire situations Skills: Application of active and passive fire protection measures in buildings in design, construction and service life of the buildings Competences: Capability of analysis of fire action on the structure, fire risk and vulnerability assessment of the building and its structure by fire action
Teaching methods:	Auditory lectures and practical sessions. Every student is supposed to complete two seminar assignments, one related to the fire performance of construction materials, the other related to active and passive fire protection measures. Seminar assignments are presented by power point presentation with a follow-up discussion between candidates and moderated by the professor.
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁵⁷ :	The final grade consists of an regular attendance (max 10%), activity in lectures and discussions (max 10%), two seminar assignments with presentations (max 20% each) and Final Exam (max 40%).
Bibliography ¹⁵⁸ :	 Obligatory: Džidić, S. (2015). Otpornost betonskih konstrukcija na požar. Sarajevo: IBU; Egan, D. M. (1990). Građevinske konstrukcije i požar. Beograd: Građevinska knjiga; Hadžiselimović, E., Kleut, N. (1991). Požarna karakterizacija materijala i elemenata građevinskih konstrukcija. Sarajevo: NIRO Institut zaštite od požara i eksplozije. Additional: Džidić, S, Kovačević, I, Kozlica, S. (2017) Concrete Studies, Sarajevo IBU.

¹⁵⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁵⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.04.45	Title of the subject: RECREATION AND FREE TIME			
Cycle: 2nd		of the y: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: Elective			Total number of hou	ırs: 45
			Lectures: 15 Exercises: 30	
Teaching staff		Teachers a the subject	nd associates elected belongs	in the field to which
Prerequisites:		-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		of space in leisure, recr an understa and improve idea, throug recreation application aesthetically of which we ecological p introduce si urban envire more conter	the urban context and eation – free time. The nding of dynamics of sp ement. Supporting the gh creation of space within the urban t of contemporary f y-creative solutions for we frequently negled performances are in o tudents with the resp onment, as well as find	lements the of perception d serving the purpose of importance of developing bace, the need for changes <i>mens sana in corpore sano</i> for different kinds of issue, insisting on the functional-technical and turban design, potentials ct, especially when its question. The goal is to onsibility of creating an ing the more efficient and ng the overall life quality
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	1 Recreation put into function of spending free time; 2-3 Notion and kinds of recreation; 4-6 Recreation spaces and surfaces; 7-8 Classification of recreational space in an urban and non-urban zone; 9-10 Redefining certain urban spaces in the function of realising positive balances aimed for recreation «in the nearest surrounding»;11 Weekend recreation / types and organisation models; 12 Tourist zones and settlements with accompanying characteristics; 13 Resort-climatic-medical zones and settlements / characteristics and organisations of space; 14-15 Redefining the BROWNFIELD zones functioning for creation of a quality content: holiday, fun, sport, as well as for the purpose of satisfying cultural and other needs of the population, realised as program framework for various forms of free time.		

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Learning outcomes:	Knowledge: Through training in a specific location with which a student realizes a space relationship - a user can assume an outcome that is at the same time creation and wellbeing at the community and individual level. Skills: During the semester, a student analyzes and develops a concept with details tailored to the subject matter Competencies: The student's ability to recognize in the almost "perfect" city landscape the potential for change, and for those who will take on the necessities of a city man, who has more and more free time every day, and less and less choice of how to spend it.
Teaching methods:	Theoretical package, seminar activities, team work distributed through topics – in relation to the UP6 project, possibility of organising workshops as a form of additional encouragement.
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁵⁹ :	The grade from the subject is derived from the project -70, theoretical exam 20 and student activities-10%.
Bibliography ¹⁶⁰ :	 Obligatory: Giedion, S. (1969). Prostor, vrijeme, arhitektura. Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Hadžimurtezić, A. Sarajevo pješački grad (Master's thesis defended at the Faculty of Architecture in Sarajevo) Jenks, M. (2000). The Compact City, a Sustainable Urban Form? Nondon, New York: E & FN Spoon Press. Le Corbusier, C. J. (1974). Način razmišljanja o urbanizmu (T. Maksimović, Transl.). Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Lynch, K. (1974). Slika jednog grada. Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Marinović – Uzelac, A. (1986). Naselja, gradovi, prostori. Zagreb: Tehnička knjiga. Mc Harg I. L. (1969). Design with Nature. New York: The Natural Histry Press. Mutloch, J. L. (2000). Introduction to Landscape Design. New York: John Wiley & Sons.

¹⁵⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁶⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO -	- FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE
SUBJECT	description

Peters P. (1977). Fussgangerstadt. Munich: Callwey Press.
Robertson, M., Tugnutt, A. (1987). <i>Making Townscape.</i>
London: Batsford, Ltd.
Shirley, P., Moughtin, C. (2004). Urban Design – Green
Dimensions. London: Routledge.
Uhlig, K. (1979). Pedestrian Areas: From Malls to Complete
Networks. New York: Architectural Book Publishing
Company.
Wildermuth H. (1994). Priroda kao zadaća. Zagreb:
Državna uprava za zaštitu kulturne I prirodne baštine.
Elective: The current spatial planning and special area
protection documents; examples from the global practice
and individual projects.





Code: 01.03.45	Title of the subj	ject: FAIRGROUNDS	SAND EXHIBITIONS
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: Elective		Total number of h	nours: 45 15 Lectures 28 Exercises 2 Field work
Teaching staff		and associates elect t belongs, Departme	ed in the field to which
Prerequisites:	none		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	fairground Reasons f through hi sustainabil Students a of these ob their inte environme methodolo	and exhibition object for emergence of the storical overview, and lity nowadays. re presented with the opjects in macro and meta eractions with the ent. Students are also ogy of designing the objects	hese objects are analyzed ad their transformation and e philosophy of construction acro surrounding, as well as constructed and natural so enabled to master the bjects if this kind in practice.
Content:	 Recommended readings and terminology. Introduction to design of fairground exhibitio complexes. An overview of historical development wit domestic and international examples. An overview of historical development with analysi of domestic and international examples The complex location selection criterion. Urban dispositions of the complexes inside the micr and macro-location Zoning of the complex and analysis of require primary, auxiliary and accompanying functions. Internal and external traffic organization. Functional organization, disposition, and require functions Characteristic types and structural assemblies of a object. The right structural material selection criterion Equipment and treatment of space with an accent o efficiency, contemporary construction and safety. Shaping the internal space, the exhibition spac module – "the stand". 		

	14. Characteristic and representative examples 15. Field work (visit to the representative building)		
Learning outcomes:	 Knowledge: Acquiring specific knowledge of fairgrounds and exhibitions buildings their design. Skills: Mastering skills of practical application of specific knowledge of designing fairgrounds and exhibitions buildings. Competences: Designing complexes, i.e fairgrounds and exhibitions buildings in practice 		
Teaching methods:	Ex-cathedra lectures; practical classes – project; visting representative building		
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁶¹ :	 Partial exams, two during semester 16% + 16%, graphical assignment 64%, lecture activity and attendance 4% and / or integral/final exam 32% (For those who were not satisfied with the grades on partial exams during the semester). The final grade of the course is based on the lecture regularity of attendance, engagement on them, the quality of graphical assignment and the results of partial and / or integral/final exam. For the final grade to be positive, each exam segment must be evaluated positively. 		
Bibliography ¹⁶² :	 Obligatory: Hadrović Ahmet: Velike svjetske izložbe: arhitektura kao prethodnica budućnosti, UNSA, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2015 Marg, Volkwin: Neue Messe Leipzig / New Trade Fair Leipzig: von Gerkan, Marg und Partner 1992 1996, 1996 Dančević, Desimir: Konstruktivni sistemi u visokogradnji, Niš, Institut za dokumentaciju zaštite na radu, 1978; Additional: Schulte, Karin: Trade Fair Design Annual 2007/2008 Messedesign Jahrbuch: International (Trade Fair Design Annual: International), 2008 Morgan, Conway Lloyd: Trade Fair Design Annual 2004/2005 / Messedesign Jahrbuch 		

¹⁶¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁶² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO – FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE SUBJECT description

Form SP2

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 2004/2005: International, 2005 3. Sabine Marinescu, Janina Poesch: Trade Fair Design Annual 2008-2020, Messedesign Jahrbuch: International 4. Rile, Herman i dr.: Prostorne krovne konstrukcije,
Beograd, Građevinska knjiga, 1977;



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Code: 01.03.17	Title of the subject: TRAFFIC BUILDINGS		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 6
Status: Elective		Total number of h	ours: 60
			30 Lectures 60 Exercises
Teaching staff		s and teaching assist nt of design	ants affiliated to
Prerequisites:	none		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		f the subject is to i be of buildings.	introduce students to this
Content:	 A hi and The calc Exan A his A his A his A his A his A his Tryp Typ Typ The Calc Exan A his The Calc The <l< th=""><th>storical overview of bus passenger termin basic parts of a bus ulated dimensions; mples of representati storical overview of th storical overview of th ninals; es of railway termina an fabric; basic parts of a railwa ulated dimensions; mples of representati storical overview of a sion of airports; basic parts of an ction;</th><th>terminal, its function and ve bud terminals; ne development of railways; the development of railway als and their position in the ay terminal, its function and ve railway terminals; viation development; airport terminal and its of the basic parts of an ve airport terminals; presentative object).</th></l<>	storical overview of bus passenger termin basic parts of a bus ulated dimensions; mples of representati storical overview of th storical overview of th ninals; es of railway termina an fabric; basic parts of a railwa ulated dimensions; mples of representati storical overview of a sion of airports; basic parts of an ction;	terminal, its function and ve bud terminals; ne development of railways; the development of railway als and their position in the ay terminal, its function and ve railway terminals; viation development; airport terminal and its of the basic parts of an ve airport terminals; presentative object).
Learning outcomes	s: buildings a Skills: Mast knowledge	nd their design.	al application of specific uilding.
Teaching methods	Ex-cathedr		consultations, practical

 Bibliography¹⁶⁴: Bibliography¹⁶⁴:<th>Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁶³:</th><th>Partial exams/presentations, two during semester 16% + 16%, 64% graphical assignment 64%, Lecture Activity and attendance 4% and/or final exam/final presentation (32% (For those who were not satisfied with the grades on partial exams during the semester). The final grade of the course is based on the lecture regularity of attendance, engagement on them, the quality of graphical assignment and the results of partial and / or integral/final exam. For the final grade to be positive, each exam segment must be evaluated positively.</th>	Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁶³ :	Partial exams/presentations, two during semester 16% + 16%, 64% graphical assignment 64%, Lecture Activity and attendance 4% and/or final exam/final presentation (32% (For those who were not satisfied with the grades on partial exams during the semester). The final grade of the course is based on the lecture regularity of attendance, engagement on them, the quality of graphical assignment and the results of partial and / or integral/final exam. For the final grade to be positive, each exam segment must be evaluated positively.
Airports:	Bibliography ¹⁶⁴ :	 Additional: <u>Bus stations:</u> Tomić, Milovan: Stacionarni caobraćaj, Beograd, Saobraćajni fakultet u Beogradu, 1979; Putnik, Nikola: Autobaze i autostanice, Beograd, Saobraćajni fakultet Univerziteta u Beogradu, 1992; Railway stations: Fejzić, Emir: Pojava i razvoj željeznice i željezničkih putničkih terminala, Sarajevo/Beograd, University Press/Građevinska knjiga Beograd, 2011; Fejzić, Emir: Suvremeni željeznički putnički terminali, Sarajevo/Beograd, University Press/Građevinska knjiga Beograd, 2011; Fejzić, Emir: Funkcioniranje i proračubn željezničkih putničkih terminala, Sarajevo/Beograd, University Press/Građevinska knjiga Beograd, 2011; Fejzić, Emir: Funkcioniranje i proračubn željezničkih putničkih terminala, Sarajevo/Beograd, University Press/Građevinska knjiga Beograd, 2011; Milošević, Božidar: Željezničke stanice i čvorovi, Beograd, Saobraćajni fakultet Univerziteta u Beogradu, 1980; Railway stations in foreign languages: Ferrarini, Alessia: Railway Stations, Milano, Electa, 2005; Parissien, Steven: Station to Station, London, Phaidon - Reprinted in paperback, 2001;

¹⁶³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁶⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO – FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE	Form SP2		
SUBJECT description	Page 213 of 247		
1. Fejzić, Emir: Civilni aerodrome i aerodromski putnički terminali, Sarajevo, Arhitektonski fakultet Univerziteta u Sarajevu, 2005;Airports in foreign languages: 1. Dempsey, Paul Stephen: Airport Planning and Development Handbook, New York, McGraw-Hill. 2000.			





Code: 01.04.39	Title of the subject: TRANSFORMATION AND FUTURE ORGANISATION OF RURAL SETTLEMENTS			
Cycle: 2nd		of the y: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 2
Status: Elective		Total number of hours: 30 Lectures 15 Exercises 15		
Teaching staff		the subject	nd associates elected belongs nism and spatial plann	
Prerequisites:		None.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:		Rural territory has been, theoretically and practically, significantly neglected in the field of planning and design. Planning instructions for future redistribution of rural settlements, which are the global problem in every organised country, are logical consequence of transformations in functional organisation of the state territory. Heterogeneity and multitude of rural settlements in B&H will be especially treated because of the need for development of a rational planning documents and the correct establishment of a system for its implementations.		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	correct establishment of a system for its implementations. Introduction to the general and specific issues related to rural spatial organisation, especially to the importance of organisation and design of non-urban territories; A designation of rural agglomeration types, purpose and functions of villages in the system of settlements; Elements of rural settlement design; The notion of the village, genesis, definition and historical development; Villages in BiH, their potentials for living and rationalisation of the settlement network; Indicators and criteria for elements of recognition and organisation of settlements and crofts; Sociological- functional and spatial-organisational characteristics of regional importance; Morphological and functional consequences of types of rural settlements, influence to production and social-cultural life in the village; An overview of development of types of traditional village in BiH;		
Learning outcomes	5:	spatial organ Skills: By us the spatial	nization of the rural se ing new functional elem	ontemporary concept of ttlement; ments, the ability to solve rural settlement and

h	
	Competences: Possibility to participate in development of spatial planning documents of rural settlements;
Teaching methods:	Theoretical part (lectures and individual consultations) and practical part (practical classes - analysis and functional determination of needs for rationalization of rural systems);
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁶⁵ :	Individual work at practical classes, discussion upon handing in the assignment, final written exam for students who failed to collect the required minimum of points during classes.
Bibliography ¹⁶⁶ :	Obligatory: Cvijić, J, Balkansko poluostrvo i južnoslovenske zemlje, Zavod za udžbenike i nastavna sredstva, Beograd, 1966 Hamidović, M, Gramatika toposa Bosne, Muzej grada Zenice, 2000 (str. 79-94) Hamidović, M, Modeli eksperimentalnih sela, Društvo arhitekata i urbanista Jugoslavije, Beograd, 1985 Hamidović, M, Rurizam, Separati, Arhitektonski fakultet Sarajevo, 1988 Marinović-Uzelac, A, Prostorno planiranje, Dom i svijet, Zagreb, 2001 (str. 411-428) Simonović, Đ, Uređenje seoskih naselja, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1980 Studija .Transformacija, prostorna organizacija i uređenje ruralnih naselja u BiH, Institut za arhitekturu, urbanizam i prostorno planiranje Arhitektonskog fakulteta, Sarajevo, 1981 (Urednik i autor separatnih studija M. Hamidovi}) Trumić, A, Urbano selo., Raskršće, Svjetlost, Sarajevo, 1981 Additional: Posebna izdanja Glasnika Zemaljskog muzeja (G.Z.M.) u Sarajevu - Etnografija

¹⁶⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁶⁶ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.06.24	Title of the subject: HIGH RISE BUILDINGS IN ARCHITECTURE			
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 9
Status: ELECTIVE			Total number of hou	urs: 90 (45+45)
			Optionally elaborate the o Lectures Exercises Seminar Field work Laboratory exercises Praxis Concert activities 	distribution of hours per type:
Teaching staff	ar /D	chitectura	l construction and bui at for construction syst	
Prerequisites:		ams comp partment	oleted in previous subj	ects listed in the
Aim (aims) of the subject:High rise bu critical influ- earthquakes Getting to kr		ing the issues related t ildings in architecture, ences caused by horize s and wind. now tall objects throug d construction.	, paying attention to ontal forces of	
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	A l de str se sh str co co for of ex of Pr fac ma are eff in	A historical overview, High rise buildings in architecture development; chronology of structural growth; Influence of structural load to tall objects; principles of seismology; seismic loading; structural efficiency measures; structural shapes of high rise buildings; structural concepts; structural forms; tall objects' design in architecture; concepts and typology; materialisation; tall objects' construction technologies; inventive technologies of formwork and concrete laying – creeping formwork; examples of the constructed tall objects; comfort and safety of use of the objects from the aspect of built-in materials; Principles of construction site organisation for tall objects; facades in High rise buildings in architecture; facade materialisation; structural systems High rise buildings in architecture installation systems; tall objects' energy efficiency; reinforced concrete advantages; fire protection in tall objects; foundation work; foundation work – the ground-construction interaction.		

Learning outcomes:	Knowledge: Through the teaching process and work on the subject, students will: adopt designing and planning principles for tall objects, as well as their application in individual projects – adopt modes of expression in civil engineering; develop interest and responsibility towards the profession scientifically approach the solving of tall objects in architecture; create a database for individual work in development of blueprints; Skills: ; get to know the High rise buildings in architecture as a whole and all its important parts; Competences: to develop independence in the assignment- solving process; adopt principles of solving tall objects as architectural constructions and gain an insight into their complexity at different concrete assignments.	
Teaching methods:	Lectures: oral and presentational; conversational method, practical presentations, deliberations. Practical classes: presentations and consultations.	
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁶⁷ :	Students are assessed through a seminar assignment or preliminary design at a given topic. The preparation is conducted through lectures and practical classes, as well as on the basis of a literature list recommended by professors and assistants at the beginning of the teaching process.	
Bibliography ¹⁶⁸ :	 Obligatory: Coull, A., Smith, Stafford, B. (Eds). (1997). <i>Tall Buildings.</i> London: Pergamon Press. Hrnjić, H., Čaušević, A., & Skoko, M. (2012). <i>Otpornost materijala.</i> Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Lyn, T. Y., Stotesbury, S. (1994). <i>Structural Concepts and Systems for Architects and Engineers.</i> Hoboken, NJ: John Wiley. Lynn, S. B. (1996). <i>Advances in Tall Buildings.</i> Delhi: CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi. Taranath. B. S. (1998). <i>Structural Analysis and Design of Tall Buildings.</i> New York: Mc Graw Hill. Additional: Supplementary: In consultation with the subject professor individually in relation to the specificity of the topic of each individual candidate. 	

¹⁶⁷ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁶⁸ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.03.59	Title of the subj	ect: CULTURAL FACI	ILITIES 2
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 6
Status: Elective		Total number of h Lectures: 30 Exercises: 60	ours: 90
Teaching staff		and associates electe t belongs – Architect	ed in the field to which cural design
Prerequisites:	-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	the historic theatres ar course is b and conter sacral built for the des	cal, typological and mo nd sacral buildings. The ased on functional-org nporary tendencies in dings. Lectures provid- ign of architectural con	familiarize students with orphological character of e implementation of the ganizational determinants the design of theatres and e an expert methodology nceptual solutions for the he average complexity.
Content: (<i>if necessary, the out</i> <i>plan per week is</i> <i>determined by taking</i> <i>into account the</i> <i>specificity of</i> <i>organizational units</i>	2. Contemp sacral build configurati Urbanistic, planning o programm of architec	porary principles of or dings; 3. Spatial-functi ion of theatres and sac architectural and amb f theatres and sacral b	onal groups and spatial ral buildings; 4. bient aspects of the uildings; 5. Architectural cral buildings; 6. Analysis
Learning outcomes	Knowledg theatres ar exercises, t methodolo which the t the context Skills: Th knowledge approach t well as the contempor for presen solution. Competen architectur the averag	Knowledge: programming and architectural design of theatres and sacral buildings. Through lectures and exercises, the student will acquire knowledge about the methodology of designing spatial-functional groups by which the theatres and sacral buildings develop through the context, form, function, technology and materialization. Skills: The integration of theoretical and practical knowledge through semestral work encourages individual approach to problem solving in each individual student, as well as the development, research and use of traditional and contemporary materials and technologies. Developing skills for presentation and communication of a project design	

	simultaneously mastering the design conceptual and technical-methodological basics of architectural design.
Lectures – ex-cathedra / multimedia; In-semester engagement – individual assignments/supervised w Work in architectural design studio with presentation discussions regarding the development of architectural design concepts.	
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁶⁹ :	Students are assessed through successfully executed practical assignments (60% of the grade); (20% of the grade), Project design defense (20% of the grade).
Bibliography ¹⁷⁰ :	Obligatory: Current professional and theoretical literature in the field of architecture of theatres and sacral buildings. Picard,Q., RIBA, The Architects Handbook, Blackwell, 2002; Neufert,E., Arhitects' Data, Blackwell Science, Third Edition, 2000 De Chiara, J., Crosbie J.M., Time-Saver Standards for Building Types, McGraw-Hill – Fourt Edition, 2001 Sshmolke, B., Construction and Design Manual Theaters and Concert Halls, DOM publishers, secondedition, 2011 Stegers, R., Sacred Buildings, Design Manuals, Birkhäuser, 2011 Additional: Durmišević,E., Pašić,A., Çolakoğlu, B., Dynamic Architecture, University of Twente, 2015 Recent Architectural Magazines, Books about Architecture, Urban planinng, Urban design and Landscape, Architectural Design Manuals and Monographs of Architects

¹⁶⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁷⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.02.31	Title of the subject: ARCHITECTURAL INTERVENTIONS OF CULTURAL HERITAGE OBJECTS AND ENSEMBLES		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: ELECTIVE		Total number of hou	ırs: 30
		Lectures 15 Exercises 15	
Teaching staff	Theory and	chers and associates elected at Department for ory and History of Architecture and Protection of hitectural Heritage	
Prerequisites:	-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	The aim is to introduce students with real situations and issues of the contemporary design in a historical context, to analyse examples, observe materialization, the connection between the old and the new, as well as to examine contemporary theories in this field while working on an outline proposal for the current architectural task. Since the subject is elective, the programme is slightly changed every year to suit the content and the selected theme or location.		
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by takin into account the specificity of organizational units	ontent:1.Introducti elective cou and environ influencing (with emph urban dom architectura consistency urban proce 9/10 Theory Critical regio 11. Examp 12./13.Proje provocation		issues and topics of the oring and defining terms ctural context and design d focal points of the site site)5. Architectural and halysis of urban and hasis on the chosen site) ntinuity, urban form and ext / genius loci, zeitgeist. ntemporary regionalism - positive and negative) (dialogue, opposition, cectural interventions / al lectures, review of the
Learning outcomes: Knowledge: approaches		Knowledge of theoreti in the spatial articulati existing historical urbar	on of new structures

	Skills: Knowledge and skill of the elements that define the context / ambience, the skill of recognizing the syntax of space, and articulating contextual architectural response. Competencies: Enabling students to perceive and recognize the values of the historical and architectural context, and to adopt an argument-based approach to design in complex historical urban environments.
Teaching methods:	Interactive lectures supported by graphical presentations and the participation of students in discussions. Creating a conceptual design – the interpolation of a new structure into the existing historical tissue of a town.
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁷¹ :	Participation of students and attendance 20% (10–20) of the grade; graphical assignment 80%. Graphic work evaluation structure (analysis 15 - 25 points, concept 15 -25 points, final graphic work and presentation of 15 -30 points).
Bibliography ¹⁷² :	Obligatory: /Additional: The bibliography is individual and changes according to the practical part of the assignment. Brent Brolin, C, Arhitektura u Kontekstu IRO Građevinska knjiga, Beograd , 1985 Finch, P, Learning form Longevity, Architectural Review,200 Finch, P, The Certainty of Change, Architectural Review, 2007 Finch, P, Spanning Cultural Difference, Architectural Review, 2007, članci Forty, A, Words and buildings – A Vocabulary of Modern Architecture, Thames and Hudson, London, 2012. Liane, L, and Tzonis, A, Why Critical Regionalism Today?" In Architecture + Urbanism, May 1990. Maroevic, I, Novo u starom (New in Old), Architectural Faculty in Zagreb,1992 Norberg-Schulz, C, Genius Loci: Towards a Phenomenology of Architecture. New York: Rizzoli, 1980 Petruccioli, A, After Amnesia: Learning from the Islamic Mediterranean Urban Fabric, ICAR, University of Virginia, 2007 Rossi, A, Arhitektura grada, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd,2008. Stan, A, Points and Lines" Diagrams and Projects for the City, Princeton Architectural Press, 1999

¹⁷¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁷² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO -	FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE
SUBJECT o	description

Schmaling, S, Masked Nostalgia, Chic Regression, The Critical Reconstruction of Berlin, Harvard Design Magazine, Back issue 23, 2007 Spector, T, The Morals of Modernist Minimalism – A Provocation, Harvard Design Magazine, fall 2006/winter
2007

Code: 01.03.71	Title	of the subje	ect: SPORT BUILDING	GS
Cycle: 2nd	Vear of the		Semester: 3rd	Number of ECTS credits: 6
Status: ELECTIVE			Total number of hou	urs: 90
			Lectures 30 Exercises 90	
Teaching staff			nd associates elected belongs – Architectu	in the field to which ral design
Prerequisites:				
Aim (aims) of the subject:		historical, ty buildings. T functional-o tendencies provide an	pological and morpho he implementation of organizational determi in the design of sp expert methodologi l conceptual solutions	niliarize students with the logical character of sports f the course is based on nants and contemporary orts buildings. Lectures gy for the design of for the sports buildings of
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	<i>e</i> Contemporary principles of organizing sports disciplines; Spatial-functional groups and spatial configuration of spor buildings; 4. Urbanistic, architectural and ambient aspects the planning of sports buildings; 5. Architectur		izing sports disciplines; 3. ial configuration of sports ral and ambient aspects of dings; 5. Architectural dings; 6. Analysis of
Learning outcomes	s:	 Knowledge: programming and architectural design of sport buildings. Through lectures and exercises, the student will acquire knowledge about the methodology of designing spatial-functional groups by which the sport buildings develop through the context, form, function, technology and materialization. Skills: The integration of theoretical and practical knowledge through semestral work encourages individual approach to problem solving in each individual student, as well as the development, research and use of traditional and 		

	contemporary materials and technologies. Developing skills for presentation and communication of a project design solution. Competences: The student is able to create the conceptual architectural project of the cultural building of the average complexity, based on the integrated knowledge from several previous professional subjects, simultaneously mastering the design conceptual and technical- methodological basics of architectural design.
Teaching methods:	Lectures – ex-cathedra / multimedia; In-semester engagement – individual assignments/supervised work; Work in architectural design studio with presentations and discussions regarding the development of architectural design concepts.
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁷³ :	Students are assessed through successfully executed practical assignments (60% of the grade); Test, Presentation and project defense (40% of the grade);
Bibliography ¹⁷⁴ :	Obligatory: Hofmeister, Sandra, editor, Sports Facilities: Leisure and Movement in Urban Space, Detail Translation edition, 2019 Geraint John, Rod Sheard: STADIA A DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT GUIDE; Architectural press, 2001 Rod Sheard: SPORTS ARCHITECTURE; Spon press, London & NY, 2001 Additional: Picard, Quentin RIBA, The Architects Handbook, Blackwell, 2002; Ernest Neufert – Arhitects' Data, Blackwell Science – Third Edition, 2000

¹⁷³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁷⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





SYLLABUS FOR THE SECOND YEAR, 4th SEMESTER

ELECTIVE SUBJECTS IN 4th SEMESTER

Code of subject: 01.02.37	Name of subject: DEFINING AMBIENTAL UNITS – THE AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN PERIOD IN SARAJEVO			
Cycle : 2nd	Year of study: 2nd		Semester: 4th	Number of ECTS credits: 6
Status: ELECTIVE		Total number of hours: 60 Optional distribution of hours by type: Lectures 1 exercises 1 Field work 2		
Participants	ticipants which		the subject belongs by of architecture and p	elected in the domain to Field of theory and preservation of cultural
Pre-requisite for enrollment:	. A.			
Goal (objectives) of the course:Historical context: Defining the ambient unit Arustro-Hungarian period. Theoretical context: In the form of a workshop workshop, introduce students to the method developing research and documentation may which is used in practice as a basis for the development of plans, projects, and as guide granting urban approvals and building perm Practical context: The goal is to provide real insights about the space in which there are architectural values, properly valorize and t further construction preserves, and does no degrade.		orm of a workshop / ts to the methodology of cumentation material, a basis for the cts, and as guidelines for ad building permits. s to provide realistic which there are ly valorize and through		
- Anal the en - Meth valoriThematic units: (if necessary, the performance plan per week is determined by talking into account the specificities of the organizational units)- Anal the en - Meth valori Austro - Getti - Reco docum - Dete - Defin		ing acquainted with the selected location lysis (research and documentation) of part of nvironment hodological approach - research, analysis, ization of areas with visible traces of the ro-Hungarian period; ing to know the location on the ground ording (technical drawings and photo mentation) ermining the cause of degradation; ning the level of intervention and determining uidelines for the preservation and optimal		

	presentation and revitalization of such areas, all based on the methodology learned in previous years of studies; - Digitization of finalized documentation and creation database through their own recordings approved by teachers and associates.	
	Knowledge: The layering of this elective gives students the opportunity to acquire knowledge related to working in ambient units, to adopt differences manifested through the appearance of a new civilization circle, to learn how to use the space and ambience parameter appropriately.	
Learning outcomes:	Skills: The skills acquired so far through the acquisition of knowledge in the field of protection of the architectural heritage have the opportunity to test and apply on a given topic. The fieldwork planned in the coursework allows students to develop their skills of judging and correctly valorizing space.	
	Competences: The synthesis of prior knowledge leads to the possibility and competence to deal with the protection of the architectural heritage. Students apply their knowledge of the environment in a new environment and use their competencies in the sublimation of all prior knowledge.	
Methods of teaching:	Possibility of field teaching depending on subject matter. Individual work with students in individual project segments. Collective work on the development of complete documentation.	
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁷⁵ :	Exercises - semester assignment - 45-90% Activity - 0-10% Final exam - 55-100%	
Literature ¹⁷⁶ :	Required: Documentation of the Archives of the Commission for the Preservation of National Monuments, the Federal	

¹⁷⁵ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64.
 Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.
 ¹⁷⁶ The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education

¹⁷⁶ The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo

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	Institute for the Protection of Monuments, the
	Cantonal Institute for the Protection of Monuments,
1	the Historical Archive, the Archives of Bosnia and
	Herzegovina and other relevant institutions.Brock,
	Guiliani, Moisescu, Il centro antico di Capua, Marsilio
	Editore, Padova, 1972.
	Carbonarra, G., Iole Pietrafitta Franca, Dieci Tesi di
	Restauro (1970-1981), Universita degli studi di Roma
	"La Sapienza", Roma, 1986.
	Chabbouh Akšamija L., Tradicija između autentičnosti i
	falsifikata, Arhitektonski fakultet, Sarajevo, 2015.
	Krzović, I., Arhitektura BiH 1878-1918, Sarajevo,
	Umjetnička galerija BiH, 1987.
	Kurto, N., Arhitektura BiH, razvoj bosanskog sloga,
	Sarajevo, Međunarodni centar za mir, 1998.
	Marasović, T., Aktivni pristup graditeljskom nasljeđu,
	Sveučilište u Splitu, Split, 1985.
	Marasović, T., Zaštita graditeljskog nasljeđa, Društvo
	konzervatora Hrvatske, Zagreb, 1983.
	Sanković Simičić V., Revitalizacija graditeljske
1	baštine, NNP naša riječ d.o.o., Sarajevo, 2000.
	Schuller, M., Building Archaeology, München,
	ICOMOS, 2002.
:	Zevi, B., Znati gledati arhitekturu, Zagreb, Naklada
]	Lukom, 2000.
:	Zevi, L., Il Manuale del Resauro Architettonico,
	Mancosu editore, Roma, 2002.
	Supplementary: In consultation with the subject
	professor individually in relation to the specificity of
1	the topic of each individual candidate.





Code: 01.04.19	Subject title: ECOLOGICAL CONSEQUENCES OF URBAN ORGANISATION AND A SUSTAINABLE URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd		Semester: 4th	Number of credits: 3(according to ECTS)
Status: ELECTIVE		Total hours: 15 (1, Optional distributin of l Lectures Exercises Seminar Field work 	hours by type:	
Teaching staff:	g P	Teachers and Spatial plannin		scientific field "Urbanism and
Enrolment requirements:	Ś	e, r T		1 1
Subject objective(s	s):	Developing a comprehensive and structural understanding for and enabling students to engage in practical application of the basic principles of bioclimatic urbanism as a multidisciplinary field, primarily aimed to shape the space as a place of harmony between the architectural volume and the spatial context in which it is formed.		
Content: (if necessary, the weekly performance plan can be determined by considerin specificities of organizat units)	e ng the	constructed en urban organis process of forn urban capacity dispersed city principles of r bioclimatic urb urbanism II; S	ation concept; Elements of mation and development y of a sustainable city; City ; Urban ecosystems I; Urb econstruction of cities; Th banism I; The main factor	nonisation of natural and y components; A sustainable of bioclimatic urbanism in the of cities; Intra-urban and extra- y as an eco-system; Compact or ban ecosystems II; Ecological ne main factors of a sustainable rs of a sustainable bioclimatic bioclimatic urban development;
Learning outcome	s:	Knowledge: Students are expected to adopt certain knowledge, useful for understanding and an inventive application of principles, normative and standards of bioclimatic urbanism, for the purpose of achieving harmony between natural and constructed environment. Skills: Basic skills needed for work in multidisciplinary teams dealing with a sustainable approach to urban planning and design. Competencies: Collaborator, under guidance and supervision, on the development of spatial planning documents with a focus on sustainable development.		
Teaching methods	:	Presentation through inductive and deductive method of the basic principles of a sustainable bioclimatic urbanism for the purpose of achieving sustainable and ecologically responsible urban development.		
Knowledge assessment metho with grading structure ¹⁷⁷ :	ds	Attendance at lectures 20% Test (integrated final exam) 80%		

¹⁷⁷ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

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	Obligatory:
	• Mostafavi, M. With D. (2010) Lars Muller, co-published by Harvard
	University Graduate School of Design, Boston. USA
	• Dahlgren, S., Wamsler, C. (2009). Evaluation of the Development of the
	Sustainable City Approach. SIDA.
	Additional:
	• CEMAT. (2000). Vodeći principi za održivi prostorni razvoj evropskog
	kontinenta. (Adopted in Hanover).
	• European Commission. (1990). Green Paper on the Urban Environment.
	Brussels-Luxembourg.
	• European Commission. (1992). Urbanisation and the Functions of Cities in
	the European Community," Brussels-Luxembourg.
	• European Commission. (1994). Europe 2000+. Co-operation for European
	Territorial Development. Brussels-Luxembourg.
	• European Commission. (1996). Social and Economic Inclusion Through
	Regional Development. Brussels.
	• Hall, P. (2002). Cities of Tomorrow. An Intellectual History of Urban
	Planning and Design Since 1880. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley-Blackwell.
	• Jenks, M. (2000). <i>The Compact City, a Sustainable Urban Form?</i> London,
	New York: E & FN Spoon Press.
	• Keles R. (1989). Bios and the Urban Planning Dimensions for the Future.
	Biopolitics Athens, Greece.
Literature ¹⁷⁸ :	 Le Corbusier, C. J. (1974). Način razmišljanja o urbanizmu (T. Maksimović, Transl.). Polgrada: Građaninska knjiga.
	 Transl.). Belgrade: Gradevinska knjiga. Living Together in Harmony with Nature – Architecture for a New Age.
	Living Together in Harmony with Nature – Architecture for a New Age. Retrieved from: www.stratosphere.org
	 Lynch, K.(1991). <i>City Sense and City Design</i>. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
	 Matić, M. (1988). Energija i arhitektura. Zagreb: ITRO "Naprijed".
	 McHenry P (1998). Adobe: A Present from the Past. ICBO Code Central.
	 Neidhardt, V. (1997). <i>Čovjek u prostoru</i>. Zagreb: Školska knjiga.
	 Rapoport, A. (1977). Human Aspects of Urban Form. Oxford: Pergamon
	Press.
	• Rehnicer, R. (1991). Osnovi antropoekologije. Sarajevo: Mas/Art.
	• Simonis U., Hahn E. (1991). Ecological Urban Restructuring. Biopolitics ,
	Athens, Greece.
	• Sustainable and climate smart cities. (2008). WB: Sustainable Development
	Department.
	• Urban Identities and Regional Development. (2003). Ministry of the
	Environment EU, UI&RD, Denmark.
	 Vresk, M. (2002). Grad i urbanizacija. Zagreb: Školska knjiga.
	• Wolf, P. (1974). <i>The Future of the City</i> . New York: Whitney Library of
	Design.
	World Commission on Environment and Development (1987). Our
	<i>Common Future</i> . Oxford: Oxford University Press.
	Yeang, K. (1995). Desinging With Nature: The Ecological Basis for
	Architectural Design. New York: Mcgraw-Hill.

¹⁷⁸ The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo





Code: 01.03.25	Title of the subject: HOUSE FORM AND CULTURE		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 4th	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: ELECTIVE		Total number of	of hours: 15
		Optionally elaborat Lectures Exercises Seminar Field work Laboratory exercise Praxis Concert activities	e the distribution of hours per type:
Teaching staff		ers and associates ele	
	/Depar	rtment of architectur	al design
Prerequisites:	-		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	expression construct culture it would not with the hierarchi with facts behaviou cities lose world. In achieved house, as during a	To attract the interest of students towards the city as a cultural expression and the way of life, as well as towards the house as a typical construction, the form of which is a certain materialisation of the culture it was created in. If a house is to be observed in isolation, it would not be possible to estimate its complexity and subtle relations with the original matrix with which it forms an absolute spatial and hierarchical system. Because of that, it is necessary to present students with facts that indicate that changes in a culture, expressed through behaviour, influence the form of the house. In today's globalised world, cities lose identity, while houses are becoming identical around the world. In that respect, it is necessary to try to explain how form is achieved and what was the primary and the secondary influence to the house, as well as the motivation behind the perseverance of the form during a long time period. Elements of culturological context in preserving identity will also be discussed.	
Content: (<i>if necessary, the out</i> <i>plan per week is</i> <i>determined by taking</i> <i>into account the</i> <i>specificity of</i> <i>organizational units</i>	line with a lin through l that are a perception theoretic assignme with the l enables s to evalua Influence history an	This is an elective course in the ninth semester envisioned as a seminar with a limited number of students (15 – 20), aimed to introduce through lectures and presentation of seminar assignments house forms that are a direct expression of change of the value system, image, perception and the way of life. The seminar assignment consists of a theoretical/research activities and a minor project/practical assignment. In order to be able to understand culture and its relations with the house form, an intercultural comparison is applied, which enables students to notice constants, as well as changeable factors, and to evaluate the influence of cultural factors as form determinants. Influence of different variables to the creation of forms studied through history and different cultures, and a critical overview to the contemporary approach is also presented through adequate examples.	
Learning outcomes	Knowle specificit	edge: Students adopt theo cies, significance and influe gn of housing and public sp	

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	Skills: Students master presentation and communication skills, preparing, by planning and presenting their concepts, opinions and ideas. Competences: By successfully mastering the matter, students acquire the necessary general and professional competences related to house form and culture. General competences (instrumental, interpersonal, systematic) entail the ability to: analyse and synthesise, obtain and analyse information from different sources, understand diversity and multiculturalism, apply critical thinking, understand other countries' cultures and customs, act creatively and independently, understand social responsibility in one's own actions. Professional competences entail ability to: independently solve practical and theoretical problems in the field of housing, paying close attention to cultural context for the purpose of overcoming the practice resulting from a negative understanding of globalisation processes.
Teaching methods:	Lectures are obligatory and are organised as a combination of informative and practical teaching that entails a seminar assignment consisting of theoretical part and a project for which students pre- prepare (estimated work load is two hours a week). Students are obliged to actively participate in interactive lectures with a practical project section (minimum 80 % of the total number of the Contact hours). Scope of the seminar assignment with the project is dimensioned with regards to the class load a student is to use during the preparation of the seminar.
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁷⁹ :	In the aforementioned forms of teaching, students are continuously assessed and final grades are obtained at the end of the semester, upon the presentation of the seminar consisting of theoretical and practical architectural part.
Bibliography ¹⁸⁰ :	Obligatory: Grabrian, D., Neidhardt, J. (1957). Arhitektura Bosne i put u savremeno. Ljubljana: ČZP Ljudska pravica. Rapaport, A. (1969). House Form and Culture. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice-Hall, Inc. Additional: Norberg-Schulz, C. (1990). Stanovanje: stanište, urbani prostor, kuća (O. M. N. Karapešić, Transl.). Belgrade: Građevinska knjiga. Rapaport, A. (1977). Human aspects Urban Form. Oxford: Pergamon Press. Rapaport, A. (2005). Culture, Architecture and Design. Chicago: Locke Science Publishing Company, Inc. Schoenauer, N. (2000). 6.000 Years of Housung. New York: W.W.W. Norton & Co.

¹⁷⁹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁸⁰ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.05.24	Title of the subject: CONCEPTUALIZATION AND MATERIALIZATION OF ARCHITECTURAL DEFINED SPACE			
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd		Semester: 4th	Number of ECTS credits: 3
Status: ELECTIVE			Total number of hou Lectures Exercises Field work	urs: 30 + 0 = 30
Teaching staff				
Prerequisites:				
Aim (aims) of the subject:			dents with new tendencies (ap 1 of architecturally defined spa	pproaching) the conceptualization ice.
Content: (if necessary, the out plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificity of organizational units	g	 According to the content of compulsory textbooks: Hadrović, A. (2016). A new approach to the conceptualization and materialization of architecturally defined space. Sarajevo: Faculty of Architecture of the University of Sarajevo. WEEKS 1-3: The fundamental social imputations: "Agenda 21, the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development", "Kyoto Protocol", "Energy Policy of the European Union", "EPBD Buildings Platform: Buildings Directive "," The Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-Making and Acces to Justice in Environmental Matters, Aarhus, Denmark ". WEEKS 4-6: New Material-Response to New Architectural-Physical and Aesthetic Requirements. Traditional materials in new circuits. WEEKS 6-14: Examples of architectural ideas and realization in world practice (in the last decade). WEEK 15: Great World Exhibitions (EXPO). Exhibition pavilions, which with their conception and materialization, suggested the new possibilities of architecture. 		
Learning outcome	s:	 Knowledge: The student should become aware of the emergence of "new approaches to architecture" that have been a powerful zealot in its development, for the benefit of man. Skills: Being a student, recognizing his personality should, in solving every architectural task, be aware that architecture works for the needs of today, but also with the passion for the future, with the appreciation of proven values from the past. Competencies: Students should be able to see architecture as the unity of its artistic and exemplary-empirical components. 		
Teaching methods	5: Lectures with video presentations. Interactive teaching.			
Assessment metho including grading structure ¹⁸¹ :	ods	of a video prese the teacher. Lecture tracking	entation, and the hard-copy ve	ct is publicly defended in the form orsion of the work is submitted to
Bibliography ¹⁸² :		Required:		

¹⁸¹ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁸² The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a

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<u>г</u>	
	Hadrović, A. (2016). A new approach to the conceptualization and
	materialization of architecturally defined space. Sarajevo: Faculty of
	Architecture of the University of Sarajevo.
	Supplementary:
	Balcomb, J. D. (1992). Passive Solar Buildings, Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
	Behling, S.& S. (1996). Solar Power, The Evolution of Sustainable Architecture.
	Munich, London, New York: Prestel.
	Czalapaj, P. (2005). Contemporary Architecture and the Digital Design Process.
	Amsterdam, Boston, Sydney, Tokyo: Architectural Press.
	Gustafson, H. (1992). Building Materials Identified as Major Sources for Indoor Air
	Pollutants – A Critical Review of Case Studies. Stockholm: Byggforskningsradet,
	Swedish Council for Building Research.
	Hadrović, A. (2007). Defining Architecrural Space on the Model of the Oriental
	Style City House in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia, Montenegro, Kosovo and
	Macedonia. North Charleston, SC: Booksurge, LCC.
	Hadrović, A. (2008). Bioclimatic Architecture, Searching for a Path to Heaven.
	North Charleston, SC: Booksurge, LLC.
	Hadrović, A. (2009). <i>Hadre, The Evolution of Bioclimatic Architecture.</i> North
	Charleston, SC: Booksurge, LLC.
	Hadrović, A. (2010). Arhitektonska fizika, drugo izdanje. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski
	fakultet.
	Hadrović, A. (2010). Studije o arhitekturi i ogled o arhitekti. Sarajevo:
	Arhitektonski fakultet. (An English language version also available, entitled:
	Research study on Architecture and Overview of the Architect's Experience.)
	Hulstrom, L. (1989). Solar Resources. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
	Larson, R., West, E. (1996). Implementation of Solar Termal Technology.
	Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
	Löf, G. (1992). Active Solar Systems. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
	The Phaidon Atlas of Conteporary World Architecture, ISBN 0-7148-4312-1,
	Retrieved from: www.phaidon.com
	Vale, B.& R. (2002). The New Autonomus House, Design and Planing for
	Sustainability. London: Thames & Hudson.
	Vilson, A. (1998). Green Development. Integrating Ecology and Real Estate. New
	York, Toronto: Rocky Mountain Institute & John Wiley & Sons.
	Wines, J. (2000). Green Architecture. Cologne, London, Madrid, New York, Paris,
	Tokyo: Taschen. Retrieved from: www.taschen.com
	Winter, F. (1992). <i>Solar Collectors, Energy Storage, and Materials</i> . Cambridge, MA:
	MIT Press.
	Yeang, K. (1999). The Green Skyskraper, The Basis for Designing Sustainable
	Intesive Buildings. Munich, London, New York: Prestel.
	incesive bunuings. Municil, London, New TOTK. Flestel.

special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.





Code: 01.06.25	Title of the subject: RECONSTRUCTION OF MASONRY STRUCTURES		
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd	Semester: 4th	Number of ECTS credits: 9
Status: Elective		Total number of h	ours: 90 (45+45)
		Optionally elaborate the Lectures Exercises Seminar Field work Laboratory exercises Praxis Concert activities 	e distribution of hours per type:
Teaching staff	architectura	ll construction and b nt for construction sy	in the field/ Department of uilding technology stems / Department for
Prerequisites:	Completed exams in subjects during previous years of studying at this department.		
Aim (aims) of the subject:	To master m rise walled o		ls of intervening on high
Content: (<i>if necessary, the out</i> <i>plan per week is</i> <i>determined by taking</i> <i>into account the</i> <i>specificity of</i> <i>organizational units</i>	classification damage; Typ load-bearing detection and detection and destructive outline of and requirement assemblies a century; Cau arch ways a arch; Estimat technologica) technical pr Intervention with tradition of developing reconstruction protection in	Masonry structures reconstruction methodology and classification, causes, consequences and detection of damage; Types and characteristics of materials used in load-bearing elements of masonry structures; Methods of detection and diagnostic of materials and constructions – destructive and non-destructive methods; Disposition and outline of an object – Recommendations and regulation requirements; Types of structures, materials, structures assemblies and elements in the late 19th and early 20th century; Causes of decay, floor structures and shallow wall arch ways and methods of interventions– the Prussian arch; Estimated bill of quantities, preparatory activities, technological processes, construction site management and technical protection measures for object reconstruction; Interventions in the reconstruction of masonry structures with traditional and contemporary materials; Possibilities of developing the existing outlines during object reconstruction; Application of architectural physics in object reconstruction; Reconstruction of installations; Fire protection in masonry structures; masonry structures reconstruction examples from practice.	

Learning outcomes:	Knowledge: Through the teaching process, students will: adopt principles of intervention and their application in individual projects – adopt ways of expressing themselves in reconstruction of the masonry structure; develop interest and responsibility towards the profession; get acquainted with the masonry building as a whole, including all its important parts; scientifically approach the solving of the building construction; create a database for individual work at the development of blueprints; Skills: develop independence in solving problems; adopt principles of solving walled architectural constructions and acquire knowledge on their application at different concrete assignments. Competences: principles of intervention and their application in individual projects of reconstruction of the	
Teaching methods:	masonry structure.Lectures: oral and presentational; conversational method, practical presentations, deliberations.Practical classes: presentations and consultations.	
Assessment methods including grading structure ¹⁸³ :	Students are graded through a seminar assignment or design on a given topic. The exam is prepared through content presented at lectures and practical classes, as well as through literature recommended by professors and associates at the beginning of the course.	
Bibliography ¹⁸⁴ :	Obligatory: Čaušević, A. (2004). Konstruktivni aspekti sanacije i rekonstrukcije zidanih objekata visokogradnje. (Master's thesis defended at the Faculty of Architecture, University of Sarajevo). Čaušević, A.; Rustempašić. N. (2014). Rekonstrukcija zidanih objekata. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Hrasnica, M. (2005). Seizmička analiza zgrada. Sarjevo: Univerzitet u Sarajevu. Hrnjić, H., Čaušević, A., & Skoko, M. (2012). Otpornost materijala. Sarajevo: Arhitektonski fakultet. Jure Radić et al. (2007). Zidane konstrukcije, priručnik. Zagreb: Hrvatska sveucilisna naklada. Sorić, Z. (1999). Zidane konstrukcije I. Zagreb: Hrvatski savez gradevinskih inzenjera.	

¹⁸³ The structure of the points and the criterion for each subject shall be determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which the teaching activity is performed in accordance with Article 64. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

¹⁸⁴ The Senate of a higher education institution as an institution or a council of an organizational unit of a higher education institution as a public institution shall determine the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as the other recommended literature used for preparation and assessment of the results of the examination by a special decision which is obliged to be published on its website before the beginning of the academic year in accordance with Article 56. Paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo.

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SUBJECT of	description

Understanding Historic Building Conservation Edited by Michael Forsyth Department of Architecture and Civil Engineering,University of Bath, First published 2007 by Blackwell Publishing Ltd, ISBN: 9781405111720
Structural Aspects Of Building Conservations- Poul Beckmann and Robert Bowles, First published by McGraw-
Hill International (UK) Limited 1995, Second edition 2004
Structures and construction in historic building
conservation, Edited by Michael Forsyth, Department of
Architecture and Civil Engineering, University of Bath First
published 2007 by Blackwell Publishing Ltd ISBN:
9781405111713
Structural analysis of historical constructio-SAHC 2006, ,
Edited by P.Lourenco, C. Moddena, P. Rocca, First published
2006 by Mackmillan Publishing Ltd ISBN 10:
Additional: Supplementary: In consultation with the subject
professor individually in relation to the specificity of the topic of
each individual candidate.





Code: 01.04.28.	Subject title: SPA	ubject title: SPATIAL MANAGEMENT	
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd	Semester: 4th	Number of credits: 3 (according to ECTS)
Status: ELECTIVE		Total hours: 30 Lectures 30	
Teaching staff:		nd associates elected in nd spatial planning	the field/ Department of
Enrolment requirements:	None.		
Subject objective(s	its "types"; " Conventions policy and managemen categories of function; Th relationship construction community, as reuse of recycling (of Economic a construction	The notion of rent and s, directives and strate strategy of planning of urban land according the main notions of rent os aiming to create option n, for the benefit of the /construction and ratio space and physical so city rent, natural reso aspects of forming and ns; Reflections of the p n, metropolisation, dec	egies that concern land and spatial ation; Kinds and g to significance and and international imal preconditions for entire onal exploitation, as well structures/urban urces rent, etc.); I maintaining all rocess at a global plan:
Content: (if necessary, the weekly performance plan can be determined by considerin specificities of organizat units)	e ng the		
Learning outcomes	5: the importance students are to use them is	Keeping in mind the extent to which planning is interdisciplinary, and the importance of findings in the field of urbo-economy in the process, students are expected to connect those findings in their work and to use them in certainprojects and assignments, especially within the engagement in the urban module –Master studies	
Teaching methods	the audienc	Presentation of the matter –an interactive course, raising the audience's interest through a criticalmanoeuvrein the planning –programming –implementation plane.	
Knowledge assessment metho with grading structure ¹⁸⁵ :	ds Assessing th process; wr	ne participation level w itten exam.	vithin the interaction

¹⁸⁵ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the

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	Bašić, A. (2000). Budućnost gradova – grad za život. Okoliš, 99.
	Committee on Special Development.(1999). ESDP – European Spatial
	Development Perspective (Agreed at the Informal Council of Ministers
	responsible for Spatial Planning in Potsdam).Luxembourg: Office for Official
	Publications of the European Communities.
	Douglass, M., Friedmann, J. (1998). Citiesfor Citizens -Planning and the Rise of
	Civil Society in a Global Age.London: Wiley-Academy.
	Istanbul + 5. (2001). Declaration on Cities and other Settlements in the New
	Millenium. New York:Habitat Agenda.
	Krešić, I. (1981). Prostorna ekonomija: osnove teorije, lokacije, razmještaja
	organizacije u prostoru.Zagreb:Školska knjiga.
	Mihaljević, G. (1992). Ekonomija i grad.Belgrade: CEP.
1 :	Šoe, F.(1972). Urbanizam utopija i stvarnost.Belgrade: BIGZ.
Literature ¹⁸⁶ :	Stupar, A. (2009). Grad globalizacije –Izazovi, transformacije, simboli. Belgrade:
	ORION.ART.
	United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. (2009).Self-Made Cities. In
	Search of Sustainable Solutions for Informal Settlements in the United Nations
	Economic Commission for Europe Region.
	New York, Geneva: UnitedNations.Urbana pravila-okviri metropole, (Zagreb-
	seminari, 1996.)
	Vresk, M. (2002). Grad i urbanizacija.Zagreb: Školska knjiga.
	Vresk, M. (2002). Razvoj urbanih sistema u svijetu. Zagreb: Školska knjiga.
	Western Cape Provincial Development Council. (2000).
	Berlin Declaration on the Urban Future.Berlin: Western Cape Provincial
	Development Council.
	A summary of lectures prepared for students.
	risummary of rectar co prepared for stations.

organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton ¹⁸⁶ The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher

¹⁸⁶ The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo





VISUAL CULTURE				
Code of subject: 01.02.36.	Name of subject: VISUAL CULTURE			
Cycle: 2nd	Year: 2nd		Semester: 4th	Number of ETCS credits: 3
	-		Total number of ho	ours: 30 (15+15)
Status: ELECTIVE			Optional distribution of Lectures 15 Exeminiation 15	hours by type:
Participants		which the s	nd associates electe ubject belongs Field and preservation of	d of theory and history of
Pre-requisite for enrollment		-		
Goal (objectives) o the course:	of	Historical context: it is a science or a more precise interdisciplinary approach in which the study began relatively soon, so the historical context covers the latest phenomena and deals with them. Theoretical context: acquiring knowledge about aspects of a culture that rely on visual images. Inside contemporary culture, visual images are no longer linked exclusively to art history as an academic discipline that studies the history of fine art, but often overlap and can include: film, television, video games, comics, advertising, the Internet, and any other media code which is a crucial visual component. Practical context: Ability of students to notice certain phenomena and problems and to analyze them through the scientific process.		
Thematic units: (<i>if necessary, the</i> <i>performance plan p</i> <i>week is determined</i> <i>talking into account</i> <i>specificities of the</i> <i>organizational unit</i>	by t the	Why not art history? We are talking about visual culture; Visual perception; Role of aesthetics Critical look at certain phenomena Sociological aspect Psychological aspect Philosophy as a definition tool Exercises and consultations in the preparation of scientific work. The exercises contain the techniques and the methodology of writing a scientific article on the chosen topic. Students choose their own task.		
Learning outcome	es:	Knowledge	: Students gain know	

	and criticism. These are all areas where they have already had background information, and through the visual culture are directed towards phenomena that are still looking for their place in general education as specific. Skills: Acquiring the writing skills of a research paper using siteze as a scientific method in the sublimation of multiple scientific fields and manipulation within interdisciplinary fields. Ability to manipulate enumerated knowledge in order to draw its own conclusions.
	Competencies: Since this is a relatively young science that has its roots in aesthetics and art history, students acquire competences that allow them to evaluate the value of the elements of space offered and question their own attitude, understanding that the visual culture significantly influences the individual and the group through their own a reflection of reality.
Methods of teaching:	Lectures with projections and comparison with different methods and techniques. Work under supervision - seminar work. Clausura as a cross section of work in terms of 6th and 12th week.
Knowledge testing methods with a rating structure ¹⁸⁷ :	Seminar papers / presentations + 45-90% Activity - 0-10% Final exam - 45-90%
Literatura ¹⁸⁸ :	Required: Berger, J., Ways of Seeing, British Broadcasting Corporation and Penguin Books, London,1972. Mulvey, L., Visual Pleasure and Narrative Cinema, 1975. Hall, S., The Hippies: An American Moment, Centre for Contemporary Cultural Studies, Birmingham, 1968. Hall, S., Encoding and Decoding in the Television Discourse, Centre for Contemporary Cultural Studies, Birmingham, 1973. Hall, S., Deviancy, Politics and the Media, Centre for Contemporary Cultural Studies, Birmingham. Lyotard, JF., TRANS/formers, Lapis Press, California, 1990.

¹⁸⁷ The structure of the points and the scoring criterion for each teaching subject is determined by the councils of the organizational unit before the beginning of the academic year in which teaching in the teaching subject is carried out in accordance with Article 64, paragraph 6 of the Law on Higher Education of the Sarajevo Canton

¹⁸⁸The Senate of the higher education institution as the institution or council of the organizational unit of the higher education institution as a public institution determines the obligatory and recommended textbooks and manuals as well as other recommended literature on the basis of which it prepares and takes the exam with a special decision that it obligatory publishes on its website before the beginning of the academic year in in accordance with Article 56, paragraph 3 of the Law on Higher Education of Canton Sarajevo

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1	
	Lyotard, JF., The Assassination of Experience by Painting
	– Monory, Black Dog, London, 1998.
	Krauss, R., The Originality of the Avant-Garde and Other
	Modernist Myths., MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts,
	1985.
	Cartwright, L., Practices of Looking: An Introduction to
	Visual Cultur, Oxford University Press, 2001.
	Supplementary: In consultation with the subject
	professor individually in relation to the specificity of the
	topic of each individual candidate.

Code: 01.03.67	Title of the subject: ARCHITECTURE OF COMMONS			
Cycle: 2nd		of the y: 2nd	Semester: 4th	Number of ECTS credits: 6
Status: Elective			Total number of hours Lectures 30 Exercises 60	s 90
Participants in the teaching			l associates elected in t ngs: Architectural desig	he domain to which the n
Pre-requisite for enrollment:		None		
Goal (objectives) of the course:action within and philosop			itical, ideological, artistic, cture and urbanism, at	
Thematic units: (if necessary, the performance plan per week is determined taking into account t specificities of the organizational units	by he:	occupies a per this sense, co common goo from the mad community l different pra and cultural sphere (Ostr managed by How can arch under differe advance the	om, E. & Hess, C, 2007), the community users. hitects, landscape archi ent tensions of the conte	vate and the public. In elated to the notion of ative by shifting power tate and market to the ecture of commons has ces and housing, social systems and the digital , its resources are always tects, urban planners emporary context, erative and redistributive

	The basic thematic unit is reform - what are the possibilities of spatial transformations to improve the conditions of the built context for different micro-social groups. The architectural implications of living together are manifold. From new forms of land ownership to new typologies of collective housing, from radical care to the circular economy, and from crowdsourcing to peer-to-peer production, the common good provides an opportunity to explore prevailing practices and stimulate radical imagination. Through a series of small and large exercises, students will confront and examine different socio-spatial problems to which they will respond using different media - text, drawings, models, photographs. The proposal of transformation does not have to be in the form of an "object"- all forms of material and immaterial action in space can be considered.
	Thematic units: 1. Politics and architectural design 2. Socially engaged architectural design 3. Critical review of the valorization of contemporary architecture - inclusion of pericentric value systems 4. Redefining the role of the architect in the contemporary social context concerning the users 5. Participation of users in the process of spatial action 6. Alternative methods of architectural education 7. Alternative movements in contemporary architecture 8. Design activism 9. Methods of architectural design to achieve management of resources by the community 10. Methods of architectural design using social resources 11. Mapping Controversy 12. Case studies
Learning outcomes:	After passing the exam, the student will be able to: 1. Critically analyze spatial interventions concerning the improvement of the existing context conditions; 2. Identifies different goals of spatial design concerning users and macro-social context; 3. Valorizes architectural interventions concerning the ultimate social impact; 4. Identifies appropriate design methods to improve the specific context. Knowledge: Critical observation of the values of contemporary architecture. Possibilities of achieving social transformation

	through spatial intervention by applying the values of the		
	user.		
	Skills:		
	The use of different architectural design tools, protocols,		
	virtual and physical spaces, materiality, aesthetics, form,		
	heritage of the commons.		
	Competences:		
	Architectural design or moderation of the spatial action in the		
	following variables: 1. autonomous spaces (in which the		
	intention to survive as completely independent or parallel systems is clearly expressed); 2. experimental spaces		
	(indicating the need to change the socio-political paradigm		
	and physical space); 3. urban common goods (included in the		
	formal system of urban policies using various mechanisms of		
	ceding space, partnerships, etc.).		
	Lectures, individual practical work, teamwork on the		
Methods of teaching:	analytical part of the project, discussions, poster		
	presentations, fieldwork.		
	1. Analysis of the existing context with all social, natural,		
	and built elements with an assessment of the potential		
	impact of the newly designed solution on users; (10%)		
	2. Synthesis of results of analysis and goals of spatial		
	intervention in graphic parameters; (10%)		
	 Identification of possible design methods, and their valorization concerning the existing context, then 		
Knowledge testing	selection of the appropriate design method		
methods with	concerning the set goals of improving the context;		
assessment	(20%)		
structure ¹⁸⁹ :	4. Development of a conceptual solution for spatial		
	intervention; (40%)		
	5. Public presentation with a focus on the explanation		
	and critical evaluation of the proposed solution;		
	(10%)		
	6. Participation in the discussion on the assessment of		
	the justification of the proposed spatial interventions.		
	(10%)		
	Required:		
	 Alastair, Fuad-Luke. Design Activism. London: Earthcome 2000 		
Literature:	Earthscan, 2009.		
	 Awan, Nishat; Tatjana Schneider; i Jeremy Till. Spatial Agency: Other Ways Of Doing Architecture, uredio 		
	Nishat Awan, Tatjana Schneider i Jeremy Till. London		
	and New York: Routledge, 2011.		
L			

¹⁸⁹ Struktura bodova i bodovni kriterij za svaki nastavni predmet utvrduje vijece organizacione jedinice prije pocetka studijske godine u kojoj se izvodi nastava iz nastavnog predmeta u skladu sa clanom 64. st.6 Zakona o visokom obrazovanju Kantona Sarajevo

Form SP2 UNIVERSITY OF SARAJEVO - FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE **SUBJECT** description Page **243** of **247** Hamdi, Nabeel. Housing Without Houses: • Participation, Flexibility, Enablement. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1991. Till, Jeremy; Peter Blundell Jones. Architecture and • participation. New York: Spoon Press, 2005. Yaneva, Albena. Mapping Controversies in • Architecture. Burlington: Ashgate Publishing, 2012. • Kubey, Karen. Housing as intervention architecture towards social equity. Architectural Design. Volume 88. Supplementary: Benjamin, Walter; Ernst Bloch; Bertolt Brecht; Georg Theodor Adorno. Aesthetics and Politics. London: Verso, 1977. Ellin, Nan. Postmoderni urbanizam. Beograd: Orion • Art, 2002. Putnam, D.Robert. Kuglati sam, Slom i obnova • američke zajednice. Novi Sad: Mediterran Publishing, 2008. Cupers Kenny. Use Matters- An Alternative History of • Architecture. New York: Routledge. 2013.

Code: 01.03.70	Title of the subject: TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY FACILITIES WITHIN THE CONTEXT OF THE PROTECTION OF CULTURAL-HISTORICAL AND NATURAL HERITAGE				
Cycle: 2nd	Year of the study: 2nd		Semester: 4th	Number of ECTS credits: 6	
Status: Elective			Total number of hours 90 Lectures 30 Exercises 60		
Participants in the teaching		Teachers and associates elected in the fields to which the subject belongs – Department of Architectural Design and Department for Theory and History of Architecture and Protection of Cultural Heritage			
Pre-requisite for enrollment:		-			
Goal (objectives) of course:	fthe	Historical, built, and natural heritage are under strong pressure from new construction for the needs of tourism and hospitality. To find a way for the sustainable development of such areas, the aim of the course is to help all students improve their existing knowledge and acquire new			

	 knowledge in the following areas: Design methodologies, theory, and history of architecture, and protection of architectural and natural heritage Functional organization and interiors of tourism and hospitality facilities, such as boutique hotels, concept hotels, diffuse hotels, historical hotels, etc. Graphic processing and presentation of architectural projects Critical consideration of tourism and hospitality architecture in the context of protection and preservation of architectural heritage To develop skills, the course will focus on: Graphic processing and presentation of architectural projects
Thematic units: (if necessary, the performance plan per week is determined by taking into account the specificities of the organizational units)	 context of protection and preservation of architectural heritage. Thematic units deal with the question of: Preservation of historically and naturally valuable entities that are under the pressure of new construction for the needs of tourism and hospitality. Different types of hotels to be found within historically valuable architectural and natural units, including boutique hotels, concept hotels, diffuse hotels, and so on. Approaches to the interior design of these buildings, which are an inseparable part of both the historical and architectural and/or natural, as well as the contemporary creative context.
Learning outcomes:	 (Knowledge) After the course, students will: Distinguish between different types of tourism and catering facilities that occur within historically valuable architectural and natural units, including boutique hotels, concept hotels, diffuse and historical hotels, etc. (Skills) Students will be able to: Assess which type of hotel is appropriate to design in a given historical and/or naturally valuable environment, considering specific contextual factors. Apply the principles of architectural design, interior design, as well as the doctrine of protection and preservation of architectural heritage to the design of tourism and hospitality facilities. Apply theoretical knowledge in the field of tourism and catering and interior design to specific projects or assignments. Publicly present architectural projects.

	• Critically analyze projects in the field of tourism and		
	hospitality		
Methods of teaching:	Attendance at lectures and exercises, as well as preparation for the exercises, is mandatory. Lectures are organized as a combination of informative and interactive teaching. Students must continuously prepare for lectures and work on the exercises themselves, including reading literature, analyzing examples from practice, and creating practical graphic work. During the semester, field teaching is organized, including tours of locations. Students will analyze examples from practice, work on a semester assignment that is partly supervised and partly independent and create practical graphic work. The teaching approach of teachers and associates with students is immediate and is done with each student individually and/or in groups. During the second half of the semester, two phases of practical work in the form of graphic work are taught and evaluated. Presentations of student works are organized during the last week of classes. Students are expected to actively participate in lectures, exercises, and discussions during presentations of student works.		
Knowledge testing methods with assessment structure ¹⁹⁰ :	 Grading for the subject will follow this structure: Graphical/analytical works during the semester and presentations - 45% Activity - 10% Final graphic work - 45% The criteria for evaluating graphic works will be as follows: Correct application of theoretical knowledge in the fields of designing tourism and hospitality facilities, interior design, and the theory and history of architecture, as well as the protection of architectural and natural heritage - 60% of the graphic work grade. Complexity of the task - 20% of the graphic work grade. Level of graphic presentation (use of appropriate graphic culture and techniques in practical work) - 20% of the 		
Literature:	graphic work grade. Obligatory: Frey, T., & Ronstedt, M. (2014). Hotelbauten: Handbuch und Planungshilfe. Dom Publishers. Lawson, F.L. (2007). Hotels & Resorts: Planning, Design and Refurbishment. Butterworth Architecture. Penner, R.H., Adams, L., & Rutes, W. (2012). Hotel Design,		

¹⁹⁰ Struktura bodova i bodovni kriterij za svaki nastavni predmet utvrduje vijece organizacione jedinice prije pocetka studijske godine u kojoj se izvodi nastava iz nastavnog predmeta u skladu sa clanom 64. st.6 Zakona o visokom obrazovanju Kantona Sarajevo

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Skoru nakla Laws and F (Cate Addit Maga The A AA, T – DB2 Relev	ning and Development (2nd ed.). Rou up, J. (2020). Atomizirani hotel. Zagr ida. Federal Ministry of Environment a Herzegovina (fmoit.gov.ba) Tourism gorization, Legal framework/BiH). cional: zines dealing with tourism and hosp Architectural Review - AR, L'Architect echniques et Architecture - TA, Deut Architectural Review - AR, L'Architect bechniques et Architecture - TA, Deut Architectural Review - DB, ORIS, Č vantne arhitektonske web stranice: A gnBoom, Architectural Digest, Architectural	reb: ArTresor and Tourism - Bosnia and hospitality pitality issues: cture d'Aujourd'hui - tsche BauZeitschrift IIP, itd. ArchDaily, Dezeen,